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BROS.,

ALL STREET.

# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

TERROR IN TAMPA.

Panic-Stricken People Hurrying

From the City.

FOUR DEATHS FROM YELLOW FEVER.

How the Disease Was Introduced Severa Conflicting Reports—Quarantines Being Established, Etc.

VOL. XIX.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 8, 1887.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

Report of the General Secretary Memberahip, Receipts, Ktc.

''INNEATORIS, Minn., October 7.—At the meeting of the general assembly Knights of Labor, today, General Secretary Litchman read his report. It showed that the memberahip of the order on July ist last was 485,000, not including 50,000 in arrears. The receipts for the fiscal year, anding July 1st, were shown to be \$585,731, giving the balance on hand a grand total of \$508,647.

The general secretary makes a number of recommendations, which may be summarized a follows:

KEY WEST, Fla., October 7.—Passengers by a steamer which arrived from Tampa tonight confirm the report heretofore received of the appearance and spread of yellow fever at that place. Details show that the situation is grave and has not been exaggerated. Up to the time of the departure of the steamer last night, over 30 cases and 4 deaths were reported. A physician from St. Louis, who was detained at Tampa several days, says the wildest excitement prevailed there and a panic has seized the inhabitants. Fear of fever appears to have supplanted reason, no one seempears to have supplanted reason, no one scem-ingly knowing what treatment to adopt, and everybody, even physicians, seeking safety in dight.

stringent prohibition of the use of the name of the order or any of its symbols for business purposes.

Mrs. Lenori M. Berry, general investigator of the order, make her annual report, embracing the results of her inquiries into the conditions of working women of the country. She stated as an evidence of the cruel treatment of working women in some places, the fact that in linen thread works at Patterson, N. J., women are compelled to stand on a stone floor in water the year round, most of the time barefoot, with a spray of water from a revolving cylinder flying constantly against their breasts, and the coldest night in winter, as well as the warmest in summer, those poor creatures must go to their homes with water dripping from their underclothing along their path, because there could not be the space of a few moments allowed them to change their clothing. Pittsburg, she said, would be a good place for some to come who are constantly talking of women's sphere. Women are employed in the manufacturing of barbed wire and underground cable, in cork works, pickle factories, bakeries, sewing of all kinds, and all other branches of business at which women are employed elsewhere. She visited a large establishment there, a part of which is to be fitted up for the manufacturing of nails, at which women are to be employed.

The report of the general executive board of

manufacturing of nails, at which women are to be employed.

The report of the general executive board of the Knights of Labor says that the board has acted on 1,833 cases during the year, including requests, appeals, protests, demands, applications, queries and complaints. Most of them, however, were insignificant, and a few have any public interest.

At the afternoon session, reports were received from the committees on education and compilation of conspiracy laws. J. P. McGaughey, secretary of the co-operative board, presented its report, which makes many valuable suggestions as to the future government of the board. Various reports were turned over to the distribution committee, as were the resolutions presented by district assemblies.

Jerome Park Races.

New York, October 7.—A very inferior card at Jerome park today caused a decided falling of in attendance. Betting, however, was brisk.

First race, handicap for all ages, three-fourths of a mile, Mamie Hunt won, Stay Vesant second, Sam Harper J. third. Time, 1:17.

Second race, handicap for two-year-olds, three-fourths of a mile, Belind won easily, Omaha second, Dix Ione third. Time, 1:172.

Third race, handicap for all ages, one and one sixth miles, Ben All won Arundel second, Joc Cotton third. Time, 1:32.

Fourth race, handicap for all ages, one and three-eighth miles, Linden won, Santa Rita second, Basanio third. Time, 2:32.

Fifth race, selling allowances, one mile, Brait won, Belmont second, Nettle third. Time, 1:454.

The winner entered, to be sold for \$1,000, was bought in for \$1,105.

Sixth race, handicap steeple chase, short course, Jim McGowan won, Goldfellow second, Van Cluse third. Time, 3:18.

Latonia Park Races.

Cincinnati, October 7.—The sixth day at Latonia jockey club; fine weather, excellent track and one of the largest crowds of this meeting.

First race, purse, seven furlongs, Montreal won by a length, Malanias second, Walker third. Time 1804. Second race, one mile, Erubus won in a canter by two lengths, Estrella second, Chance third. Time

by two lengths, Estrella second, Chance third. Time 1:8.

Third race, selling purse, five furlongs, Rambier won by bill a pength, Balance second, Julia Miller third. Time 1:80.

Fourth race, free handleap, one mile and a half, one furlong, Dad and Sour Mash ran a dead heat, Mascola third. Time 1:80. The books paid Sour Mash rat of the John the Sour Mash race, Lat and Sour Mash ran of the dead heat. The book makes soil Sour Mash 1 to 3, and Dad 2 to 1 straight. Dad won the race in a gallop. Time 1:50.

Fifth race, Kimbell stakes for two year-olds, aix furlongs. Macbeth the second, won in a gallop, La dendedict second, Billy Finkerton third. Time 1:30.

Cyclonic Disturbance on the Gulf.

KEY WEST, Fla., October 7.—A strong northeasterly wind prevailed here during the day, increasing during the night. The weather is cloudy, with indications of cyclonic disturbances south of this station.

COME OVER AND TRYIT. Brave Anarchists Across the

SYMPATHIZE WITH THE CONDEMNED

Ocean

LONDON, October 7.—A meeting of anarchists and socialists was held here tonight, to protest against the execution of the death sentence in the case of the Chicago anarchists. William Morris, the poet, presided. In his speech he said that the Chicago cases showed him how soon the thin veneer of civilization over mere brutality was removed, and the human beast exposed. A man named Bartlett, of the socialist league, moved a resolution protesting against the sentence passed upon the Chicago anarchists. He was supported by several speakers. One, named Seymour, said that every anarchist at the Chicago meeting ought to have thrown a bomb at the police, and he hoped all would do so if the sentences were carried out. If he were brought before Judge Gary, he would consider it his proudest duty to rid the world of such a "villain." The resolution was carried.

#### HONORING THE VICTORS.

A Public Reception to the Owner and Designer of the Volunteer.

Boston, Mass., October 7.—A public reception was tendered by the city to General Charles J. Paine and Edward Burgess, owner and designer, respectively, of the yacht Volunteer, drew an immense crowd of people to Fancui hall tonight. The hall was filled to suffocation, and hundreds were unable to gain admission during the speaking. Above the platform were suspended three large banners, inscribed "Puritan," "Volunteer, "Mayflower," while upon the stage were elegant floral representations of the Volunteer and of the cup. Captain Haff was unable to be present, but several members of the crew of the victorious sloop were upon the platform and received much attention. Captain Crocker, who sailed the Puritan to victory against the Genesta, was forced upon the platform.

Mayor O'Brien presided, and introduced General Paine, who was greeted with prolonged cheering. The Thistie, he said, was the best boat that had been sent to win back the cup, and he had never underestimated her capabilities. He publicly expressed his thanks to Captain Haff and his crew.

Mr. Edward Burgess was then introduced, and in an exceedingly short speech expressed his appreciation of the handsome reception tendered him.

Governor Ames, ex-Mayor Prince, Dr. William Everett, Hon. Charles Levi Woodbury, Rev. E. A. Horton and Thomas J. Gorgan made short speeches of congratulalions, and Rev. Minot J. Savage read an original poem.

The throng was then permitted to pass in A Public Reception to the Owner and

inal poem.

The throng was then permitted to pass in line upon the platform and shake hands with General Paine and Mr. Burgess. Fully 9,000 people availed themselves of this opportunity.

Comment of the Press on the Lord Mayor's Trial.

DUBLIN, October 7.—The hearing of the case of William O'Brien, who was summoned for publishing accounts of the meetings of suppressed branches of the national league in United Ireland, has been adjourned.

Mr. Healy, Mr. O'Brien's counsel, applauded the magistrate's decision, and said that the court had shown itself fair minded in its disposition of the case. Mr. O'Brien was not present in court.

The Express (conservative) states that the magistrate who heard and dismissed the case of the government against Lord Mayor Sullivan for publishing in the Nation reports of meetings of suppressed branches of the national league, was fastidious in his interpretation of the law. The paper deprecates yesterday's proceedings and characterizes the result as a fiasco.

The Freeman's Journal prophesies a similar

fiasco.

The Freeman's Journal prophesies a similar result for all future attempts of the government to prevent the publication of reports of ati onal league meetings.

ed by M. Slavieoff, karavelist, in which he astacks the present system of government in Bulgaria and calls upon electors to condemn the acts of the government and rid the coun-try of its real enemies, have been seized by the

An affray has occurred in Tehoven between partisans of opposing candidates for the sob-ranje and several of the combattants were ar-

London, October 7.—The Moscow Gazette says that whatever decisions were reached at Friedrichsrhue, they will have no influence on the Bulgarian question, which is in the hands of Russia.

A Little too Rigorous.

St. Petersburg, October 7.—It is reported that M. Delianoff, minister of public instruction, has been removed from office. His rigorous exercise of his authority over stadents in the gymnasia caused general discontent among the people. The police administration was also dissatisfied, owing to the wholesale expulsion of students, hundreds of whom have been lost sight of, whose careers the police desired to follow.

Death of the Sultan of Morocco.

London, October 7.—News was received here today that the sultan of Morocco, who has been critically ill for some time, is dead. His sixteen year old son took the oath of office on his father's corpse, and has assumed government. He has appointed his favorite uncle grand vizier. England has made a proposition to the powers that they all send men of war to Morocco to protect their respective subjects there.

THE GROWING COTTON.

The Damage Sustained by the September Drought in the Memphis District.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., October 7.—The regular monthly cotton crop report for the Memphis district, which embraces west Teunessee, north Mississippi, north Arkansas and north Alabama, to be published tomorrow by Hill, Fontaine & Co., will say:

The reports of injury to the cotton crop from drought and other causes, which were given in our August statement, are fully confirmed, and there has been a slight increase reported which now estimates the damage sustained at full 23% per cent from what the yield promised on the first of July.

The weather during September was, in the main, favorable for picking, and great progress was made during September, it being astimated that up to October 40% per cent of the crop had been takered. The prospective yield throughout the district shows a material decrease. Tennessee has suffered most, and reports a decrease of Experient and Mississip of 10%—making the average decrease in prospective yield of districts, as campared with last year, of 19% per cent. Cotton is being marketed with great freedom, and the earlines of the season is evidenced by the fact that receips at Memphis are more than double those of a types, up to this period. The crop will be gathered fully say weeks earlier than the just seasons, owing to the entiting off of much of the middle, and all of the top crop.

Chartanooga, Tenn., October 7.—[Special.]
No. 6 north-bound passenger train on the
Alabama Great Southern road, due in this city
al 5:45 p. m., was thrown from the track at
Cuba, a short distance north of Meridian, this
forenom. The engine and baggage car both
turned over on their side. The cause of the

Iron for the Big Steam

ALEXANDRIA, Va., October 7.—The Arrow steamship company today closed a contract with Coats & Co., of Baltimore, for fron to be used in the construction here of the proposed five hundred and forty foot steamer "Pocahontas."

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

The Merits of the Sloper System—A Cepany in Atlanta.

"We think we have the best process making gas ever invented, and we believe it the various tests made, bear us out in flopinion."

The result.

"We think we have the best process for making gas ever invented, and we believe that the various tests made, bear us out in this opinion."

The speaker was Mr. Ira Mowery, of Jacksonville, Fla., who is with Colonel W. S. Crane, of Rome, here in the interests of the Sloper system of manufacturing gas.

The process is an extremely simple one. The gas is formed by the action of acidetated water on scrap metal, and carbonate of fime. The product is a hydrocarbon gas and the special features claimed for it are its intense heat and the strongest, most brilliant light ever produced by gas.

In Mr. Crane's room at the Markham there was on' exhibition a small model of the ranchine used in manufacturing the gas. No fire is necessary to the process, chemical heat alone being used. There is, therefore, absolutely no danger from fire. The process is automatic, making gas only as it is used, and as there is no accumulation there can be no explosion. The gas is odorous and escaping gas can be easily detected.

"Our product," said Mr. Mowery, "contains only pure hydrogen, pure carbon, and a very small proportion of carbonic acid gas, and is consequently the purest gas known."

This system is in operation in Portland, Me., Providence, Waterbury, Nashville, Birmingham, Jacksonville, and other cities, in different parts of the country, and in all, it is claimed, the very best results are obtained. It is especially adapted to small cities and towns, to private residences and manufacturing establishments. It is claimed that power, up to thirty horse power, can be furnished at less cost than steam power; also heat for all forms of heating apparatus, at less cost than coal. For all such purposes, this gas is said to be superior to coal gas.

A number of tests and comparisons with other grades of gas, have been made. One of these, by professor Henry H. Carter, of New York, shows that the gas can be manufactured at a cost of 41 cents per low of the purpose of construction and excellent workmanship of the apparatus, the endine of the sa

DROPPED DEAD ON THE STREET.

A Negro Woman Falls Down and Dies on Marietta Street Yesterday. Caroline Bird, an old negro woman, dropped dead yesterday afternoon on Marietta street, near Spring street, and her sudden death was due to heart disease.

dead yesterday afternoon on Marietta street, near Spring street, and her sudden death was due to heart disease.

The woman's death created quite an excitement for a short time.

Caroline Bird lived at 137 Luckie street, all alone, but was well known in the neighborhood in which she resided. Several weeks ago the woman was bitten by a dog she was trying to drive out of her yard. The bite was a severe one, and for several days the old woman suffered intensely. In a short time she began to improve, and a week ago was up and about again, as well apparently as usual. Day before yesterday the wound began to pain her again, although almost entirely healed, and the limb commenced swelling. Around the wound the woman, thoroughly alarmed, left her home to call upon a physician. She decided to walk, and had reached the corner of Marietta and Spring streets, when she suddenly dropped down to pick her up. Froth was coming from her mouth and her eyes were rolling about. To those who saw her it was apparent that the woman was dying, and almost before she could be laid down breath had left her body for the hast time. Coroner Haynes was notified, and after viewing the body ordered it removed to 137 Luckie street. Late in the day an inquest was held, and a verdict of death from heart disease was rendered.

THE WATER IS CLEAR NOW. Judge Hammock Talks About the Clear

Judge Hammock Talks About the Clear Water Now Flowing.

Judge C. C. Hammock, member of the water commission board, was standing at the corner of Pryor and Alabama streets yesterday morning watching the water flow from a water plug. The water was clear and pure, and came from the waterworks. The judge smiled pleasantly, and then began talking to himself, all unconscious of the presence of a faber and tab.

"Now, that certainly is clear, beautiful water," he said, "and this is the happiest moment of my life. I remember the day I was a candidate for mayor, and the building of the waterworks was the issue. The campaign crythen was:

"I am all right on the waterworks."

"That was a happy day, but this is happier.

"I am all right on the waterworks."

"That was a happy day, but this is happier. The water is not muddy now, but clear—clear as a crystal and pure as snow. I see, too, by The Constitution this morning that the supply won't be certain and regular until Monday. That's true if that pipe ain't any good. The truth is, we didn't expect to put it on regularly until the ten-foot section of pipe comes and is tried, but a trial yesterday indicates that the pipe in use will do until the other comes. If it will do, then the city will never see muddy water again."

MR. DAVIS'S VISIT.

He Writes That Sickness Alone, Can Preven

He Writes That Sickness Alone, Can Preven
Him From Coming to the State Fair.
Macox, Ga., October 7.—In order to set a<sup>®</sup>
rest, doubts expressed by many papers of MrDavis's coming to the Georgia state fair, to review the surviving confederate veterans, on
October 25th, the following letter was given
out tonignt by the president of the state fair,
Hon. W. J. Northern:

Hon. W. J. Northern:

Brauvoir, Miss., October 3.—President W. J.

Northern: My condition is not materially altered
since I had the pleasure of seeing you here, but I
have better reason to bope that it may be in may
power to attend the confederate reunion at Macon,
than I then had. It has been my sincere desire to
be present on that occasion, and it is now, as when
we met, only a question of physical ability to do sa.
I am respectfully and truly yours,

JEFFERSON DAYIS.

ACCIDENT ON THE NARROW GAUGE.

Wild Reports of Damage Done By the Disaster,
Augusta, Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—An
accident occurred on the narrow gauge road
tonight just this side of Matthews station by
which four cars of mixed train were thrown
from an embankment and overturned. Reports of every description have been circulated
throughout the city tonight in regard to the
damage and accident to person, but the railroad authorities deny the latter. The wreeking train, with President Mitchell, has gone
to the scene, and it is expected that the transfer will be made so that the passengers may
reach the city by morning. The true extent
of the damage cannot be learned tonight.

TELEGRAPH CONDENSED.

It is rumored that Lord Salisbury will shortly pay a visit to Prince Bismarck.

Extensive preparations are being made at Taria, for encamping Spanish troops.

The Paris Temps state that complete encordiale exists between France and Spain, regarding Morocco.

Owing to almost daily shocks of earthquake at Santiago Decuba, a panie has related the inhabitants, and business is almost completely supponded.

At the Home of Postmaster-Gen-

eral Vilas. A GREAT DAY FOR MADISON, WIS.

ident and Mrs. Cleveland at Wisconsin's Capital, Resting for the Trip to the Piedmont Exposition.

TAKING A REST

MILWAUKEE, October 7 .- The day opened MILWAUKEE, October 7.—The day opened bright and beautiful after a regular down-pour of rain during the night, and everything tend-ed to make the few remaining hours of the president's stay in Milwaukee of a most pleasant nature. At about 8:30 a.m. the carriages, containing the presidential party and recep-tion committee, left the Plantation house and roceeded to the Soldiers' Home, by way of the Grand Avenue and Blue Mound road. The sides of the avenue were lined with peo-ple who doffed their hats and waved their

ple who doned their hars an wave the handkerchiefs, while an occasional cheer broke forth as some enthusiastic individual caught sight of his political chief and imparted his enthusiasm to those around. When the cavalcade arrived at the Soldiers'

and saluted the president and his wife as they drove down the line and grounds, cannon on the green sward in front of the home building meanwhile booming forth a presidential salute. The time left before the departure of the train was so brief that no stop was made, and the carriages drove very rapidly through the south side of the city and up into the residence portion of the seventh ward to Lake park, where

the hardsome driveway led down to the North-western depot. A large crowd had gathered about the decorated pavilion on the platform for fully an hour before the distinguished party arrived and when the president's carriage came into view it was greeted with a round of cheers which continued until the train left the depot.

cheers which continued until the train left the depot.

The appearance of Mrs. Cleveland on the platform, was the signal for an especial outburst of enthusiasm from the ladies, who waved their handkerchiefs and parasols in accompaniment to the cheering. Mrs. Cleveland looks bright and fresh, notwithstanding the continual round of receptions and levecs which she has undergone, and smiled sweetly as she accompanied her husband to the car. Colonel Vilas was also the recipient of a burst of applause as he stepped out of his carriage and vanished into the president's car.

OFF FOR MADISON.

The train pulled out of the depot at about 10:30, nearly half an hour later than was intended. No stops are to be made between here and Madison, but the train will slow up at the larger stations in order to give the people a chance to see the president and his wife. No accident or any other disagreeable feature has interfered to mar the president's pleasure in this city, and the entire 'party were highly delighted with their treatment, and the admirable arrangements which characterized their reception and entertainment.

ARRIVALAT MADISON,

AT TABLE

AT TAB

pect to hearfily enjoy my stay here and to claway hereafter cher'sh pleasing recollections of your city and its inhabitants.

Upon the conclusion of the speech-making, the president and his family entered the capitol building, the doors of which were closed behind them for a few minutes. During this time the members of the reception committee and their wives were presented to the president and Mrs. Cleveland in the office of Governor Rusk. The crowd on the outside had in the meanwhile been informed that its only chance to meet the president this afternoon lay in the possibility of organization of some kind, and while the suggestion was not acted upon unanimously, a minority of the multitude sought places in the line. The doors were then opened, and for about two hours the people poured in. This town has a population of only 12,000 or 14,000, but the surrounding country had sent in its thousands and the reception lacked nothing in the way of numbers.

When the reception ended, Mrs. Cleveland went at once to the residence of Postmaster-General Vilas, where she spent the balance of the afternoon in restful quiet. The president was escorted by Governor Rusk and Colonel Vilas to the Dane county fair grounds, where the farmers and exhibitors had a second opportunity to see him, and after a short delay, he too, went to the Vilas mansion.

This evening Colonel and Mrs. Vilas gave a dinner to the president. It was a quite affair of twelve or lifteen covers. Among the guest were Governor and Mrs. Rusk, Chief Justice Cole and Mayor Conklin and wife, of this city. The town is gorgeously arrayed. Wherever

Camber, N. J., October 1.—A man named of the city. The town is gorgeously arrayed. Wherever room could be found upon which to stick a bit of color it has been utilized, even telegraph poles being wound with ribbons of red, white and blue. Arches cross the main streets at many corners, and Chinese lanterns, as countless as stars, swing in the fresh prairie breeze and bump the hat off the passer-by in all directions. Many of the fine private residences have unique, tasteful and sometimes costly designs upon their fronts. The growness of the Vilas mansion are brilliantly illuminated by arches of gas jets with colored globes, while in the adornment of the

house itself, nothing less costly than ribands or satin is seen. Tonight bands are playing, troops are marching and tin horns are tooting in the business streets of the town, but in the more secluded portion, where the president is domiciled, quiet reigns.

WALL STREET GOSSIP.

Concerning the Richmond Terminal Com-bination. New York, October 7.—[Special.]—In the gossip circles of Wall street to-day, there was not so much talk about the finally accomplished telegraph deal as of a threatened rumpus in the Richmond terminal management. All ears were pricked up to catch the varying reports of discord in that family. One morning paper printed a sensational paragraph on the subject this morning, and later in the day one of the Wall street's news agencies elaborated the idea, and sent it flying through the street over the tape. All the talk hinges on the one current rumor that a strong combination has been formed, including such well known men as those who are known as the First National bank party, and Bryce & Thomas, for the sole purpose of unseating Mr. Sully. This report went so far as to say that the Sully opposition would not wait until the December election, but would have a special meeting at once and put their purpose into offecs. It was further suggested that W. P. Clyde or Wm. Rockafellar would probably be Mr. Sully's successor. Mr. Sully is in Philadelphia. He telegraphs from there this afternoon: "The report is entirely erroneous. No such combination has been made. I regard most of the gentlemen named as my warm friends."

There is no doubt but that the true state of the case was overdrawn by the Sun and

I regard most of the gentlemen named as my warm friends."

There is no doubt but that the true state of the case was overdrawn by the Sun and violently exagerated by the Wall Street News agency. The real situation is this. There are sixteen directors of the Terminal, and perfect harmony among that many men is difficult to maintain. That there has been some friction cant be truthfully denied. That there has been any opposition party formed to change the present administration is not true.

As to whether or not such a party will be formed it is impossible to say. The conservative members of the board argue that any contest would probably conflict with the best interest of the company, and they are doing what they can to avert anything like the house becoming divided against itself. George S. Scott, at one time president of the Richmond and Danville railroad, now a member of the executive committee of the Terminal directory, is spoken of on all sides as leading whatever opposition there is to Mr. Sully. Besides Messrs. Clyde and Rockafeller, John H. Innau is mentioned by many as an available man for the Terminal presidency. He is largely

everybody, even physicians, seeking safety in flight.

Jacksonville, Fla., October 7.—A special from Tampa dated ten o'clock this morning, says: Physicians this morning pronounced the existence of yellow fever here. There are only two cases, both a mild type. There has been one death. People are panic stricken, the city being deserted. The fever is not likely to become epidemic for several days, if at all. There is little real cause for general alarm, as the weather is most favorable to health and early frost is anticipated.

People have been reassured by the prompt action of Duval and other county boards of health establishing a strict quarantine against Tampa and points south and west, and issuing rigid orders to isolate all persons from the infected city. Jacksonville is in a good sanitary condition. Health in Florida was never better than at present.

A cordon has been established around Tampa and several new cases of fever are reported there. There have been no deaths today and only three have originated with McKenzie, a painter, who painted a boat used in carrying departed non-residents from Key West to Egmont Key. The Tampa health board is receiving unmeasured condemnation.

The people are getting over their panic, and business is going on as usual everywhere except in Tampa. Work on the sub-tropical exposition building is approaching completion. Immigration societies are being organized all over the state. mau is mentioned by many as an available man for the Terminal presidency. He is largely interested in the property, and being a southern man adds to his fitness for the position. He is familiar with the territory of the system, and with the people of the country traversed by its various lines. George Scott says John Inman would harmonize an incongruous element, insuire new confi-Immigration societies are being organized all over the state.

The south Florida exposition at Sanford is being pushed and the whole state is looking forward to a prosperous season.

Washington, October 7.—The request of the authorities at Tampa, Fla., for permission to use the government tents at that place, has been granted by the secretary of the treasnry. Surgeon General Hamilton has telegraphed to the collector at Tampa to use every precaution to prevent the spread of the disease and to isolate the cases and notify him at once. Scott says John Inman would harmonize an incongruous element, inspire new confi-dence in the securities of the company, and give a great impetus to the conomic manage-ment of the property. In reply to this flatter-ing indorsement, Mr. Inman simply says: "I am not a candidate for the position, nor have I ever intimated to anybody that I would ac-cept it, even if it was offered to me."

Dun's Report of Business for the Past Week.

New York, October 7.—R. G. Dun & Co's. review of trade for the week ending Saturday, October 8, says:

Every condition for a marked advance in prices has now been supplied that the government or operators can control. If the advance has not come it will be clear that the locking up of capital in railroad and other buildings; in real estate operations, and in speculations of various kinds has a more depressing influence than many realize. Treasury purchases of bonds and imports of gold supply money in abundance, and milroad earnin, a continue to exceed those of last year. The treasury has paid out since the month began \$900,000 more than it has taken in, and the official statement shows that \$33,300,000 was added in September to the currency in circulation, which now exceeds by \$102,000,000, the amount one year ago. Gold continues to move from Europe and marchandise exports for five weeks from New York show an increase of 2.8 per cent against a deera a co fl.7 per cent in limports here. While cott a is going out freely, it is plain that gold would not now be canning this way, but for speculation and investment on ford a account. The iron trade is but little weakened by the enormous output which was 144,635 tons weekly on October 18, a gain of 4.3 per cent. for the month, and 18.6 per cent above the output a year ago. The best grades are still firm. Wool remains easy and dull. Cott in is a shade lower in spite of the gloomy reports sent out from some southern districts. At New Orleans an increase of 275,000 tales in the crop is estimate 1, but crops are generally disappointing, because planting and labor called for a larger yield than has been realized.

The dry goods trade shows no important change. Business failures o curring throughout the country during the last seven days, as reported to R. G. Dun & Co's. Mercantile agency, number for the United States 186; Canada 27; total 212, as against 180 for the corresponding week of last year. Casualities in the eastern and

Died While Attempting to Save Life.
CAMDEN, N. J., October 7.—A man named
O'Neil, while intoxicated, this morning staggered across the West Jersey railroad tracks
in front of an approaching train. His death
seemed almost certain when Patrick McGowan, of Philadelphia, rushed on the track
and hurled O'Xell aside, but was himself
struck by the locomotive and received injuries
which caused his death about twenty minutes
later.

Western Waterways. Memphis, October 7.—Extensive prepara-tions are being made for a convention to be held in this city on October 20th and 21st to discuss the subject of improvement of western waterways. Invitations have also been ex-tended to many prominent public men through-out the country to be present and address the convention.

Hament.

Fall River, Mass., October 7.—Sir Thomas Henry Grattan Esmonde and Arthur O'Conner, Irish members of parliament, wero given an enthusiastic reception in this city today and were greeted tonight by an immense andience at the academy of music. Over 12,000 persons were present, and Mayor Cummings presided and seated on the platform were a large number of prominent citizens and clergymen. Addresses were made by Messrs. O'Conner and Esmonde. John P. Sutton, secretary of the Irish national league of America, and others. Resolutions were adopted denouncing coercion, giving assurance of the continued sympathy for the Irish people in their present struggle, and promising support for the imprisoned patriots.

#### BY THE PEOPLE.

The House Thinks the Commissioner Should be Elected.

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Doenples the Attention of the House day-The Appropriation Out-Done-Routine Work.

Yesterday afternoon the house took up the bill amending § 1465d of the code, making the commissioner of agriculture elective by the people and considered the same.

Mr. Olive opposed the passage of the bill on the ground that its effect would be to bring the department into politics and that in so doing it would be disastrous to the department.

Mr. Atkinson favored the bill. The commissioner was a potent factor in politics now. He represented the farming class, and should be elected by the people. He commented on the fact that the commissioner paid from \$4 to \$12 per bushel for Kaffir corn, something he, Mr. Atkinson, had never heard of before; and \$1 per bashel for cotton seed.

Mr. Rickett called the yeas and mays, which was sustained, and the bill passed by yeas 108, asys 16.

Heducing the Appropriation.

The house yesterday evening took up for conderation the bill amending section 1465 f of he code, by reducing the appropriation to the lepartment of agriculture from \$10,000 to

department of agriculture from \$10,000 to \$5,000 per annum.

Mr. Calvin snoke for the committee on agriculture in favor of the bill. He called attention to the fact that the act creating the department provided a salary of \$2,000 per annum for the commissioner, and allowed him a clerk at a salary of \$1,200 a year. In addition to this there was the annual appropriation of \$10,000 and a printing fund of \$1,000. Let us see how this money is expended. For the year 1886 the expenditures were as follows: Office expenses, \$474.80; freight, \$75,07; printing, \$1,000; printing (extra), \$1,225.15; seeds purchased \$637.01; fisheries, \$7.56; postage and telegrams, \$1,600.-33; traveling expenses, \$311.87; salary of assistant commissioner. \$1,800; first clerk, \$1,500; seeond clerk, \$1,400; porter, \$400; translating "ville" \$175-a total of \$10,906.79.

Mr. Calvin argued that if the commissioner

second clerk, \$1,400; porter, \$400; translating "ville" \$175-a total of \$10,906.79.

Mr. Calvin argued that if the commissioner himself would work the business of the department could be easily transacted by an assistant commissioner and the clerk provided by law. The appropriation should be reduced \$5,000. That would leave for all purposes \$9,200. Pay the commissioner \$2,000; assistant commissioner, \$1,800; clerk, \$1,200; expend for postage and telegrams, \$800; for seeds, \$7,00; for porter, \$400; for travel, \$300; for freight, \$100; for printing, \$1,000, and there would temain \$900 for incidentals.

Mr. Calvin said he would not intimate, much less charge, any irregularities in the exponditures quoted. The gentlemen in the department had furnished the figures used.

Mr. Calvin insisted that the head of the department should do as much, if not more, work than any one of his clerks. That was business. That is what the people demand. That is what they purpose to have.

There was another fact: Between 1880 and July 1887, the department had purchased seeds to the amount of \$1,313.34. It had cest \$2,046.25 to pack and distribute those seeds.

Mr. Calvin said he was a friend of the department. He had battled for it from his first entrance into the legislature. He was still for the department, actively managed and economically conducted. He hoped the bill would pass.

The bill passed by yeas 108, nays 1—Mr.

pass.

The bill passed by yeas 108, nays 1—Mr.

Harris, of Catoosa.

Regulating the Sale of Fertilizers The house yesterday morning took up for consideration, the special order, being Mr. Candler's bill regulating the sale of fertilizers. Candler's bill regulating the sale of fertilizers. The committee on agriculture amended it in everal particulars. The amendments were

several particulars. The amendments were agreed to.

Mr. Calvin said that complaints were continually coming up from the farmers of Georgia that they received no real benefit or protection from the inspection laws now of force. The pending bill proposed to abolish the existing system and substitute in lieu thereof the license system. Under the last named system, the manufacturers of guanos would become the guarantors of the fertilizers which they put on the market. Now, the state is practically the guarantor. Under the existing system the sum of \$82,000 a year is paid by the farmers for a system of inspection in which a very large and increasing number have no faith. The present system of inspecting, analyzing and tagging costs \$14,000.

Mr. Calvin said it was objected that the

present system of inspecting, analyzing and tagging costs \$14,000.

Mr. Calvin said it was objected that the pending bill would take \$68,000 from the school fund. He declared that the house passed, a few days ago, a bill which will raise by general tax, from \$63,000 to \$70,000 per annum, for school purposes. Gentlemen seem to argue that the object of the present inspection laws is to raise a school fund. The ostemsible purpose of those laws is to afford protection to the farmers of the state. There was no reason why the farmers should be taxed for school purposes, above any other class of citizens. class of citizens.

Mr. Calvin argued that the present system

Mr. Calvin argued that the present system was expensive and unsatisfactory.
The bill indorsed by the committee on agriculture was similar to the law in operation in North Carolina. In Georgia, last year, three hundred and fity-five brands of fertilizers were affered for sale. These brands meant the same goods under three names. In North Carolina, the number of brands had been reduced to ninety. The license law, now proposed to be adopted in Georgia, had excluded from North Carolina the duplicates so common in our own state.

from North Carolina the duplicates so common in our own state.

The North Casolina report for 1886 shows that during the period 1880 to 1886 the actual cash prices paid by North Carolina farmers for fertilizers decreased twenty-five per cent, while the quality orgrade improved fourteen to sixteen per cent. The general effect of the law had been that in 1885 farmers bought for three million dollars fertilizers for which they paid four million dollars in 1880.

Mr. Calvin moved that the committee rise and recommend the passage of the bill as amended.

amended.
Mr. Hill, of Meriwether, moved that the committee rise and recommend that the bill do not pass. Lost,
Mr. West moved that the committee rise, report progress and ask leave to sit again, which prevailed by yeas 57, nays 51.
Mr. Stewart, of Rockdale, moved to refer to the committee on agriculture.

Air. Stewart, of Rockdale, moved to refer to the committee on agriculture.

Mr. McCord made the point of order that the motion was not in order.

The speaker overruled the point.

Mr. Glenn moved to recommit.

Mr. Felton, of Bibb, moved that the house resolve itself into committee of the whole, which prevailed by yeas 61, nays 44.

Mr. Glenn moved to report the bill back with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

Mr. Tate moved that the committee is not a few models.

the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

Mr. Tate moved that the committee rise and ask leave to sit again. Lost.

Mr. Glenn's motion prevailed.
On motion of Mr. Felton, the house adjourned until 2;30 p. m.

AT THE AFFERNOON SESSION.

At the afternoon session Mr. Howell moved to displace the special order, which did not prevail.

Mr. Glenn called the previous question on the hill and amendments. Lost by yeas 32, nays 72.

Mr. Glenn moved to recommit, and called for the yeas and nays. Lost by yeas 3, nays 101.

The bill failed for want of a constitutional majority. Yeas 64, nays 25.

An Experimental Station.

The bill introduced by Mr. Jones, to establish an experimental station, was considered in the house yesterday. It appropriates \$5,000.

The committee on agriculture recommended the passage.

The committee on agriculture recommended the passage.

Mr. Harrell, of Webster, moved to refer to the general judiciary committee. Lost.

Mr. Glenn moved to refer to the finance committee. Lost.

Mr. Chappeil moved to refer to the committee on corporations. Lost.

Mr. Shumake moved to refer to the committee on lunatic asylum. Lost. Yeas 14, nays 32.

Mr. Glenn renewed his motion to refer to the finance committee. The speaker ruled the motion out of order.

Mr. Felton, of Bibb, called the previous question, which was sustained. The bill failed for want of a constitutional majority, the year being 70, pays 38.

Senate Routine, In the senate yesterday the following mat-

Pringle offered a resolution that, beginning with Mouday next, the hour for convening the senate be placed at 9 o'clock instead of 10 o'clock as now. The resolution was agreed to.

OKING TO THE EXPOSITION.

Mr. Jackson offered a resolution to the effect that as the managers of the Piedmont exposition had politely extended an invitation to the senate to be present at the opening exercises, on Monday, the 10th instant, that the senate adjourn on that day at noon, in order that the members might accept the invitation, and be present on the occasion. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

CONNET PUNISHMENT.

tion was unanimously adopted.

CONNICT PUNISHMENT.

The bill providing for the punishment of convicts in Georgia was taken up, on its third-reading, being the special order of the day.

Mr. James, the antilor of the bill, took the floor, and explained at some length the previsions of the bill, the almoss it hoped to correct, and the reforms it was intended to in-

visions of the bill, the animal rect. and the reforms it was intended to inaugurate.

Mr. James said he had no maudlin sentiment in regard to convicts; he believed they should be punished, but that punishment he thought ought to be at least consistent with humanity. The records showed that in the great majority of cases the men in control of convicts as guards and whipping bosses were but raffians, conspicuous for their brutality and inhumanity. He believed in the state retaining police supervision; he did not make any charge against the lessees, but the object of the bill was to place some restrictions about the lease system as to make it impossible for brutality and inhumanity to be practiced. What was desired was humane men in office. Several law decisions were read, the nurport of which was to show that the bill would not come in couniet with the lease act.

Mr. DeJarnette moved that the bill be tabled, and that 100 copies be printed for the use of the senate. These motions were agreed to, and the bill was tabled pending in printing. BILLS PASSED.

The following bills were read the third time and passed by the regular constitutional majority;

A bill to incorporate the town of ocean City, on

jority;
A bill to incorporate the town of Ocean City, on Tybee Island, in Chathan-county.
A bill to define the hability of telegraph companies for delay in the transmission of messages and ability for a ne in certain cases.

A bill to change manner of electing trustees for

A bill to better organ loc and equip volunteer inditary of the state.

A bill for the relief of J. P. Farmer, tax collector
of Jefferson country.

A bill to amend charler of Harmony Grove, Ga.

A bill appropriating \$125 for pay of clerks employed by joint committee in investigation of Western
and Atlantic railroad matters.

A bill to amend charter of the town of Waycross.

A bill to incorporate the town of Tarver, in
Echols county.

chols county.
A bill to incorposate Atlan's Morigage Guaranty A bill to incorporate town of Belton in Banks and A bill to extend the corporate limits of Sparta, in

A bill to extend the corporate limits of Sparta, in Hancock county.

A bill for the relief of the National Life Maturity association of Washington.

A bill to authorize mayor and council of Daiton to operate and manage waterworks.

The secretary of the senate read a communication from the managers of the Piedmont exposition inclosing complimentary tickets to the opening exercises on Monday afternoon.

Shortly after noon the senate adjourned to meet again today at 10 o'clock. The issual adjournment from Friday to Monday was not had, it being the desire of the senate to attend to as much business as was possible during the few days still left of the session.

The special order being the bill to amend the charter of Atlanta so as to restrict the limits for the sale of whisky was taken up, discussed and lost.

A motion to reconsider the bill to refleve D.
H. Hubbard, ex-tax collector of Polk county,
was made, put and lost.
Mr. Stevens introduced a bill to amend the charter of Dawson.

Mr. Henry offered a resolution until otherwise ordered that debate be limited to ten minntes, except as to rule 64, relative to introduction of bills and chairmen of committees, which
was adorted.

as adopted. Mr. Candler's bill to regulate the sale of

Mr. Candler's bill to regulate the sale of commercial fertilizers, being the special order, was taken up, discussed, and lost, for want of a constitutional majority.

Several bills were passed and otherwise disposed of.

Mr. Arnheim offered a resolution, appropriating \$400 to decorate the capitol and executive mansion during President Cleveland's visit to Atlanta.

The committee on reliveeds recommended.

visit to Atlanta.

The committee on railroads recommended the passage of the following bills: incorporating the Central City street railroad, the Metropolitan street railway, the Macon City Suburban railway, Light and Power company.

The special judiciary reported favorably on the following bills: Amending the charter of Dawson, amending section 986, making it illegal to fish with a scine in the Allapaha river and its tributaries in Wilcox county. The committee recommended that the following bills be read the second time and recommitted:

committee recommended that the following bills be read the second time and recommitted: Authorizing the mayor and council of Athens to lay out and widen streets, to grade and improve streets, construct drains and severs, make assessments for water for fire purposes, to levy a tax on trades, and professions.

The committee on agriculture reported adversely on the bill repealing the stock law in the 117th and 118th districts of Hancock county. No bill repealing a stock law has been favorably reported on this session.

Mr. Ruchan introduced a bill amending the registration law in Dodge county.

Mr. Atkinson effered a resolution requesting the governor to furnish the house with an itemized statement of the expenses of the department of agriculture for the past two years, which was adopted.

A communication was received from the officers of the Piedmont exposition, enclosing tickets to the operating exercises on the 10th.

Mr. Tate offered a resolution, returning thanks to the officers of the exposition for the tickets of admission, but regretting that a press of business before the house and committees, would prevent the attendance of the house in a body. This was adopted.

Senate bills were read the first and second times.

The adverse report of the committee on the

The adverse report of the committee on the

The adverse report of the committee on the bill amending the general tax act, by striking out \$25, and inserting \$5, was agreed to, and the bill lost.

The bill to abolish the department of agriculture was recommitted, and will come back with a favorable report. The agriculturists are very much exercised over the defeat of their measures.

RECONSIDERATION.

Mr. Harrell, of Webster, moved to reconsider the bill for the relief of D. H. Hubbard, ex-tax collector of Polk county.

Mr. Harris, of Catoosa, moved to table the motion to reconsider. Lost, yeas 49, nays 50.

The motion to reconsider was advocated by Messrs. Harrell, of Webster, and Griffith, and opposed by Messrs. Tate, Dodgen and Russell, of Polk.

Mr. Russell, of Polk moved to table the motion to reconsider, upon which motion Mr. Harrell called the yeas and nays. The motion was tabled by yeas 64, nays 62.

THE SUPREME COURT

THE SUPREME COURT.

DECISIONS RENDERRIN OCTOBER 5, 1887.

Pierce vs. Atlanta Cotton Mills. Case, from City Court of Atlanta. Negligence. Master and Servant. Damages. (Before Judge Van Epps.)

Blandford, J.—1. Where suit was brought against a cotton factory company by one of its employes, to recover for an injury occasioned to the eye of the plaintiff by a shuttle, and it was alleged that the guardof the shuttle was defective, being an unsafe character of guard, and where the testimony was conflicting as to the safety of the guard, some witnesses testifying that no guard was about as safe as a guard, and others testifying that a guard of the character used was as good as one of a different character, there was no error in charging the jury as follows: "It you believe from the evidence that two kinds of shutle-guards were in general use on looms, and that ordinarily skillful people using the two kinds were divided in opinion and in their experience with them as to which was the safer, and you further believe it. in the use of ordinary and reasonable care and diligence, the defendant could have selected either of the guards for its looms, then the defendant would not be liable for damages cansed by the use of such guards on its looms."

2. A servant, to recever of a master on account of negligence, must herself be without facil. If the nightiff in this case, we herself negligent in any degree, contributing to the contraction.

-

casioning of the infary, she could not recover, even though the defendant may have been negligent.

3. There was no error in charging that "if the plaintiff could, by the exercise of ordinary cars and diligence on her part, have avoided the injury, she cannot recover, notwithstanding the defendant's negligence, if any."

4. The verdiet in this case was right; the charge of the ceurt was right; and there was no error in overruling the motion for a new trial.

Judgment affirmed.

R. E. Trippe; Morris Brandon, for plaintiff in error.

Hapkins & Glenn, for defendant.

Hopkins & Glene, for defendant.

Connoily vs. City of Atlanta. Certiforari, from Fulton. Criminal Law. Liquor. (Before-Jage Richard H. Clarks)

Illandford, J.—Where, on the trial of a person charged with violating a municipal ordinance which prohibited the keeping of spirituous and mak liquors for Illegal sale, the witnesses testified that they did not know whether or not there were any spirituous or mak liquors at the defendant's place of business, or whether or not they drapk any spirituous or malt liquors there; that they dramk a kind of beer called "New Era Beer;" that it would not intexicate; and that they could dramk any quantity of it without being made drunk; and where there was no evidence that anybody did dramk any spirituous or malt liquors there, the testimony was not sufficient to warrant a conviction. These facts appearing from the petition for a certiforari, the writshould have been granted so that the recorder could have made return of all the facts, and the propriety of the conviction could then have been determined.

Judgment reversed.

Arnold & Arnold, for blaintiff in error.

n could then have occur.
Judgment reversed.
Arnold & Arnold, for plaintiff in error.
J. B. Goodwin; J. T. Pendleton, for de-

DECISIONS RENDERED OCTOBER 7, 1887.
Hockenhull et al., ex'rs, vs. Oliver et al. Equity, from Fulton. Deeds. Title. Mortgages. (Before Judge Marshall J. Clarke.) Simmons, J.—l. On February 9, 1875. O. and his wife, by warranty deed, conveyed to I. in foe simple a lot of land, for the purpose of securing a loan of \$5,000 by I. to O., and the lender gave to the borrower a bond for title to the land. This deed was duly recorded. On January 1, 1876. O., with the consent of his wife, conveyed the same land to H. to secure the latter from loss by reason of his having become security on a promissory note, and H. also gave a bond for title to O. When H. accepted the deed, he knew of the deed to I. This deed to H. was, by agreement, withheld from record. On April 29, 1878. O. being unable to redeem the land by paying I., the latter, without having any notice of the deed which had been made to H., paid \$3,500 in addition to the amount previously advanced, the bond for title was surrendered, and I. took from O. a second deed, conveying all of the right, title and interest of the grantor in the land, to have and to hold the same, with all of its rights, members and appurtenances, in fee simple, and containing a warranty against the grantor and all persons claiming under him. This deed was recorded May 6, 1878. The value of the property was from \$7,500 to \$8,000. H. recorded his deed on November 11, 1873, and having paid the note on which he was security, sought to foreclose the deed as an equitable mortgage:

Held, that, after the making of the first deed to I. the only right or interest which the DECISIONS RENDERED OCTOBER 7, 1887.

was security, sought to foreclose the deed as an equitable mertgage:
Held, that, after the making of the first deed to L, the only right or interest which the debtor had in the land was the right to redeem it by the payment of the borrowed money; and upon the making of the second deed, the title of L became perfect and was not subject to the debt to H.

(a.) There is some doubt as to whether a person who huys land and takes only a quit claim title can be an innocent purchaser, but the question is not now decided.

2. Where an owner of land conveyed it by warranty deed for the purpose of securing an

2. Where an owner of land conveyed it by warranty deed for the purpose of securing an indebtedness, and took a bond for title from his creditor, the interest which the debtor had in the land was the right to redeem it; and where subsequently he made a second deed to his creditor for a valuable consideration, conveying all his right, title and interest in and to the property, and warranting it against himself and any person claiming under him, this was a sufficient deed to vest the absolute title in the grantee; and it was not void because it did not describe the amount of interest that the granter had in the land.

3. Such a deed, being recorded in time, takes proceedence over a senior deed not recorded in time and not then fecorded. Code, 52705.

Judgment affirmed. Geo. N. & D. P. Lester, for plaintiff in er

W. D. Ellis; J. R. Gray, for defendants.

Falvey, for use, vs. Jones. Foreclosure of mortgage, from Fulton Service. Process, (Before Judge Marshall J. Clarke.)
Simmons, J.—A. rule nist to foreclose a mortgage on land must be served by the sheriff. Service thereof by an unofficial person is not legal.

not legal. §361. Judgment affirmed. Broyles & Johnston, for plaintiff in er-

No appearance for defendant.

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on Whitehall and Hunter streets. Take elevator PHYSICIANS.

DR, S. MARY HICKS,
DISEASES OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN,
Office 75% Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga,
Residence Talmadge House,
Office hours—11 a. m. to 3 p. m. jan5 i

# J. C. HENDRIX & CO.

Tallapoosa Land for Sale Furnished Rooms.

FOR RENT-TWO WELL FURNISHED ROOMS
for exposition visitors; no children there. 128
Houston street.

FOR RENT-ONE NICELY FURNISHED ROOM
within one block of postoffice. Apply 31 Poplar.

Tallapoosa Land for Sale.

With OFFER FOR FIFTEEN DAYS LAND LOTS Nos. 101 and 102, 8th district of Harakon county. Four hundred and five acres of beautiful lying land, all wooded, with many fine springs and clear crystal branches, on the corporate limits of the city of Tallapoosa. The Georgia Pacific road runs through those lots, two surveys for new roads have been recently made nearly through the center; the main roadways split the property for more than a mile, making this fract the most available for subdivision and suburnan residence property in the vicinity of that beautiful and growing city. The old Holland gold mine, now owned by Burke & Co., lays broadside, and that rich gold vein leads through this property. Beautiful indications are abundant of gold on it; also, silver and iron. Go and-look at the land and make us an offer. If not sold within fifteen days will be subdivided and sold at once.

45 acres, finest body around Atlants; can be subdivided and made a grand park villa, well shaded; lays high, in one of the best portions of the city. If you wanta big thing call on us.

8-acre block on Capitol avenue, just outside limits of city.

of city.

8 acres on Pryor street near new glass works; also a number of fine shaded lots in vicinity of glass works and East Tennessee shops.

12 acres on Central railroad near West End.

6 acres on Central railroad, partly in West End.

14 acres western side of city; lays high and pretty; will make 56 choice building lots. will make 56 choice building lots.

10 lots on Boulevard and Jackson streets, 80x300, on top of high ridge, affording a magnificent view city, country and mountains, street car on one front. Lot 100x185, corner Rice and Boulevard, from which you can see nearly all the city, at a bargain. A number of choice Peachtree lots. 8-room new house with all modern improvements, a gem, on Capitol avenue, near in.

12-room house, centrally located, with every convenience.

enience. A magnificent Peachtree home, near in. 135 acres of farm land four miles from city; must a sold. All classes of houses and lots and vacant lots.
Our sales have been good, but we are ready to wait
n you.

J. C. HENDRIX & CO.,
sep30—1m.

31 S. Broad street.

# Central Warehouse Property, Convenient Cottage Residence

-AND-Three Choice Vacant Lots. BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE COURT of ordinary of Fulton county, granted June term, 1885, and by special order of the ordinary to sell on the premises, granted February term, 1886, will be sold on the premises indicas being given at the courthouse on the first Tuesday in November next, an undivided interest in the Rock warehouse property, on land lot No. 32 consisting of warehouse property, on land lot No. 32 consisting of warehouse and lot, 280 by 300 feet on King street and Georgia railroad, house and lot 69 by 100 feet each on King street; two vacant lots 50 by 100 feet each on King street; two vacant lots 50 by 100 feet each on King street; two vacant lots 50 by 100 feet each on King street, between Moore and King streets.

All-of the aforesaid real estate lying in the 14th district of Fulton county. T.L Langston, surviving partner of the firm of Langston & Craine, joining in the sale. Sold for division and distribution.

Terms cash.

Administratrix de bonis non, of estate of Benj. E. Craine. BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE COURT of ordinary of Fulton county, granted June

urviving partner of the firm of Langston & Cras



LADIES and

RELP WANTED-MALE. WANTED MAN TO TARY INTEREST chowing a atent at the film Smell cap required. 22 South Broad st., on oridge. Big mon Manted Country and Coun THE FIRE LADDIES. Work of the Macon Department for Eight Months.

Mass. P. O. Box 2002.

WANTED-FOUR FIRST-CLASS COATMAKERS, highest prices paid. Chancellos & Pearce thur, sat, sun, tues & see

WANTED—GARDNER WITH WIFE TO GOOK child 11 or 12 years of age to nurse, German maid, or two German girls, one for houseways and to cook, good noone and provision furnished \$20 for man and wife, \$4 for nurse; \$10 for chamber maid. Apply to R. A. Williams, No. 79 East Hunter street.

wald. Apply to he street. Cot 619

We Anneas, pay 760 per hundred for picking cotton; will prepay milroad fars for families after they contract; plenty of work for single-men and women that can pay their law; money has been deposited at Little Rock with the Memphis and Little Rock railroad to pay railroad transportation. Apply to R. A. Williams, agent, Atlanta, Ga.

Oct 619

WANTED—A MAN OF EXPERIENCE AND ability to take a general agency for our brachast subscription books. Hill Standard Book to, Publishers, Chicago, III. wed, th, fri, sat WANTED—A BREAD BAKER. J. D. BRADY 122 Whitehall street.

WANTED—A BREAD BAKER J. D. BRADY
UNITED—TRAVELING SALESMEN TO SELL
OUR FARM WAZONS and other goods to the
trade. Address M. P. Co., caracterier 70, Postofice
Baltmore.

WANTED—100 GOOD LABORERS TO WORK
ON railroad at Lithen's, Ga. Wages St. per
day. Venable Bros. & Fosier.

WANTED—100 HANTED—TRACHERS UNEMPLOYED
30 or older, wanting business to address W. B.
Stickney, A. M., Ann Arbor, Mich. fri is at mon

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED SALESMEN
9 as.m., Sp. m. Boom 2, 7½, North Broad.

HELP WANTED TO DISTRIBUTE AND COL.
Inct.—Si0 to \$20 per week and expenses; payment according to ability. Nice, genteel employment for ladies and gentlemen; no painting receipts
or humbur. Write at once, enclosing self-addressed
and stamped envelope to Empire Supply Agency, 7
W. Broadway, N. Y.

WANTED—AGENTS IN EVERY COUNTY IN

W ANTED-AGENTS IN EVERY COUNTY IN
the U.S. \$75 per month and expenses; campies and outfit free. Write with stamps, Allworth
M'Fg Co., Rutherford, N. J.

HELP WANTED-FEMALE.

WANTED-BRIGHT, ATTRACTIVE YOUNG lady to attend display at exposition. Call saturday. Section M, 4 and 5 Agricultural hall.

WANTED—A GOOD HOUSEKEEPER: A SET tied woman preferred. Apply 42 East Milchell street. Mrs. Tucker. Oct5.78

WANTED—LADIES FOR OUR FALL AND Christmas Trade, to take light, pleasant work at their own homes. It to \$5 per day can be quietly made. Work sent by mail any distance, particulars. No canvassing. Address at once, Croscent Art.Co. 147 Milk street Boston. box 5170. On

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE.

WANTED-BY A NORTHERN MAN, A POSI tion of trust; best of reference. Address E. C. Pratt, this office.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY WOULD LIKE TO rent for the winter a well firmished house on three street. Address, stating rent, number of as, etc., Kepps, Constitution. 2t.

por RENT-A SMALL NEAT STORE, GOOD

TOR RENT—SIX ROOM COTTATE ON CAR time. Very desirable. J. 8. Broomhead. 61% South Broad street.

TOR RENT—HOUSE 7 ROOMS, FURNISHED nicely. P. O. Box 249.

Grant House 7 ROOMS, FURNISHED nicely. P. O. Box 249.

TOR RENT—THE "PARKER HOUSE," ANNIST ton, Ala, is offered for rent. Contains 55 bed rooms, iarge and commodious office, dining room and cook room, has all modern conveniences. The only hotel in the city except Anniston Inn. Has a fine run of business, all it can accommodate. Reason for renting, proprietor intends engaging in another business. For terms, etc., address T. M. Aderhold, box 3. Anniston, Ala.

POR RENT-THE TWO WEEKS OF THE EX-position, one large front room, one block from fansion, 145 lvy street. Terms in advance, 47 per

Furnished Rooms.

WANTED-AGENTS.

A GENTS WANTED TO CANVASS BUSINESS houses for a New Account Book. \$3 to \$15 made daily by energetic parties. For sample sheet and all particulars, address H. W. Pamphillon, Pub-

Hishers, 30 Bond St., New York.

A GENTS—ADDRINS MARSH ELECTRID LAMP Co., St. Louis, Mo., for cuts, circulars and terms 65 candle power Mars I. Electric Lamp. satlet ...

A GENTS ARE MAKING SO TO 3150 WERKLY Selling the Enclycopa dia Britannica (popular reprint), 3th edition. \$250 per vol. Good, territory open to right man, Address Chas, H. Chapman, southern manager, Fitten building, Atlanta, Geergia.

Georgia.

A GENTS IN EVERY CITY AND TOWN TO INA troduce a fast selling article of acknowledged micrit, to families, hotels, stores, de.; liberal terms, Address J., 30, Mercantile Exchange, New York.

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—A BOOK CONTAINING THE drawings of the land lottery for original Ap-pling county, Georgia. A fair price will be paid for same. Address R. G. H., at this office.

LADIES' COLUMN.

TEATHERS CLEANED, CURLED AND DYED; also kid gloves, at Phill'ps, 14 Marietta street.

TO LADIES WHO HAVE: E OND HAND CLOTHing for sale, from a faced wrapper to a silk dress, call at 224 West Peters sire t.

MARRIED LADIES—OR THOSE CONTEMpairing marriage, will, by sending 10 centa to pay postage, etc., receive by return mail a package of goods and information important to every lady.

F. R. Brill, New Haven, Ct.

BOARDERS WANTED. TELEPHONE 790, THE BEST PLACE TO EAT and sleep, 42 East Mitchell street; single means to cents.

So cents.

L OUAL, TRANSIENT AND DAY BOARDERS CAN
L obtain delightful rooms, polite attention and
excellent board at Nos. 26 and 28 N. Forsyth street.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS. COTTON SEED HULLS FOR SALE—CAN FUR-nish in large or small quantities. The finest bedding known for cattle and corses. Address, call on or telephone Atlanta Cotton Seed Oil Mills, 18/4 Alabama street.

tution.

I IVE GRESE FEATHERS—A LARGE STOCK of choice and good live geese feathers. Will ship any quantity wanted to merchants or private families. Price 50c. per pound cash. Send your orders to J. C. Fuller, 71 S. Broad St., Atlanta, Gn.

PERSONAL.

ANDLORD LIENS\_THE BEST FORM—SENT postpaid to any address for 60c for a tablet of dewky tf

WE SEND BY MAIL POSTPAID TO ANY ADWE SEND BY MAIL POSTPAID TO ANY ADdress the simplest and best forms of plain
warranty land deeds, quit claim deeds, blank mortsages and blank bounds for title at the following,
prices: I blank 5 cents; 35 blanks 10 cents; 14 days and
blanks 30 cents; 100 blanks \$1.50. Address The Constitution, Atlants, Ga.

Bitution, Atlants, 6a.

DUSINESS MEN DERIVE GREAT SATISFAO tion from the use of our "Ironclad" notes which waive homestead rights and all the exemptions. We now send, postpaid, the above described, we have also the above form with seven lines blank for taking a mortgage clause. We send these, postpaid, 400 in a book, for 60c; 50 in a book for facing a mortgage clause. We send these, postpaid, 400 in a book, for 60c; 50 in a book for facing and from the constitution.

WANTED-ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family near exposition grounds. Address D. M. and Kimball house.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PRINTING OUT FOR SALE COMPLET
furniture and material including posses, type,
etc., for country nawagenier. Second and autorial
asgood as new T. F. Cothran, attorner at law
and the first second as the second as th

WANTED - ON FINE ART CANYAGE MACON'S DIMINISHED FIRE RECORD WANTED-A MAN TO TAKE AN OFFICE aparative Statistics-Status of the ment-A king Found The State Fair.

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In 1886, there were Joseph Karwich, residence, March 29th; Walnut street fire, residence, May 5th; T. C. Parker & Co., Bank store, May 1tth; three stables, dwellings, Collinsville, June 12th; Mack Bros., store, August 17th; Bibb Manufacturing company, dwelling on Hawthorne street, August 14th; W. C. Turpin & Co., August 15th; dwelling on Plum street, September 16th; Pat Peyton, stables, October 7th; Mrs. Edgeby, store, November 20th; Cox & Cochin, store, December 6th; George Lumpkin, store, December 9th; Fried & Hecht, sfore, with M. Newman and others, December 15th; Henry Jollen, dwelling, Jannary 24th, '87; Willis Epps, shop, January 29th; Mrs. O'Brien, dwelling, February 1st; Blackshear's gallery, February 19th; Holt residence, March 2d; Mrs. Case's house and others, March 18th; A. B. Small, dwelling house, March 16th.

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Macox, Ga., October 7.—[Special:]-There is no lull in the business of the coming State fair, Macou's great agricultural show. There is today a promise of rain, and as seon as it comes the mile track will receive a final rolling, and will then be in perfect fix for the fair. In two weeks from next Monday the gates

fine needle work.

William Flynn, of Philadelphia, writes to secure the furnishing of caps and collars for the jockeys. Dr. T. M. Hammond, of Blakely

B. W. Wrenn writes that the lare for round trip, from Jesup to Macon and return, will be fixed at the same rate as to Atlanta, three dollars. Everything indicates a big time, and news from every point indicates a great

FEDERAL COURT.

Sentence Suspended in the Postoffice Case From Telfair.

F. H. Richardson Makes His Debut in

A DIAMOND RING

Atlanta.

Children Starving to Death

March 14th; A. B. Small, dwelling house, March 16th.

All these were costly fires that might have been prevented had the department been in existence. The old volunteer organization was as efficient as any volunteer department could well be, but it took from twenty to thirty minutes to get out the apparatus, while in ten seconds after the alarm is sounded the paid department is out and in five minutes any fire in the city can be reached.

The department now consists of L. M. Jones, chief: A. B. Mullenix, superintendent of fire alarms; two engine companies with nine men each, and a hook and ladder company with six men, making a total of twenty-six men.

There are some magnificent horses owned by the department, and they are getting wonderfully well trained. The engine houses and quarters are well furnished and kept remarkably neat and clean.

Recently Chief Jones has arranged a hitching apparatus similar to that in Atlanta, by which the horses are unhitched automatically by a system of ropes, cords and pulleys. The department is very effective and is an institution to be proud of.

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He has gotten his tables and benches all arranged, a wire guard stretched about the room and is busy allotting space to the lady exhibitors. Mrs. G. Simmons will exhibit a show case of fine needle work.

William Flynu, of Philadelphia, writes to

the jockeys. Dr. T. M. Hammond, of Blakely, Ga., writes to secure space for a fine exhibit of hogs and poultry. J. W. Bogle, of Dalton, Ga., wants to exhibit a fine array of sundrated fibre ware.

B. W. Wrenn writes that the fare for round

From Telfair.

Macon, Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—In the district court, in the case of the United States vs. Patterson, the postmaster in Telfair county, for selling stamps in violation of law, the district attorney stated to the court that the offense was merely a technical one, and that the government had not been defrauded of anything, and recommended that a plea of guilty be received and sentence suspended, which was so ordered by the court.

In the case of the United States vs. Reuben Brantly, the jury were instructed to bring in a verdict of not guilty, it appearing that the offense was barred by the stainte of limitations. Claude Estes, of the firm of Lyon & Estes, was appointed by the court to defend the prisoner. The learned and accomplished gentleman made a very able defense of his client, and his whole conduct in the case showed that he was an able and well equipped lawyer.

The bond of David Chapman and his securities was declared forfeited, he failing to appear and answer to the charge for which he was under bond.

In the case of United States vs. Burnet, the court decided that the commissioner had exceeded his authority in binding him over to appear at Macon, the offense having been committed in the eastern division of the district. The prisoner was placed under his own recognizance, to appear at Savannah.

Court adjourned until Uno'clock tomorrow.

THE NEW EDITOR.

MACON. Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—Today Mr. F. H. Richardson, the talented young journalist so long on The Constitution, arrived in this city to assume charge of the position of editor-in-chief of the Macon Telegraph. Mr. Richardson was warmly welcomed by his friends and future employes, and tomorrow night will be given a complimentary reception. All who know him predlet for the young man a brilliant future in his now and responsible position.

That is Supposed to Have Been Stolen in

Macon, Ga., October T.—[Special.]—The police have come into possession of a remarkably fine diamond ring, which it is believed was stolen in Atlanta. The ring is said by jowelers who have examined it, to be worth at least \$200. Any one in Atlanta having lost such a jowel will do well to address at once, Chief of Pulice C. M. Wiley, giving a description of the ring.

On account of their inability to digest food, will find a most marvellous food and remody in Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophost philos. Very palatable and easily digested. Dr. S. W. Course, of Waco, Toxus, says: "I have used your Familiary in Infantile wasting with good results. If and only resions wasted tissues, but gives strength and increase the second of the subject of

HELP WANTED-MALE, WANTED—MAN TO TANE INTEREST IN Selection of the control of the con

Call P on 2, 7% North Bread Octor

WANTED—A MAN TO TAKE AN OFFICE AND represent a manufacturer; 50; per week; small capital required. Address, with stamp, Manufacturer; 60; per week carried, Address, with stamp, Manufacturer; 60; per week carried; stendy employment; 60 to partially on canvassing. All work mailed prompts, 61 to painting; no canvassing. All work mailed prompts, 62 painting; no canvassing. All work mailed prompts, 63 painting; no canvassing. All work mailed prompts, 64 painting; no canvassing. All work mailed prompts, 65 per week carried; stendy employment; no oil y. Aldress National Card Co., 76 state 8t. Boston, 84 painting; no canvassing. All work mailed prompts, 65 painting prompts, 65 paintin

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WANTED—A MAN OF EXPERIENCE AND ability to take a general agency for our first class subscription books. Hill Standard Book Co., Publishers, chicago, Ill.

WANTED—A RREAD BAKER J. D. BRADY
LIZ Whitehall street.

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMEN TO SELL our Farm Warons and other goods. to the rade address M. P. Co., caraCarrier 70, Postoffice Baltimore.

WANTED—BOOK P. CO., caraCarrier 70, Postoffice Baltimore.

WANTED—MEN TEACHERS UNEMPLOYED OF THE STORY OF THE ST

W Broadway, N. Y.

WANTED—AGENTS IN EVERY COUNTY IN the U. S. Stoper month and expenses; ampires and outfit free. Write with stamps, Allworth MFg Co., Rutherford, N. J.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE. WANTED-BRIGHT, ATTRACTIVE YOUNG lady to attend display at exposition. Call saturday. Section M. 4 and 5 Agricultural hall.

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RESPONSIBLE PARTY WOULD LIKE TO rept for the winter a well furnished house FOR RENT-A SMALL NEAT STORE, GOOD location and cheap rent. Apply at Atlanta Milk and Butter depot, 80 Peachtree street. OR RENT-SIX ROOM COTTATE ON CAR time. Very desirable. J, S. Broomhead, 61%

South Broad street.

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TOR RENT-HOUSE 7 ROOMS, FURNISHED nicely. P. O. Box 249.

TOR RENT-HE "PARKER HOUSE," ANNIS ton, Ala., is offered for rent, Contains 50 bed rooms, large and commolious office, dining room and cook room, has all modern conveniences. The only notel in the city except Anniston Inn. Has a fine run of business, all it can accommodate. Reason for renting, proprietor intends emagning in aning, proprietor intends engaging in ances. For terms, etc., address F. M. Ader, Anniston, Ala.

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LIVE GRESS FEATHERS.—A LARGE STOCK.

I of choice and good live geese feathers. Will ship any quantity wanted to merchants or private faulties. Price 50c. per pound cash. Send your orders to J. C. Fuller, 71 S. Broad St., Atlanta, Gn.

PERSONAL.

GENTLEMEN'S COATS AND VESTS REBOUND and repaired at No. 79 Loyd street by Mrs. Page in sa ANDLORD LIENS—THE BEST FORM—SENT postpaid to any address for 50c for a table; of dewky if

WE SEND BY MAIL POSTPAID TO ANY AD-dress the simplest and best forms of plain warranty land deeds, quit claim deeds, blank sant-cages and blank bounds for title at the following prices: I blank 5 cents; 2 blanks 10 cents; 1 down blanks 30 cents; 100 blanks 1.50. Address The Con-stitution, Atlanta, Ga.

DUSINESS MEN DERIVE GREAT SATISFAO ton from the use of our "Ironclad" notes which waive homestead rights and all the exemptions. We now send, postpaid, the above described, note, 100 in a book, for 40c, or a book of 50 for 20c, we have also the above form with seven lines blank for taking a mortgage, which we call an "Ironclad zote with mortgage, which we call an "Ironclad zote with mortgage, clause." We send these, post-address The Constitution.

WANTED-BOARD. WANTED-ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family near exposition grounds. Address D., ox 306 Kimball house. BUSINESS CHANCES. DRINTING OUT TO FOR SALE, COMPLETE CONTINUES and materias, including press, type, to for country newspaper, Second and almost accord as new T. P. Cothran, attorney and the cookylle, S. C.

THE FIRE LADDIES.

Work of the Macon Department for Eight Months.

MACON'S DIMINISHED FIRE RECORD Comparative Statistics-Status of the Department-A king Found-The State Fair.

MACON, Ga., October 7 .- [Special.]-Today your correspondent had an interesting chat with L. M. Jones, chief of the Macon fire department. This institution went into effect with one engine company, on March 17, 1887, and has consequently been in active service six months and a half.

On May 9 the book and ladder company was organized, and on August 8 the second engine company began operations. During that time, there have been twenty-nine fires, only three or four of which were very disastrous. Insurance rates have been better, and more than one citizen has decreased the size of his policy considerably.

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He has gotten his tables and benches all arranged, a wire guard stretched about the room, and is busy allotting space to the lady exhibitors. Mrs. G. Simmons will exhibit a show case of fine needle work.

William Flynn, of Philadelphia, writes to secure the furnishing of caps and collars for

secure the furnishing of caps and collars for the jockeys. Dr. T. M. Hammond, of Blakely, Ga., writes to secure space for a fine exhibit of hogs and poultry. J. W. Bogle, of Dalton, Ga., wants to exhibit a fine array of suudrated

fibre ware.

B. W. Wrenn writes that the fare for round be fixed at the same rate as to Atlanta, three dollars. Everything indicates a big time, and news from every point indicates a great crowd

FEDERAL COURT.

Sentence Suspended in the Postoffice Case From Telfair.

Macon, Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—In the district court, in the case of the United States vs. Patterson, the postmaster in Telfair county, for selling stamps in violation of law, the dis-

vs. Patterson, the postmaster in Telfair county, for selling stamps in violation of law, the district attorney stated to the court that the offense was merely a technical one, and that the government had not been defrauded of anything, and recommended that a plea of guilty be received and sentence suspended, which was so ordered by the court.

In the case of the United States vs. Reuben Brantly, the jury were instructed to bring in a verdict of not guilty, it appearing that the offense was barred by the statute of limitations. Claude Estes, of the firm of Lyon & Estes, was appointed by the court to defend the prisoner. The learned and accomplished gentleman made a very able defense of his client, and his whole conduct in the case showed that he was an able and well equipped lawyer.

The bond of David Chapman and his socurities was declared forfeited, he failing to appear and answer to the charge for which he was under bond.

In the case of United States vs. Burnet, the court decided that the commissioner had exceeded his authority in binding him over to appear at Macon, the offense having been committed in the eastern division of the district. The prisoner was placed under his own recognizance, to appear at Savannah.

Court adjourned until 10.0'clock tomorrow.

THE NEW EDITOR.

F. H. Richardson Makes His Debut in

Macon.

Macon. Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—Today
Mr. F. H. Richardson, the talented young
journalist so long on The Constitution, arrived in this city to assume charge of the
position of editor-in-chief.of the Macon Telegraph. Mr. Richardson was warmly welcomed
by his friends and future employes, and tomorrow night will be given a complimentary
reception. All who know him predict for the
young man a brilliant future in his new and
responsible position. Macon.

A DIAMOND BING That is Supposed to Have Been Stolen in

Atlanta. Macon, Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—The police have come into possession of a remarkably fine diamond ring, which it is believed was stolen in Atlanta. The ring is said by jewelers who have examined it, to be worth at least \$200. Any one in Atlanta having lost such a jewel will do well to address at once, Chief of Police C. M. Wiley, giving a description of the ring.

Children Starving to Death On account of their inability to digest food, will find a most marvellous food and remedy in Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophost philes. Very sairstable and easily digested. In. 8. W. Gorges, of Waco, Texas, says: "I have used your familism in Infantile wasting with good results. II. Sot only restores wasted itssues, but gives strength and increases the appetite. I am glad to use suchs "lable article."

SCRAPS AND SKETCHES. A Journalist-A Physician's Luck-After

A Journalist—A Physician's Luck—After
a Long Illness—Other Notes.

Macon, Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—Mr. W.
K. Pilsbury, soliciting agent and special correspondent of the Americus Recorder, is in the city in the interest of his thriving journal.

Mr. Pilsbury has the name of being one of the most energetic and indefatigable solicitors in the state, and is a writer of considerable ability.

AFTER A LONG ILLNESS
of four months with typhoid fever, followed by brouchitis, Mr. John Nelson was able to leave his home in East Macon and come down town today. This news will be most joyfully received by his many friends here and in neighboring cities.

DR. W. C. GIBSON,
one of the most popular young physicians in the city, was highly gratified by the arrival of a sweet little girl bnby at his home on Walnut street last night.

A PAINFUL ACCILENT
occurred to Mr. J. C. Daniel, a mechanic, yesterday evening. He was taking some heavy columns from the second to the first floor of a building, when his hand was pierced by a long splinter, making a painful wound. Dr. Mettaour dressed the wound.

C. H. BEALE,
who represents the Excelsion and Chicago

taour dressed the wound.

C. H. BRALE,
who represents the Excelsior and Chicago
Lumber Dryer, is in the city. He contemplates putting up dryers here for the rapid
drying of bricks and lumber. He claims to be
able, by a new steam heating process, to dry
fifty thousand bricks every twenty-four hours,
which will be a wonderful improvement over
the slow kiln system.

THE BURNING STEAMER.

The Amount of the Loss-A Board of Sur-

vey, etc.

SAVANNAH, Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—The Naples, the British steamer, is still burning. She was cleared from here by Messrs. A. Minis & Sons, just a week ago, for Liverpool with 6,203 bales of cotton, weighing 3,035,756 pounds, valued at \$290,782.52, and 250 tons of phosphate rock, valued at \$1,400. The cargo was distributed as follows: C. A. Shearson, 300 bales; Strauss & Co., 300 bales; J. B. Holst & Weber, 1,000 bales; A. Minis & Sons. agents for the ship, 4,203 bales: Norden & Co.,400 bales. Fifty tons phosphate rock by Wilder & Co., 200 tons phosphate rock by W. Seward & Co. The cargo is fully covered by insurance in foreign companies. vey, etc.

200 tons phosphate rock by W. Seward & Co.
The cargo is fully covered by insurance in foreign companies.

This morning a board of survey, consisting
of Captain Stevens, of the British steamship
Lancaster; Captain Reavely, of the British
steamship Resolute: Walter Robertson, British vice consul; Mr. C. A. Reitze, representing the Underwiters, and Major James T.
Stewart, Lloyd's agent, accompanied by Mr.
J. F. Minis, of the firm of A. Minis & Sons,
agents for the ship, was held on the vessel.
This board have been in session all day, but
have not finished its labors.

This morning, about half-past eleven, a
'longshoreman named Chris White, was in the
after-hold. He had his back turned, and the
swinging of a bale of cotton struck him. The
cotton knocked him about six feet, against the
iron side of the vessel. His fellow-workmen
thought he was badly hurt, but although his
forehead is badly bruised he pluckily got right
up and went to work.

The Naples is an iron screw steamship, of
1,473 tons, with iron decks covered with a
wooden deck.

SHOOTING AT A CAMP-MEETING.

SHOOTING AT A CAMP-MEETING.

Three Young Men Arouse Big Springs Camp Meeting.
Canton, Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—Before

Canton, Ga., October L.—[Special.]—Before the close of Big Springs camp-meeting, whisky got the better of three young men and caused them to create considerable disturbance by holloaing, firing pistols, etc. The authorities of the campground and Bailiff Ritch went to them and asked that they leave the grounds. This they would not do, but remained and continued to "cut up." Later in the night the disturbance became intolerable and the young men were arrested, and carried before Justice Mosteller, who bound them over in bonds of \$100 each. Failing to give the bond, they were brought to town by Bailiff Ritch and Messrs. Rakestraw, Griffin and Holcomb, and put in jail to await a lecture from his honor for disturbing public worship and carrying concealed weapons. Their names are J. T. Schooner, Bartow county: Barney Turley and W. J. H. McDaniel, of Milton county. McDaniel has a young wife: the others are unmarried. When arrested Schooner had a five-shooter, double action Smith and Wesson pistol concealed on his person.

SHOOTING FOR FUN.

Perry Davidson Points His Pistol at Dock

Heard and Kills Him.

LAGRANGE, Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—
The killing of Dock Heard by Perry Davidson, is a subject of some discussion. Heard, who was a tenant on Mr. Hogg's farm, was on his way to town, and told Thad Harrington to tell Mr. Davidson that he wished to see him. Davidson came through the hall and asked what he wanted. Heard answered "some to-Heard and Kills Him. Davidson came through the hall and asked what he wanted. Heard answered "some to-bacco." Davidson said that he had no tobacco, then pulled a pistol from behind him and shot Heard. He then jumped out of the door and said, "Lord, Lord, Dock, I have shot you; I would not have done it for a million dollars." He said he did not know the pistol was loaded, but his wife contradicted him, and said he knew the pistol was loaded. Tho negro said he had never had any words with Mr. Davidson. Coroner Thomas Davis held an inquest. The jury found that Perry Davidson did "unlawfully, and without malice or forethought, shoot the said Dock Heard contrary to the law of said state, the peace, good order and dignity thereof." order and dignity thereof."

PROBABLY FATALLY INJURED, The Twelve-Year-Old Son of John Colley

Worsted By a Cotton Gin.

DUBLIN, Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—Charley Colley, the twelve-year-old son of John F. Colley, of this place, received serious, if not fatal, injuries at the public gin of John M. Stubbs this morning. It seems that R. F. Lamb, the engineer, had engaged the boy to do errands around the premises; and whilst lamb was occupied in removing some seed that had accumulated around the gin, ordered Charley to raise the gin-box for the purpose of unchoking the gin. Charley's strength was inadequate to the task thus imposed, and in his efforts to obey orders his legs were caught by the saws and horribly lacerated, Drs. Hicks and Johnson were summoned and deemed it advisable to amputate his left leg just above the knee. His recovery is exceedingly problematical.

Jake Moses, of Savannah. Ga., has moyed to Dublin for the purpose of buying cotton for L. M. Boshniski & Co., of Troy, Ala. Worsted By a Cotton Gin.

HE CANNOT COME.

The Fatal Illness of Judge Daniel G. Cand-

GAINESVILLE, October 7.—[Special.]—Judge Daniel G. Candler, father of Congressman Candler, who was stricken with paralysis a few days ago, is still lying in a critical condition, and little hope is entertained for his recovery. Judge Candler, during the late war was captain of the famous company known as the Banks' County Guards, and it was his intention to accompany the remnants of that gallant band to the Piedmont exposition, on the 19th instant. The many friends of Judge Candler join in hope that he will rally, and that his life may be spared many years yet. be spared many years yet.

Against the Public School. MILNER, Ga.. October 7.— [Special.]—An election was held here yesterday to levy a tax on the property within the corporate limits of Milner for the purpose of building and maintaining a public school, and resulted for public school 42, against public school 14. A Sign of Progress.

LEXINGTON, Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—Mr. W. A. Shackelford, of the Echo, has purchased a power press and works his first double edition off this week. The paper is wonderfully improved, and contains choice matter, and is much larger and more interesting in every way. every way.

We are willing to bear personal testimony to the efficacy and value of Hoed's Sarsaparilla, which we have been advertising some years in our paper, having used it for blood impurities with great success. It is a preparation of standard merit, made of perfectly pure ingredients, and thoroughly effective in cleausing and purifying the system. For cruptions, boils, ctc., it can be relied upon every time. Our own experience with it has been most gratifying, and we are glad to give it this endorsement.—Athol, Mass., Transcript.

FOARD SKIPS OUT.

A Lively Stranger Who Rises to Honor in Brewton.

AND THEN LIGHTS OUT WITH THE CASH

Dr. Foard, After Returning and De-manding Trial, Flies a Second Time-Other Notes.

Bakwton, Ala., October 7.—[Special.]—The flight of Dr. J. T. B. Foard for the second time, when he had faithfully promised his friends to answer the charges against him in court, renews the sensation, which accompanied the first announcement of his defalcation. For many years the doctor had been a prominent figure in the politics of south Alabama. He was courtly in address, had about him the manner of a confidence man, and ingratiated himself into the best circles both of society and of politics. Where he came from society and of politics. Where he came from was not known, and he made himself so was not known, and he made himself so theroughly at home that no one thought of him other than as one of the pillars who had grown up with the place. In 1878 he was elected superintendent of education for Escambie county, which he held, with cambie county, which he held, with the confidence of the people, until the fall of 1884. About that time he was offered a prominent consulship by President Arthur, but he declined to accept the same. Shortly afterward he made a trip to Mobile, and there disappeared from sight. It was known that he had with him over five thousand dollars of the school fund, and from this it was argued that he must have been tolled off by some wicked men and murdered. A further investigation of his books showed that he had been systematically swindling the county from the first day that he went into office, some of the cases so far back that action on them was barred by the statute of limitations. Besides these cases were brought to light in which he hadfleeced numerous citizens. He sold the various sixteenth merous citizens. He sold the various sixteenth sections in the county belonging to the school fund for large amounts during his administration. It was ascertained at Montgomery that these sales had never been reported to the superintendent of education, and that, consequently, the

noney also. Notwithstanding these damaging disclosures closely by him, and declared that if given a chance to do so, he would clear it all up. It was with jubilation, therefore, that they hailed the return of Foard about six months ago. He came back breathing vengeance and libel suits against his detractors and slanderers, and easily gave bond for his appearance at the forthcoming term of Escambia court. Yesterday was set for trial, and the bondsmen became a little uneasy when their principal did not put in his threatened appearance. The case was held over a day, when Dr. Foard's second flight became an assured fact, and the court ordered a forfeiture of the bonds. This has created a howl among the bondsmen, and if they could lay hands on the wily doctor tonight, they would give him a lively shaken

CAUGHT IN THE ACT. Lester Patterson Makes a Very Bad Start in

Lester Patterson Makes a Very Bad Start in Life.

SAVANNAH, Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—
Lester Patterson, a youth of eighteen, employed in the office of the auditor of receipts at the Central railroad, was arrested this morning by Detective Henry Wetherhorn. He is charged with robbing the safe at the Central railroad's depot ticket office. For about two years he was employed as an office boy at the Bull street ticket office, but a couple of months are obtained a position in the office of the auditor of receipts.

Mr. Clif Nungezer is the assistant ticket Mr. Chi Nungezer is the assistant tacket agent here, and sells every day at the depot. The money received from tickets for the night trains cannot be deposited in the bank until the next morning, and has been left in the safe in the depot ticket office. For some time he has been annoyed by discovering discrepancies in his cash in the mornings.

The first time it was attributed to a clerical error, but no amount of examination could

The first time it was attributed to a clerical error, but no amount of examination could show where the error lay. A week or two later the cash and the accounts did not balance. This happened at varying intervals for two months. Finally, on last Sunday night, the watchman in the building heard a suspicious noise down stairs. He waited awhile, and descended the steps quietly. A gas jet burned dimly in the corridor, but by its light he saw a figure in the ticket office. He went in. and found young Patterson in front of the safe, which he had just locked, and on him he found \$55. On Monday morning Mr. Nungezer was told of the discovery, and he had a winess to see him count the cash.

ne found so. On monday incrining Mr. Aufrey found that \$55 was missing, according to the memoranda of the sales on Sunday night. Today a warrant was sworn out before Magistrate Waring Russell, charging the boy with taking over \$50.

More than \$100 has been taken altogether. Young Patterson says that he will admit some of the charges against him, but not all, and it is understood that he has admitted taking \$40. He had a key to the west Broad street door, one to the office door and one other to the safe. Whether or not he had any accomplices has not been learned, as he declines to say much about the affair. His father is an engineer on the Central, and is out of the city. Until caught in the office he had always borne a good character. Where he got the duplicate keys is not known.

is not known. HE SHOULD VISIT ATHENS.

Ex-President Jefferson Davis to Be Invited to the Metropolis of Northeast Georgia. to the Metropolis of Northeast Georgia.

ATHENS, Ga., October 7.—(Special.)—A call has been issued by Mayor Hodgson for a meeting tomorrow for the purpose of taking steps to extend an invitation in behalf of the city of Athens to Hon. Jefferson Davis. The mayor says: "It is the earnest desire offthousands of Georgians in this part of the state to induce Mr. Davis to extend his visit from Macon, and to meet the people of northeast Georgia and eastern Carolina during the fair in Athens Believing that Mr. Davis holds his Athens friends in peculiarly affectionate regard, and that he might be persuaded to come to this city, when possibly he would go nowhere else, I have been requested to call this meeting, which will provide for framing and presenting a formal invitation."

Accident on the Columbus and Western.
Columbus, Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—An accident occurred on the Columbus and Western railroad this evening, to the train from Atlanta. Just before it crossed the bridge at this city, one of the piston rods broke, and Engineer John Kell and Fireman James Struppa jumped to keep from being scalded. Kell's shoulder and knee joint were sprained. Struppa also had an ankle sprained. No other damage was done, but the train was delayed an hour and a half.

He Lost His Balance.

DAWSON, Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—Last Monday, Mr. J. A. Miller, while putting on the roof of the veranda of Dr. Farrar's two-story building, lost his balance and fell to the ground, a distance of twenty-two feet, alighting among some goods boxes, which somewhat broke the force of the fall, but cut a gash two or three inches long on his head, another on his breast and bruised him up considerably. He has been confined to his bed ever since, but his physician says he will soon be out again.

From the Americus, Ga., Republican.
Ordinary Speer has laid in a full supply of marriage licenses in anticipation of a heavy business this fall. The craze will begin after the first frost, and demands will begin to come in at a lively rate. We know several parties already who contemplate purchasing. ANGOSTUBA BITTERS, the world re-nowned appetiser and invigorator. Used now over the whole civilized world. Try it, but beware of imitations. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. & B. Siegert & Sons. THE CENTRAL POOL.

The Georgia Company Rapidly Getting It Affairs Into Shape.

SAVANNAH, Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—The News this morning prints an interesting story concerning the operations of the Georgia company. It says that the banks yesterday had \$300,000 added to their cash. About 3,000 shares of Central railroad stock that were held by the banks on margins were taken possession of by the owners and sent to New York It is also owned by the parties who are members of the Georgia company. There are about 3,000 more shares held here by the banks which will shortly be forwarded to New York. It is also owned by the parties who are members of the Georgia company. The Se00,000 which will thus be released here ought to help very materially toward making money in this market easy. The Georgia company is rapidly getting its affairs into shape. As is well known it is composed of gentlemen who hold 40,000 of the 15,000 shares of Central railroad stock. It includes among others Messrs. Inman and Swann, the two Belmonts, the two Lehmans, Mr. Rice, Hollins & Co., Kessler & Co., Alfred Selly, all of New York; Denison, of Clark; Denison & Co., of Philadelphia; John C. Calhoun, of South Carolina; Pat Calhoun, of Atlanta, and General Alexander and Mr. A. L. Hartridge, of this city. Some of the directors of the Central, who had shares, for some reason or other best known to themselves, dropped out of the syndicate some weeks ago, about the time Mr. Inman dropped into it. It was not announced, however, that he dropped in until they had dropped out. It looks as if the syndicate would make a good thing out of their purchase.

The basis of the Georgia company is the 40,000 shares of Central. It is understood that none of this stock will be sold for less than \$30 per share, and it may bring a great deal more, as the company stock, and that will be sufficient to make more than a showing for that stock. It is understood that none of this stock will be sold for less than \$30 per share of the control of the Central Reliance of the Sydicate work out as

three shares of stock are obtained. The bond has been sold at \$95, and assuming that \$30 per share will be obtained for the stock, the stock will net \$90. Each share of Central stock that cost \$130 will, therefore, produce \$185—a profit of \$55. That is pretty good financiering is it not with stock that was selling below 70 a few months ago?

MEETING OF CITIZENS. To Protest Against the Removal of Colone W. B. Jones as Inspector of Fertilizers. From the LaGrange, Ga., Reporter.

From the LaGrange, Ga., Reporter.

A meeting of the citizens of Troup county was held at the courthouse yesterday at ten o'clock, to take action with regard to the removal of the honored and gallant veteran, Colonel W. B. Jones, from the position of inspector of fertilizers. The object of the meeting was stated by Dr. E. D. Pitman. Colonel J. A. Broome was elected chairman and E. T. Winn secretary. The following letter was read by Judge F. M. Longley:

ALLANA, Ga. September 30, 1887. Colonel W. B. Jones, LaGrange, Ga.—My Dear Sir. The muddle that I have been thrown into, in consequence of the assault made upon this department, has necessitated a change in ny "siate." which compels me to drop you from the list of inspectors of fertilizers for the ensuing year. I deeply regret this, as I had made no other count but for you to be continued, until a very few days ago. Mothing that I have done would have been done but for direct necessity. I deeply regret that I have not been able to advise you of this soager. I may be able to do something later, but at present cannot. Very truly, your friend, J. T. Hesperson, Commissioner.

Judge Longley spoke of corruption in the department of agriculture and the hijustice done Colonel Jones. Judge B. C. Ferrell, Judge B. H. Bigham, Major R. S. McFarlin, Judge T. H. Whitaker, Dr. T. S. Bradfield, Major A. D. Abraham and Mr. J. P. Thornton also expressed their condemnation of the removal. The statement by Dr. Pitman that Colonel Jones had been deprived of a part of his salary by the department created much inhis salary by the department created much in-dignation. Judge Longley offered the follow-ing resolution, which was adopted unani-

mously:
Whereas, We are informed that the commissioner
of agriculture has dismissed from his service as one
of the inspectors of guano in this state, without giving any reason therefor, except the "muddle that
ing any reason therefor, except the "muddle that the commissioner hasheen thrown into by assauls upon his department," our fellow citizen, Coionel W. B. Jones, thus implying inefficiency or improper conduct in the discharge of official duty, and leaving under a cloud one of the best men in the service:

ng under a cloud one of the best men in the service;

The people of Troup county, who have know him so long, and esteemed him so highly for his bravery in war and his shonored character in peace, respectfully petition the legislature, now in session, to investigate the cause of this removal. If discharged for just cause, both Colonel Jones and his friends desire to know it. If to make rou if or one whose fidelity to the commissioner is greater than the discharge of his official duty, the country should know it. If the commissioner has got himself into a muddle and brought upon his department a multiplicity of assaults, let him meet the issue and not make a "scape goat" of a man against whose character there has never been a whisper.

Resolved, That we, the citizens of Troup county, this day assembled, do most respectfully petition the general assembly of Georgia to investigate the cause of this removal, so that justice may be done a man whose blood flowed in defense of his state, and who has been faitful to every trust.

Major McFarlin offered a resolution that a committee of three citizens be appointed to go to Atlanta in Colonel Jones's interest. Drs. T. S. Bradfield and E. D. Pitman and Major A. D. Abraham were designated. Meeting adjourned.

E. T. Wiff, S. Chairman.

A Good Time to Seek the Mountains.

A Good Time to Seek the Mountains. A Good Time to Seek the Mountains.

SAVANNAH, Ga., October 7.—[Special.]—The committee of the Missionary Baptist convenvention of Georgia, appointed to arrange for a plan for holding the centennial celebration of the negro Baptists of Georgia in this city, announces that there will be a centennial celebration of the negro Baptists of Georgia held in this city, commencing the first Wednesday in June, 1888, and continuing two weeks, preceded by the regular annual meetings of the Missionary Baptist convention, and the Missionary Baptist Sunday-school convention of Georgia, each of which will remain in session one week, thus covering a period of one month's sojourn here.



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HAIR
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made with pate it double acting rods and folding knee rest. Light, substantial and handsome. I find it is not an included in the best Bands are: (Trohestras, Unquisto from aurpass all others in finish and appearance. If in arest Music design loss, not rest, them, write to us for Illustrated Catalogue.

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DRINKING TOO MUCH.

SICK HEADACHE

and nerrousness which follows, re-store the appetite and remove gloomy feelings. Elegantly sugar conted. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

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URINARY Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Frequency of Urinating, Urine high colored or milky sediment on standing, Gonorrhoa, Gleet, Cystitis, etc., promptly and safely cured. Charges reasonable.

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Riod Poison. Venereal Taint, Gleet, Stricture, Seminal Emissions, Loss of Sexual Power, Weakness of Sexual Organs, Want of Desire in male or female, whether from inprudent habits of young or sexual habits in mature years, or any cause that debilitates the sexual innetions, speedily and permanently cured. Consultation free and strictly condensial. Absolute cures guaranteed. No risk incurred. Correspondence promptly answered and medicine sent free from observation to all parts of the United States. Consultation free. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 9 a. m. to 12 m. Correspondence receives prompt attention. No letters answered unless accompanied by four cents in stamps. Send stamp for 6t page pamphiet and list of questions. Address plainly.

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GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—COURT OF O T dinary, Chambers, October 7, 1897.—The o prulsers appointed upon application of Will.e TA ran, widow of W. L. Taronn, for a trolve mouth application for the result of the resul octs, 15,22,29 nov5 GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY
Georgia, Fulton County—Ordinary
pled for letters of administration on the estate of
wesley Bowin, deceased. This is, therefore, no no 1'y
all continued to file their objections, if any they
have, in or before the first Monday in November
next, else letters will then be granted said a pilicant
as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
octs, 15,22,29 nove

Citalian Color County - Ordinary of Color and Color Co

Oct. 8, 15, 22, 29, Nov. 5,

(\*\*EORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S Office, October 7, 1887.—Temple Gunby, guardan of Hattle Gunby, minor, has applied for leave to sell the land of said minor. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their of jections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in November next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Oct. 8, 15, 22, 27, Nov. 5.

OEORGIA. Pull Took Coulty Market 1997.

Oct. 8, 15, 22, 27, Nov. 6.

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S Office, October 7, 1887.—W. L. Kimsey, administrator of A. J. Parker, has applied for feave to sell the land of said decessed. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, or or before the first Monday in November next, else leave will then be granted said applicant as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
Oct. 8, 15, 22, 29, Nov. 5.

Oct. 8, 15, 22, 29, Nov. 5.

CFOR IA. FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY Of office, October 7, 1887. Clara C. Knight, administratrix of George W. Knight, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.

Law3mos W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY TO office, October 7, 1887. Isaac Robinson, administrator of Joseph Gordon, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, and the control of the contr

Iawamos Ordinary.

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S

office, October 7, 1887. Henry B. Tompkins has
applied for letters of administration on the estate of
Bessie W. Tompkins, deceased. This is, therefore,
to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any
they have, on or before the first Monday in November next, else letters will be granted said applicant,
as applied for W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary,
one 15 29 29 nov5 as applied for. o1e8,15,22,29,nov5

otes, 15, 22, 29, nov 5.

CLEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—COURT OF OROT dinary, chambers, October 7, 1887.—The appraisers appointed upon application of Sarah A.
Hardeman, widow of Thos. W. Hardeman, for a
twelve months support for heredi and minor children, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cived to show cause, if any they
have, at the next N wember term of this court, why
said application should not be granted.

Oct 8, 15, 22, 89, nov 5.

Ordinary.

Oct 8, 15, 22, 89, nov 5.

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—COURT OF ORGUNARY, Chambers, October 7, 1857.—The appraisers appointed upon application of W. P. Johnson, next friend of the children of Daniel P. Patterson, for a twelve months' support for said minor children, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next November term of this court, why said application should not be granted.

Company 15, 50, 20, nov 5.

Ordinary. Cet 8., 15, 22, 29, nov 5.

Cet 8, 15, 22, 29, nov 5.

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S A office, October 7, 1887.—John C. Kimball has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Elien C. Kimball, decessed. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to the their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in November next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

Oct 8, 15, 22, 29, nov 5.

Ordinary.

Ctes, 15, 22, 29, nov 5.

Ctengra, Filton County.—Ordinary.

Office, September 2nd, 1887.—McCalline Dawson, administrator of Margaret A. Dawson, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

law@mos Ordinary,
CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S
Office; August 5th, 1887. Anna J. Herndon
administratrix of Edward A. Herndon, represents
that she has fully discharged the duties of her said
trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This
is, therefore, to notify all persons concurred to
show cause, if any they can, on or before the first
Monday in November next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said administration.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

trix should not be discharged from said administration. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S

on or before the first Monday, in November next, why said executor should not be discharged from said trust.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S

office, August 5th, 1887. Z. A. Rice, administrator, or M. P. Kiserr, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in November next, why said administrator should not be be discharged from said administration.

Auge lawames

Ordinary.

aug6 law3mos

augé lawêmos Ordinary.

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S
Office, September 2, 1887—Georgia Williams, administratrix of Taulmine W. Taylor, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for lette s of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said alministratrix sheuld not be discharged from said trust, sheuld not be discharged from said trust, sept3-lawêm W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

CHORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S
Office, September 2d, 1887—Bozeman Adair, administrator of Thomas Alexander, Jr., represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

Inwêm BLOOD & SKIN Diseases, Syphilis—a disease most horrible in its results—completely eradicated without the use of mercury. Scrofula, Erssipeias, Fever Sores, Blotehes, Fimples, Ulcers, Pains in the Head and Bones, Syphilitic Sore Throat, Mouth and Tongue, Glandular Enlargement of the Neck, Rheumatism, Catarrh, etc., PERMANENTLY CURED WHEN OTHERS HAVE FAILED.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC The Dest Cure for Coughs, Weak Lungs, Asthma, I gestion, Inward Pains, Exhaustion. Combining the valuable medicines with Jamacia Ginger, it exerts a c

THE BOOKS FOR THE REGISTRATION OF THE voters of the city of Atlanta for the approaching election under the provisions of the local option law to be held on the 28th day of November, 1887, will be opened on the 17th day of October, 1887, will be opened on the 17th day of October, 1887, will be opened on the 28th day of November, 1887, will be opened on the 17th day of October, 1887, will be opened on the 17th day of October, 1887, but the following places, towit: For North Atlanta District, at No. 28 Feachtree street; for South Atlanta District, at the office of the tax collector at No. 38 South Fryor street, and will remain open every day (Sundays excepted) until the 18th day of November, 1887. Voters must register in the districts in which they reside.

W. L. KNOTT.

Resignator South Atlanta District,
Resignator South Atlanta District,
Resignator South Atlanta District,

Do Your Own Dyeing at Home With PEERLESS DYES THEY WILL DIE EVELYTHING, THEY ARE sold everywhere. Price ite a package cloors. They have no equal for extraorts, brightness, amount in packages or for fastness of color, or non-tading qualities. They do not crack or smut. For sale by the color, which hists: Sharp bross, druggists and apolibotaries. 26 Mariotts sureet, Alianta, us.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION Is delivered by carriers in the city, or matied, postage free, at \$1.00 per month, \$2.50 for three months, or \$10.00 a year.

THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION (Circulation over 110,000) is mailed, post-paid, for \$1.25 a year, or for \$1.00 in clubs of five or more. Address all letters to THE CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GA., OCTOBER 8, 1887.

A Helpless State. Unless the people of Iowa show the disposition and the capacity to maintain some-hing like local self-government it is more than likely that an appeal will be made to

congress for help.

If we are to believe all that we hear Iowa is in a bad way. Only a few weeks ago the complaint was made that a gang of detectives had run rough-shod over the citizens, and had searched private houses without a warrant, at the same time murderously beating the citizens who protested against such an invasion of their rights. This was bad enough, but now it is stated that a British syndicate, in possession of a large tract of land in western Iowa, has commenced evicting the original settlers because their titles are in dispute. A settler writes:

"Women of over sixty years of age, sick in bed, have been taken by six men and carried out into have been taken by six men and carried out into the driving storm. Delicate women have had their hands tied with cords until their fiesh was bruised, and then dragged shricking from their homes. Children have been born prematurely at sight of the hand of evictors. Strong men have been run down by ruffians on horseback and then handeuffed and driven from their little possessions. I might go quand multiply instances where the sheriff, with a writ of ejectment in one hand and a British contract in the other, gave these poor people their choice between these two evils, which they would take. Affidavits of the crucities practiced are being collected, says this writer, for use at Washington. collected, says this writer, for use at Washington mext winter, and will be read in both houses of con gress. They are expected to create a sensation when the people of the east are brought fully to realize what the native American ploneers are suffering at the hands of the invaders."

In view of this state of facts it would ap-

pear that the liberty of the citizen is a mean ingless phrase in Iowa. The uncitizens ofthat state seem tohave no rights that anybody is bound to respect, and worse than all, they show a lamentable lack of independence and courage. Perhaps the picture is overdrawn. If it is not, it will soon be in order for the general government to interfere and establish the republican form of government guaranteed to each state by the federal constitution.

In the decoration business, Broad street bridge appears to be a sort of orphan; and yet it is the one point in the city where decoration can be made artistically effective.

#### Corruption in the Interest of Morality.

The St. Paul Press has just had its eye opened to an evil which has been painfully conspicuous for some time in various parts of the country. The Press has discovered that during election contests, while the antiprohibitionists use money and liquor to influence voters, the prohibitionists use money and free lunches. Our contemporary is unable to see any moral difference in these methods, and it takes the proper view of the matter.

The corruption of the ballot is one of the very worst evils that could befall this coun The man who bribes a voter is a pub lic enemy. If he bribes him with a glass of liquor to vote the anti-prohibition ticket he ought to be sent to fail. If he bribes him with a sandwich and a cup of coffee to vote on the other side he is just as culpable The prohibitionists in Texas, Tennessee and elsewhere have all along seen the deep depravity of their opponents, and they have bitterly denounced their methods. But these moral reformers have been singularly blind in judging the character of their own conduct. If the idea once becomes firmly established that it is all right to bribe a voter with bread and meat there will be a more wholesale corruption of suffrage than has ever been known.

When men are working for a moral reform they should adopt moral methods, clean and honest methods. If they try to corrupt the ballot, pleading that it is in behalf of a good cause, they will not be able to pose very long as moral reform ers. In most states some of the grosser forms of bribery have been suppressed, What is needed now is to put a stop to the treating business. It should be made disgraceful as well as illegal to tempt voters with free liquor and free lunches. A voter should be his own man, and deposit his own vote. He who would make him otherwise is not fit to be a freeman, and deserves to be disfranchised.

THE New York Sun remarks that, "after all, the majority of the American people are not fools." Well, we should surmise not. This fact was settled when nineteen-twenti eths of the voters refused to vote for Ben Butler for president.

### The President and Mr. Dann.

When a prominent American or foreign allosopher, poet, scientist, statesman or olitician dies, editors all over the country ush to their cyclopædias and their biographfeal dictionaries to find out when and where he was born, what he accomplished, and all that sort of thing. Most of the obituaries of our great, as well as our lesser men which appear in the New York papers are taken bodily from the cyclopædias, with here and there a change of phrase. This is well understood among the members of the New York Press club.

We are surprised, therefore, to observe in the editorial columns of the esteemed New York Sun, whose editor is also the editor of a very worthy eyelopædia, printed by the Appletons, but practically ignored by Mr. Whitelaw Reid, of the New York Tribune, a charge to the effect that Mr. Cleveland, in recalling some very stale facts concerning the communities he is visiting, is guilty of plagiarism.

upling this charge with the Sun's support of B. F. Butler for president, we are bliged to conclude there is trouble in Editor Dana's upper story. A fact is a fact, and if it is accurately stated in the first place, subsequent statements thereof cannot vary much from the original. Moreover, a fact is public property. Recently there has been an abortive attempt on the part of some of the New York papers to copyright their cable dispatches. Now, a cable dispatch is not always a fact, but it tries to run on four legs with facts. But news, like facts, is

When Editor Dana announces in his adnirable cyclorædia that America was disin 1492, from whom does he plagiarize? From somebody, certainly. The statement of the fact is not original with Editor Dana. He was probably not on hand when the discovery was made, and he must have got his information at second hand. Therefore he is as rank a plagiarist as President Cleveland, and belongs in precisely the same category. He also states that Ogle-thorpe, having landed at Charleston, finally made a settlement at Savannah. This is also a plagiarism. He remarks, likewise, that the state house in Boston "was commenced"—(he means begun)—"in 1703."
This is also second hand information—bad

English—and therefore plagiarism.

It is comforting to know that Editor Dan is not a principal of a public school; otherwise when an innocent pupil stood-trembling in his presence and announced that three times seven are twenty-one, the youngster would hear a stentorian command to take his seat. He would be pronounced by the great editor as an unblushing plagiarist, Our opinion is that Editor Dana is too old to engage in this species of clownishness, and too young to become the George Francis Train of New York journalism.

FROM whose teeming fancy sprung the avish decorations displayed on Broad street bridge?

#### The Business Situation.

It is generally admitted by the trade papers that the financial situation has decidedly improved within the past ten days. The disbursements of the government in the bond markets restored confidence in all the money centers, and easy interest rates have since prevailed.

Southern and southeastern buyers have continued to make heavy purchases in the northern markets, and it is very evident that they feel satisfied with the prospect at

In the south, with the movement of the cotton crops, the situation materially improves, and now that the fall payments have commenced the country merchants and the banks are safely over any possible financial stringency. The outlook for the fall and winter justifies the foresight of those who have all along predicted an era of good

MR, JAY GOULD will now proceed to lead Baltimore and Ohio telegraph stock up to the watering-trough.

#### Undaunted Ohio Republicans.

Until the last legislature of Ohio repealed the law, the white and colored children of Ohio attended separate schools. The colored schools were as good as the white, and there was no sort of friction. In a great many colored schools, the colored children were taught by competent colored teachers, Now all this is changed. The negro-children have deserted their schools and are applying for admission to the white schools. We have already printed some of the

facts set forth in Editor Halstead's republican newspaper, but incidents continue to arise. Thus, for instance, at Yellow Springs, in Ohio, which contains six churches, a normal school and a college, and which is in a county that casts 4,579 republican votes to 2,252 democratic, there is a terrible state of affairs. We will let the New York Evening Post, which is always accurate, tell the story:

Under the new statute the colored children are expressly given the right to attend the white schools, but when the time for opening the schools of mainst month, the school board refused to admit e m; inst month, the school board refused to admit them. About fifty colored children presented them-selves for instruction on the opening day, but the teachers would not receive them, and in view of the popular excitement, the school board closed the the popular exchange, the school board closed the schools temporarily. Meanwhile the colored citizens employed counsel, who assure I them of the well-understood fact that there was no possible doubt of their legal right to send their children to the white schools. On Wednesday last the schools reopened, and the colored children again applied for admission, and they were again refused the or admission, and they were again refused the right to get an education, the school board sustain the teachers in this pullification of the law. se colored citizens propose to bring a suit and see ens propose to bring a suit and see if they cannot get their rights.

Here is a very unhappy state of affairs inleed. What does Editor Halstead propose to do about it? The untamed Ohio republican appears to be about as hard to handle and to hold as the wild southern ku-klux.

It is to be hoped that the coming of Mr. Randall to Atlanta will not drive Editor Watterson to Europe in search of cheap

#### EDITORIAL POSTS CRIPT.

ATLANTA IS NOW having a succession of ecoration days.

SPEAKING OF HIGGINS-However, Higgins can speak for himself.

EDITOR MOSES HANDY admits that Mr. Cleveland has made a good president. THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY of Baltimore or

ars to be a cross between an Ohio riot and a fertilizer factory. SARAH BERNHARDT is still getting advertising in gay Paree. If she was in Atlanta now,

he could be utilized as a transparency. So MUCH HAS been said in favor of the hot water cure that the Irish tenants cannot be blamed much for trying it on the evicting

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, after asserting that Mr. Cleveland is bumming around in search of a second term, advises the people of that city to treat him with lavish hospitality.

Some or our contemporaries appear to be very much afraid of a split in the southern emocracy. They may ease their minds. The democracy of the south is as solid as ever. THE POINT IS made that the government has spent six million dollars on the Pensacola navy

yard. It is mistaken economy to allow such a vast and well-equipped establishment to remain THE CHICAGO PROPLE have to be looked after very carefully. The Herald begs them not to accost the president as "Grove" or "old man." In the course of three or four more

ions Chicago will be well up in the degenerations Chic GRANDMASTER POWDERLY MAKES Some queer statements in his speeches. The other day he said that he was of foreign birth. How is this to be reconciled with his declaration in a former speech that he was born at Carbondale, Pa?

GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN'S crankism is not ectionable while it continues to amuse the great public. But now that it squints towards marchy it is a very different matter. Mr. Train has served one term in jail. Perhaps another would make him a model citizen.

IT WAS THE marquis of Aylesbury's brutality as much as anything else that caused him to be ruled out of English society. The fellow was carousing with a party of drunken women when he heard of his grandfather's death. Turning to his companions, he exclaimed: "Hurrah! Bo you hear that, girls? I'm a bloody marents!"

## LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

EDITIONS CONSTITUTION: I would be glad f you would call the attention of the proper once of the great need of a stairway, or two stairways, as he one already there is not safe, at Broad street relidge down to the platform, where the passengers will take the trains for the exposition. Two good, road stairways there will assist wonderfully in learing the platform of returning passengers, and iving room for those going out, and the cost will nly amount to a trifle. A ticket office at the bridge rould be a good thing.

EXPOSITION FRIEND.

VILDA RICA, Ga., October I, 1887.—Editors Constitution: I have been shown This Constitution of September 25th, in which my name is used in an article headed "Complaint Against Revenue Officers," and signed Z. R. Fuller. I will start off by saying I never authorized the use of my name in any such connection. It is true I was arrested by Deputy Marshal Abercramble, but was never in any danger of being shot by him. The truth of that matter is this: When Deputy Abercramble came to where I was at work in the field, there was a creek between him and me, and after telling me that he had a United States warrant for me, and for me to consider myself in arrest, he told me to walk up the creek about 200 yards, to a foot log and come ever to him, I started up the creek about 200 yards, to a foot log and come over to him, I started up the creek about 200 yards, to a foot log and come over to him, I started up the creek about 200 yards, to a foot log and come over to him, I started up the creek about 200 yards, to a foot log and come over to him, I started up the creek along, side of him, he on one side and I on the other, and went about 100 yards, when a man who was in the field, motioned me to run. Acting on the impulse of the moment, I did start to run, and after running a few steps, Abercrombie fired his pistol twice in the air, and commanded me to stop and return to him. This I thought to be the better course, and did so. Two of my sons who are about half go yn, were in the field, but were some distance off. I must say, in justice to Mr. Alercrombie, that while he his charge and while in Atlanta, I was hever treated better. I was in a very low state physically and financially and before leaving for Atlanta he gave my family money out of his own pocket to buy necessaries while I was away, and on other occasions both Deputies McDonald and Aberc on hie assisted my family money out of his own pocket to buy necessaries white I was away, and on other occasions both Deputies McDonald and Aberc on hie assisted my family with m A Card From Thomas Bragg. VILDA RICA, Ga., October 1, 1887.—Editor

thom.

a I have written this, Messrs. Editors, simply because my name was used in your columns. and, in conclusion, will say, so far as my knowledge and experience goes, no officer of this district, under the present administration, has ever in any way exceeded his duty, both as officer and gentleman. Very respectfully,

Thomas Bragg.

#### Tyranny in Taxation

NEWNAN, Ga., October 7 .- Editors Consti NEWNAN, Ga., October 7.—Editors Constition: Your views on the subject of American excise taxes are so eminently just and patriotic that no man who is at all concerned for the best interests of the country, can fall to indorse you. Our present system, as a fiscal instrumentality is a failure; and if we are not mistaken in the current of political thought, it will receive a \$\tilde{V}\$-ry precarious support from Ceinocratic members of the next congress. But aside from considerations of revenue the system itself is so inherently wicked, its operation is so utterly at variance with genuine republican principals. tem itself is so interently weighed, its operation is so utterly at variance with genuine republican principles, so abhorient to our sense of justice and so radically pernicious in all its political phases, the wonder is, that while so many abuses, incubated in the passions of civil revolution, have been swept away by enlightened statesmanship, this foulest blot that ever disgraced the American code, is still suffered to remain. It was Lord Bincham I believe who said that Bingham, I believe, who said that in the very nature of things excise taxes were al-ways olious. If the distinguished English states man had lived to witness the system in full operaion in free America; if he had seen homes made desolate; if he had seen our courts crowded by per-jured hirelings, swearing away the liberty of the citizen, salaried swearers, whose only business is to citizen, salaried swearers, whose only business is to swear—to swear by the day and to swear for the government at two dollars per ciem, if he had seen an army of spies and informers, with appetite as keen for prey as the seent of sleuth-hounds for blood; men dragged like felons from their wives and children simply to extort a few dollars of cost; if he had seen hundreds of witnesses stricken from the roll by the government itself, because they were hum in vulturers, he might have said that our system was the very heart of all tyranny. Every blow you strike, Mr. Editor, is for ty: anny. Every blow you strike, Mr. Editor, is for

human liberty.

Lay on McDuff and damned be he who first cries, hald! enough!

The argument is, that those who favor the repeal of the internal revenue taxes, are for free whisky.

Those who thus argue are incapable of correct reasoning, or knowingly pervert the truth. But suppose it be true. As between free libers on the research. pose it be true. As between free liquor and tyranny, give me liquor and liberty.

Again, it is insisted that the repeal of inter-

Again, it is insisted that the reper nal revenue taxes means protection per here is no sense and no truth in this Thousands and tens of thousands of true and tried democrats are opposed to tariff for protection, per and are in favor of a tariff for nue with incidental protection; they favor a modification of our tariff laws and such a revision as will, while it furnishes revenue for economical administration, encourage and foster home products in competition with foreign products. These same men hate everything connected with the internal revenue system, and I lift up a warning today and proclaim it from the house tops, that their allegiance to democracy ceases where tyranus begins.

#### He Was Surprised.

From Tid Bits. G. Baxter Hanscom is editor and propri etor of a bright little weekly newspaper in the rural districts of the west. He was lately married to a pretty little woman who is filled with a laudable de-

sire to help Baxter along all she can.
"Type-setting looks just as easy as anything," she said the other day. "I just know I could do it as well as anybody. Let me help," Although Hanseom is his own compositor he

Although Hanseom is his own compositor ne didn't accept this offer at once. His wife had "learned the case" as she called it, and that, she thought, was the graduating degree in the type-setting profession. She was in the office alone the other day when a wedding notice was orought in.
"Oh," she said, gleefully, "I'll just set this up and

"Ob," sne said, greenily, "I'll just set this up and slip it in the form, and won't Baxies be surprised when he sees it in print." It therefore appeared as follows in the next issue of the Courier:
"maRigq; at Tue Residency Of The BRIDES Pasenttis on wonda y eveng Sepig 82. 7881 Mr. Juho jacknos to miss ka'y maRt.u? the Ceremony—Was Serfoodm by Revv. mR. Deeen In the resence of a large number of FReidsu of The Sunod couple, & was a berry joini Ocscasino, MR. and bmss will Bo was a berry joful Ocscasino, MR. and mrsss will Be at Hoem to the. rfris at 834 b St after octo, 100." Of course Baxter was surprised. So was Mr. John Jackson and his wife, who didn't think they had received a full equivalent for the five doflars they had paid for "a good send-off."

#### A Persuasive Kentucky Girl.

Society has something to talk about. It is Society has something to talk about. It is the original manner in which a young lady overruled a decision of her father's. The daughter of a
well known professional gentleman winked to make
a visit to some friends in New Orleans. The father
withheld his consent. The young lady was very indignant. Her father entertained some gentlemen
friends at his house and gave a handsome supper.
In the midst of the meal they heard a tremendous
noise in the room above them. It sounce'l as if
some one were overturning all the furniture. The
host rose hastily and went tip to see what was the
matter. His daughter was lying squarely on her
back in the middle of the floor, bounding it with
her heels and small pieces of furniture she held in
her hands. He asked her what was the matter, and
she replied that she wished to go to New Orleans.
He told her to stop her noise; that she could not go. He told her to stop her noise; that she could not ge He went back down to his guests, and in ten mir ne were base down to his guests, and in ten min utes the noise was resumed worse than ever. He went up to his daughter's room and again found he beating the floor. "You can go to New Orleans," he exclaimed, angrily, "and you can tart tonight." Thus the young lady carried her point.

#### A Welcome Visitor. rom the New York Tribune

Mr. Samuel J. Randall is going to Atlanta next week to open the southern expandion there. He says that the wonderful strides made by the south in magnifacturing and other industrial pursuits during the last two or three years warrant the ballef that the exhibition will be a very great suc-

#### MR. TRAIN'S FAREWELL.

Goes to Chicago to be Killed, he Says.

Less than fifty people were present at Climton hall, 16, Clinton place, last night to hear Citizen George Francis Train deliver his farewell address in New York. He said, first:

"Are the reporters here? I am here to tulk to them and not to the audience. I go to Chicago Friday to be shot. We are on the eve of a terrible revolution. Monopolisis rule us. Sage: Field and Gould are the hely trinity of our fettered country, I hirad Battery hall, in Chicago for Sunday night, and 5,000 tickets were sold, but I heard I was to be stabbed, so I ssill speak in the Casino there in the afternoon. Nobody ever stabs in the afternoon. If those seven condemned anarchists hang for nothing, 20,000 600 inen in all the towns of our land, will cut their brother's throats as they did in Franc."

Here a small boy held up a small blackboard, and Mr. Train preved by a series of ciseles and a picture of Wall street that Jay Goullowns all the New York newspapers, and that Citizen Train was the hero of Jules Yerre's "Around the World in Eighty Days." He continued:

"Every man does as his destiny compels him, I have been quiet long, but when I heard those seven men were to hang I saw that I could save them and the country from a civil war. The Tweed ring never was knoken. The papers are receiving millions today to keep it quiet, and \$10,000 is being stylen from the comptroller's office. I will speak in wenty five cities before I am through. I have telegraphed that Bonfield be arrested for murder. Grinnell is so secred that he has resigned. Black indozes all I do. I go to die, not for dogs, but for

graphed that Bonfield be arrested for murder. Griunell is so secred that he has resigned. Black indoxes all I do. I go to die, not for dogs, but for myself. I leave Madyson square forever. There is an ozone that will protect me from dunger in all my

anderings."
He here showed by diagrams, which proved that Trinity steeple was 400 feet lower than Lake O stario, that New York was to be destroyed by icebergs, which will come down from the north. He re-

I have \$20,000,000 in Omaba lands. The reporter "I have \$20,000,000 in Omahn lands. The reporters who stand by me here tonight can put their hands into that some day. I don't want it. What I say will not appear in the morning papers. The night editors will kill it. They are paid to. I am going to Chicago to use in lammatory language. I started the Commune in France, and marched through the streets with 200,000 men. Twenty thousand Bonapartists charged on us. Wrapped in the American flag, I dayed them to fire. As to the Masons, a secret order where husbands some and brothers keep up a order where husbands, sons and brothers keep up secret league for 3,000 years without their wives an daughters, they are committing crime. The Masons run politics. I have joined the pope to smash the Masons. The snakes and hyenas who will not allow women to be present must have some evil purpose. I have not spoken for years. You will never hear me again. I leave you now and forever".

#### HIS LIFE A SAD ONE.

Thirteen Cats and Eleven Dogs Make Him Tired of Home.

From the New York Star. 'Squire, she had thirteeen dogs and elever "Squire, she had thirteeen dogs and eleven cats in the house, and we couldn't agree. I paid a man five dollars to come round into the yard and try and make some arrangement with the animals, so that I gould get some rest, and that's the cause of the disagreement. My wife would have the dogs and cats, and resented any interference with them. We have no children."

This was the answer a man with a sad face made to justice. Warfield restorday, after his wife, had

to Justice Warfield yesterday, after his wife bad told the magistrate she and her husband couldn't get along. She complained that the domestic brasch was widening every day. The man rested his head In his hand and listened to the story, exaggerated to his mind, the wife told of her troubles. She said but little of the dogs and cats, but when her husband spoke of them, it was with sorrow and suffering. The squire advised them to try, it possible, to adjust their differences lovingly, and not let a little trifle like thirteen cats and eleven dogs wreck their happiness. It was ev dent the animals were a burden on the man's mind. He seemed thoroughly dejected. The couple went out of the court room and discussed the situation, but it seemed impossible to come to satisfactory terms. The men consented to try life at home again if the number of animals were cut down in some proportion, say one-half. She wanted all her pets with her. The two left the station. The husband refused to go home to be greeted with those playful yelps and meows, so grating to his nerves, but music so pleasant to his spouse. He stood on the corner the p dune of sadness, and looked at the splendors in the western sky as the sun was sinking, and thought, no doubt, of life in the beyond, where neither eats nor dogs disturb the tranquility of the soul. Something conquered him, it may be the look from his wife on the other side of the street. With the expression of a martyr on his face, he fol lowed his wife down the street, and the two went

#### CURE FOR INSOMNIA. Simple Method of Securing Refreshing and Uninterrupted Sleep.

I had frequently noticed that when engaged in deep thought, particularly at night, there seemed to be something like a compression of the eyelids, the upper one especially, and the eyes themselves were apparently turned upward, as if looking in that direction. This invariably occurred, and the moment that, by an effort, I arrested the course of

hought and freed the mind from the subject with which it was engaged the eyes resumed their natural position and the compression of the lids ceased.

Now, it occurred to me one night that i would not allow the eyes to turn upward, but kept them determinedly in the opposite position, as if looking lown: and, having done so for a short time, I determinedly in the opposite position, as II fooking down; and, having done so for a short time, I found that the mind did not revert to the thoughts with which it had been occupied, and I son fell askep. I tried the plan again with the semeresult, and, after an experience of two years, I can truly say that, unless when something really annoying or worrying occurred, I have always been able to go to clear your shortly after retiring to rest.

or worrying occurred, I have always seen able to go to sleep very shortly after retiring to rest. There may occasionally be some difficulty in keeping the eyes in the position I have described, but a determined effort to do so is all that is requir-ed, and I am certain that, if kept in the dcwn-looking position, it will be found that co and sleep will be the result.

#### Killed by Liberty's Torch.

From the Indianapolis News. The people are aware that on Bedloe's Island, in the barbor of New York, stands the statue of Liberty, with a flaming torch in its up lifted hand; the poetical purpose being to enlight the world. By the human eye, the light can the world. By the human eye, the light can be seen at a distance of thirty-six railes, and by the seen at a distance of thirty-six miles, and by the bird's eye a much greater distance; and as the sequal shows so much the worse for the bird's, particularly those which are seeking the sunny south land to spend the winter. The New York Herald says that during one night last week thirteen hundred and sixty-five birds were burned to death by Liberty's torch, and that among the dead hirds found in the morning at the base of the statue, there were specimens of more than one hundred distinct species. The largest bird was a Canadian woodpocker. It measured thirteen inches from wing to wing, and its girth was correspondingly great. The smallest bird was a one inch long, lovely plumaged humming bird. An examination proved that the heat of the light had blinded the unfortunate creatures, and that in not a few cases, proved that the heat of the light had blinded the unfarjunate creatures, and that in not a few cases, their brains were actually reasted. Strictly speaking, hardly any of them were dashed to death, but were stally burned and blinded. It is not often that such a bird calamity is recorded, and if it goes on during the migratory seasons the torch of Liberty will depopulate the forests of the birds of beautiful slucesee and continuity so and captivating song.

#### Some Feats of Zerah Colburn.

From an Exchange. Zerah Colburn was asked to say what num ber multiplied into itself would give the number 288,336,125, writes Professor Proctor. The idea was to see how far he would get ahead of a practiced omputer, who was set to work finding the c of the number (for that was what Colburn was asked for) by the usual process. But before the practiced computer had written down the number Colburn gave the answer, 645. Colburn was at this time only eight years old, and he had not even so much ineight years old, and he had not even so much instruction in arithmetic is most boys of that age have received. He knew nothing of the rules of extracting roots. But even if he had known how to extract the cube root of a number, his feat, would not be less maryelous. Let any one who would learn in appreciate Colburn's calculating power try the following experiment: Set down the number just named and obtain the cube root by the ordinary method, making the property the work. Best down the first property the work next cover the first property. ing no hurry over the work; next copy the fi thus obtained, setting them down (in their or obtained) as fast as a pen or pencil will travel, noting the time taken in this easy part of the work. Then consider that a child eight years old obtained the right result, without pen or pencil, in less time than had been taken to copy down the number

### self to which all the calculation thus written out

ad been applied.

Asked what numbers will divide 25,083 exactly Colburn at once answere i: "None." Let the reade try how long it takes with pen and paper to prov that this is really so; he will have to try the divis ors 3, 7, 11, 18, 17, 19, 23, 29, 21, 37, 41, 43, 47, 55, an many more, up to 187, before the proof will be com-plete.

plete.
Once, and once only, did Colburn have to make any considerable effort in dealing with a number as he dealt with 26,083. The number was somewhat famous in mathematical annals—viz: 2,294,967,277, of which the great aritmeticatan, Fermat, had declared that it had no division. Fermat even gave what appeared to him a proof of this; but the celebrated mathematicien, Euler, showed that the proof was incomplete. Euler also, after long labor, found a number, 641, which will divide Fermat's asserted indivisible. Colburn was set the same task which had folled Fermat, and occupied Euler for months. The little child could not answer that day, nor the aext, nor for a week or fortinglyt. But in the third The little child could not answer that day, nor the next, nor for a week or fortnight. But in the third week he gave the solution. During that time he had kept no records of his work, save in that won-derfailly retentive little brain of his. It may interest the reader to know that the number over which Fermat and Euler had contended, is obtained by multiplying two into itself thirty-one times, and adding units. Colburn did the work of thus obtaining the number in a few minutes. aber in a few minutes.

#### A FASHIONABLE INVENTOR.

## Rich and Pretty Young Society Leader in

"Who did that?" "Why do you ask?"
"Because it must have been invented by a man who knows all rabout bridge building and I didn't know anyone of the name on this model in that line of business."

"Well," returned the patent solicitor, in whese office in New York a Mail and Express reporter was axamining the model of a machine for making wire rope. "It was invented by a person who couldn't build a bridge across a canal unless there were planks at band long enough to reach from shore to shore."

"Who did invent it?"

'A woman?" "Yes, and the wife of a Wall street banker."

"How did she happ n to do it."
"I'll tell you. One day in her sewing room she wanted to twist some worsted. She tried several ways and finally hit upon a spool and the device you see in the model. That night she read in the evening paper about the difficulty wire rope maker experienced in twisting the strands. It occurred to her that her contrivance might be made useful in

"Of course her husband helped her to put it in shape?

"Of cours he did nothing of that sort. He ridiculed the idea. She worked on it a while and then brought it to me. I had a model made and then brought it to me. I had a model made and then procured a patent. Last week a San Francisco firm of wire rope makers offered my pretty madam—for she is just as pretty as clever—\$25,000 cash for her invention and a royalty that will amount to as much more. The papers were signed on Monday and the check is now lying at madam's credit in her husand's bank."

"A fortunate wife for a man to have. He need ot work so ! acd now."
"Let it be said to his credit," concluded the solic

that he has refused absolutely to touch on ent of the money and he will not allow her good ortune to interfere with the allowance he always nakes her. The money is hers and hers alone to pend or save—whichever she pleases.

#### TO THE OLD ROMAN DESPOTISM. ach Mayor Hewitt Thinks is the Tendency of Henry George's Views.

Mayor Hewitt was talking to Alderman Dowling ye torday about Henry George and his the-orfes. "Those theories have been tested." Fe said. "Mr. Goorge favors a paternal government. That was tried by the Roman empire in the third and fourth centuries, as is known by all readers of his tory. The stat, regulated all the industries over the whole Roman empire—for three or four hundred million people. The experiment worked well enough in the third century, but in the next century the people were starving. The people realized that they were compelled to work for the state and they did as little as they could and finally stopped gether. The state decreed that men work at certain trades and no other, and when they died their children fill their places.

"Paternal government means despotism, and with despotism comes decadence. When a government interferes with private business or enterprise per-sonal liberty is endangered. Where there is no personal liberty there is no happiness or contentment There should be no legislative interference between capital and labor. Political parties make a mis capital and labor. Political parties make a mis-take in promising legislation for labor or against capital. Legislation should be for the whole people, not for any particular class.

#### A Big Scheme.

hands of an innocent purchaser without notice of a prior unrecorded warranty deed will take precedence. 2. But the deed to Innan, executed April 29th, 1878, is not a quit claim, especially as regards Hockenhall and all persons claiming under Oliver. By its very terms it contains an express warranty against all such claimants. Inman's rights are as complete as they would be under a full warranty against claims of all persons; 3d, Hockenhull by express agreement with Oliver withheld all knowledge of his deed from Inman and kept it off the records about four years; 4th, whatever the character of the deed to Inman in 1878 we are forced to rely upon it for a valid title. The deed to Inman in 1875 was not superseded by the deed of 1878. Both are links in the chain of title; the Paris, October 7 .- A plan has been submitted by Admiral Cloue to the minister of public works for the construction of a bridge across the English channel at Calais. The bridge is to be similar to the Niagara suspension bridge, and made of iron. There will be passenger ways and a place for railread tracks. The structure, if built, will extend from the Dover heights to the hills at the back of Calais, enabling ships and steamers to pass under neath without difficulty.

#### Cholera in Chili

From the New York Times. The reappearance of Asiatic cholera in three cities of Chili has caused a revival of the rigid quarantine regulations by which other South American countries on the west coast oxcluded the disease last winter. Although the mortality in Chili was large during the prevalence of the first epidemic, the dis ease was well handled by the government and the health authorities, and it is probable that the exper feuce then gained will be effectively used in suppressing the plague now without serious loss of life

### When to See the Exposition.

From the New York Herald. THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION says there is no "best time" to visit the great fair, and that the wise men of the east and west will be there at the opening and then stay to witness the closing cere-monies. Georgia will have the latchstring out all

From the Rome Tribune Mr. Cleveland's whole trip was directed toward Atlanta, and the Atlanta invitation tempted him out of the white house. Well, he will never re-

#### PICKED UP

Tid-Bits: We are glad to shout down word from the top that there seems to be more room up here Tid-Bits: Chicago husband—Ah! good news, good news! Our divorce has been granted.
Chicago wife—Thank goodness, we can now be

happy for evermore. Somerville Journal: The boy who whistles twentyfive hours out of the twenty-four may not become a burglar or a murderer when he grows up, after all. He is likely not to grow up if you get a fair chance

Bob Burdette: A fashion item says that the "V"

Bob Durdete: A fashion item says teat the "V" corsage will be in vogue this fall and winter, but the writer neglects to inform many an anxious reader how a "V" corsage can be secured by the possessor of an "P" purse. possessor of an 'A' purse.

A teacher in a boys' school in an adjoining county found forty big pupils out of sixty-three who had never read the constitution of the United States, and were ignorant of the cause

which led to its preparation. Every mother's son of them, however, could tell of the standing of each baseball club in the national league and the American association. Boston Courier: "My father is a very genial man," she said, "and desires that I shall extend the hospitalities of the house to every caller. Will

you take something before you go?"
"Well, yes," replied the youth, "I will, with your
permission, take a kiss from you." The maid was abashed, but the youth was equal occasion, and the hospita

Detroit Pres Press: "Kin I git a man arrested?" asked a colored man at the sergeant's desk in police headquarters yesterday.

"What for?"

"Fur callin' me names,"

"Weil, sab, he called me dodo."
"And what is a dodo?"

## TITLE MADE PERFECT

An Account of the Suit Brought Against it Holders of the Land Whereon The Con-stitution Building Now Stands.

The supreme court yesterday rendered a

rision in the case of Hockenhull et. al., exe

utors, etc., versus Oliver et. al., that will put a stop to a series of claims that have been made

The case is interesting enough to recite the

The case is interesting enough to recite the facts.

On the 9th of February, 1875, Oliver, who owned the lot on the corner of Alabama and Forsyth streets, borrowed from S. M. Inman \$5,090, giving as security a warranty deed to property now occupied by "The Constitution of January, 1876, one year after, the consent of C. E. Oliver, wife of J. S. Oliver, the grantor, was indorsed on the back of the deed, and both were duly recorded in the clerk's office of Fulton county. Previous to that, J. S. Oliver borrowed] of Lawson Black \$1.800, giving his note with John Hockenhull, now dead, as security, To protect Hockenhull in giving his security, Oliver on the same day, or according to testimony, a year afterwards, executed, deed deed the late.

hull in giving his security, Ofiver on the same day, or according to testimony, a year after wards, executed a deed, dated Jannary 1, 1876, to Hockenhull, with his wife's indorsement to the same property: but by express terms made subject to the deed previously made to Inman. The consideration was \$1,800, and the note to Black was due one day after date. This deed was not recorded until November 11, 1879, or nearly four years after it was made.

THE FACTS IN THE CASE.

On A pril 29, 1878, J. S. Oliver being unable to repay money borrowed of Inman, and design

On April 29, 1878, J. S. Oliver being unable to repay money borrowd of Inman, and desiring more money, executed to Inman another deed to same preperty for the consideration of \$8,500, and Inman took possession thereunder, having surrendered to Oliver his note for the \$5,000 borrowed in 1875, and paid him the additional sum to make \$8,500, and Oliver surrendered Inman's bond for titles. Under last deed, recorded in May. 1878, Inman and his assignees have held uninterrupted possession since the date thereof. S. M. Inman conveyed to H. T. Inman, and he to The Constitution Publishing company, the present holders and owners.

TITUTION Publishing company, the present olders and owners.

Now here is where the trouble begins to create the company of the present of the

Now here is where the trouble begins to crop-out. In February, 1881, Lawson Black brought suit on Oliver's \$1,800 note, and Hockenhull's executors having paid it off, took judgment againts Oliver, dated October 12th, 1881, for some \$1,600. The senior Hockenhull died in March, 1880, and complainants in the case before the supreme court yesterday qualified as executors May 3d, 1880.

The deed of April 29th, 1878, to Inman, con-ceys as follows:

"All my right, title, and interest to and in

the following described property (describing property fully) and concludes with the following warranty: 'So that I for myself, nor any persons chaiming under or through me.

persons claiming under or through me, shall at any time hereafter by any way or means, have claim or demand any right, title, or interest in the aforesaid city lot or parcel of land and its

appurtenances or any part thereof."

"Inman took this deed, paying the additional consideration therefor, without notice of the deed to Hockenhull, made in 1876. Hockenhull agreed with Oliver to withhold his deed from record, and to withhold all knowledge of its evistence from Ingree."

deed from lecter, and edge of its existence from Inman," declares the brief of James R. Gray, attorney for declares the brief of James R. Gray, attorney for declares the brief of the desired on the declares.

the brief of James R. Gray, attorney for defendants in error. The question raised on the Inman deed, is that it is a quit-claim deed, conveying only such interest as Oliver then had, which was nothing, he having previously parted with his interest to Hockenhull. The bill of the complainants, filed by Judge George N. Lester, sought to foreclose Hockenhull's deed as an equitable mortgage subject to deed, or equitable mortgage to Inman, dated February, 1875, and to ignore the deed of April, 1878; also to sell the property, pay off the debt to Hockenhull's estate.

THE ARGUMENT OF COUNSEL.

THE ARGUMENT OF COUNSEL.

In arguing the case before the supreme court, Mr. James R. Gray, counsel for John S. Oliver, Samuel M. Inman, Hugh T. Inman and Construction Publishing company, in a particularly able manner discussed the following propositions: 1. A quit claim deed is as effectual for the purpose of conveying title as a deed with full covenant of warranty, and in the hands of an innocent purchaser without notice of a prior unrecorded warranty deed will take innecedence. 2. But the deed to Inman, exempseedence.

Both are links in the chain of title: the

deed in 1878 was not necessary as the title was already vested by the deed of 1875; lastly, In-man acted throughout the entire transaction

in good faith.

in good faith.

THE SUPREME COURT DECIDES THE CASE.

The case was first argued before Judge Marshall J. Clarke in March without a jury, resulting in favor of the défendants. It went thence to the supreme court, and the decision was rendered yesterday by Judge Simmons, who held that the only right the debtor had in the land after making the first deed was to redeem it more payment of borrowed money.

the land after making the first deed was to redeem it upon payment of borrowed money, but when he borrowed more and executed the second deed the title of Inman became parfect, and was not subject to the debt to Hockenhull. The court also held that:

"Where an owner of land conveyed it by warranty deed for the purpose of securing an indebtedness, and took a bond for title from his creditor, the interest which the debtor had in the land was the right to redeem it; and where subsequently he made a second deed to bis creditor for a valuable consideration, all his right, title and interest in and to the property, and warranting it against himself and any person claiming under him, this was a sufficient deed to vest the title in the grantee and it was not void because it did not describe the amount of interest that the grantor had in the land."

WHAT WILL RECOME OF OTHER CLAIMS.

There are a series of claims against the property based just upon the point contained in

There are a series of claims against the property based just upon the point contained in the above decided case. It is likely that nothing more will be heard of them, as the supreme court has confirmed the title of Inman and the subsequent holders after him, beyond the shadow of doubt or controversy.

Mr. Gray argued the case ably and was highly complimented by those who heard him. His partner, Captain W. D. Ellis, was associated in the case, and rendered valuable assistance.

The "old Constitution corner" is solid in

A Late Prohibition Leader

In the death of John B. Finch, chairman of

In the death of John B. Piner, charman the executive committee of the national prohibition party, a capital organizer and politician has been lost to a party which certainty needed all it had. Mr. Finch had considerable political experience before he became a prohibitionist, and that party will have great difficulty in filling his place.

BY E. H. GRIFFITHS.

A maiden passed the meadow through Where flowers of gold, and white, and blue. In framesof green were set. In the shadow of a hedge On the randway's very edge Bloomed a violet.

with so energetic and capable a man,

Spoke the child so neaf and prim:
"Violet on the ditch's brim,
My heart bleeds for you.
Almost hid in weeds you lie,
Solled with dust of passers by
Is your frock of blue.

Should the miller's brindled cow That grases youder, puss by now, Then your fate were scaled. But my hand shall saye you, that In the ribbou of my hat You your pertune yield."

THE ARGUMENT OF COUNSEL.

from time to time "THE CONSTITUTION ner," on the corner of Alabama and Fors

Suit Against "The Constitution Which Exhibitors Have for th Corner" Lost by Complainants Arrangement for Displays. FULL HISTORY OF THE CASE

THE ENTRIES FOR STAKE RACES

The Exposition Police-What is Being Don the Grounds-Entertain News of All Sorts.

THE LAST DAY

ly two days-today and ton e before the great gates of the expesit ads will be thrown open to the public.

Any person having a privilege on the less the balance upon his privilege is paid ay. This is positive, and the last notice that will be given.

Closing Up for Monday.

telegram in yesterday's Constitution "All business in St. Louis was suspended.
It was 'fair day.'" "In Philadelphia duri
the late celebration, the stores were all close ebration, the stores were all cutipe day, as did every sh

the late celebration, the budget of the property of the late of th

Mr. Joseph M. Brown announces that the reight and passenger offices of the Wester and Atlantic road will close at 12 o'close

Monday.
Mr. E. H. Barnes telegraphs that the freigh
and passenger offices of the East Tennessee
Virginia and Georgia road will close Monday
morning at 12 o'clock. the other roads will follo

We presume the other roats will choose suit.

The wholesale dry goods merchants, grocers and dealers in boots and shoots will close.

The furniture men, retail grocers, hardware jewelry, boots, shoes and crockery men will close, as will also the dentists, lawyers, doctors, public offices, banks, printing offices, shops and factories.

This will leave but few stores open in the city. The shoppers will understand this. The whole of Atlanta is going to Piedmont park on Monday evening. Will not all come in and have the whole city closed from 12 o'clock until dark, so that twenty-five thousand people may start the exposition with a grant boom?

A number of firms sent their names to THE CONSTITUTION yesterday, and doubtless man more will do so today. Additional names re-ceived yesterday were:

ATLANTA, October 7.—We, the undersigned real estate agents agree to close our offices at 12 m. Octobe to 10th, to make it "Atlanta Day," at the opening of Piedmont exposition:

Harry Krouse,

H. L. Wilson,

Sam't W. Goode,

Smith & Daller,

G. H. Eddleman,

A, S. Taller,

West & Goldsmith MANUFACTURERS OF FRATILIZERS

Geo. W. Scott Manufacturing Co., Furman Farm Improvement Co., Southern Phosphate Co., It. Julien Rayenel & Co., The Atlanta Character

The Atlanta Guana Co.,
John M. Green,
Clitton Chemical and Phosphate Co.,
Sam'l Martin, Manager Williams & Clark Co.
THE RETAIL GROCERS.

Retail grocers in all parts of the city will
close on Monday. In yesterday's Constitution there was a list of Peachtree retailers,
who will close. Mr. C. J. Kamper asks to
have his name added to the list. Several lists
are being circulated among the retailers in difare being circulated among the retailers in d forent parts of the city and the feeling in fav of closing seems to be unanimous.

Mesers. H. Crankshaw & Co. telephone that the manufacturing establishments will repor

today.

The board last night unanimously renewed its request to all stores to close at 12 o'clock on Monday for the benefit of the exposition and

send in names to THE Constitution and ey will be published tomorrow.

Work at the Grounds Yesterday. An immense amount of work was done the grounds yesterday. Fifty chricads of freight was unleaded. Director Wylie had the aprofor unleading the cattle in shape, and severa carloads of hogs, cows and horses were unleaded. Director Chamberlin came in fron the grounds at 10 c'elock last night, and reported that thirty electric lights were burning and two hundred and fifty hands were at work and almost every exhibitor had a force of more engaged in arranging his exhibit, and that the show was almost ready.

There were more than two hundred men a work last night, and it was a busy scene in

There were more than two hundred men at work last night, and it was a busy scene indeed. More than twenty-five electric lights were burning brightly in the different buildings, and a full night's work was put in. Those who visited the baildings yesterday would hardly know them today, so great has

To Exhibitors of Poultry and Pet Stock To Exhibitors of Poultry and Pet Stock.

Local exhibitors are earnestly requested to have their fowls and pet stock sent to the exposition grounds to-day. Address them to Mr. W. B. Henderson, who will receive them and see that they are properly classed and cared for. Entry blanks will be furnished by him. It is important to the success of the exposition that the local poultry breeders, pigeon fanciers and pet stock breeders should have their exhibits in shape and at the exposition before Sunday night. This request is earnestly addressed to every citizen. It will, not do to let the poultry show be the only part of the exposition not ready on Monday morning. Three car loads of poultry will arrive to-day from Pennsylvania and Illinois and local exhibitors should not fail to be on hand.

The Blue and Grey.

Colonel E. P. Howell, chairman of the committee of fifty, has appointed the following gentlemen as a special reception committee of into vetrans:

Inton votrans:
L. H. Tonge,
W. H. Wright,
V. F. Wilson,
J. B. Davis.
Officers of Mitchell Post, G. A. R., will
please confer with them or with committee of
arrangement, as named in Constitution of
Thursday, October 6th, regarding reunion at
Kennesay.

A Stable From Augusta.

Mr. G. H. Kneeland, of Augusta, well known throughout the country in racing cirsles, reached the city yesterday, and is stopping at the Kimball. Mr. Kneeland's stable of racers has been on the grounds for a week past, and has attracted much attention. The stable consists of four horses, all fine racers with good records, except one, which is a two-year-old colt, of great promise. Mittia "B.," Belle Walsh and Hearne Wood, the other three, have been favorites in several hard-fought races. Mr. Kneeland's friends will have the satisfaction of seeing all four horses his the grit during the exposition.

The Bicyclists.

yelists are enthu The bleyclists are enthusiastic over the property for fine races—many of the noted fivers both north and south will be present. Chris and Higham, of Washington; Rowe, Crock and Windle, of Lynn, Mass.; Hill, of New O leans, and Hart, of Gadsden, Ala; are amorthem. Fully one hundred entries will be reorded before the date set for their closin. The handsome prizes, both in cash and meda have attracted unusual attention, and a glosses is about a support.

The Superior Courts Closing superior court of Richmond count dance with unanimous wish of the local during the weak of the presi o Allanta so that everybody can

AMUSEMENTS

OPERA HOUSE

Matiness Wednesday, Priday, Saturday, at 2:00

PROF. BRISTOL'S

EQUES-GURRICULUM

22 Educated Horses, Ponies & Mules 22

MONDAY and TUESDAY, (SPECIAL TUESDAY October 10 and 1).

The Charming and Beautiful Young Lyric Star MISS FLORENCE BINDLE

CONCORDIA HALL

HYAM'S SPECIALTY CO

GRAND OPENING MONDAY NIGHT OCTOBER 10TH

Fifteen Refined Specialty Artists!

PAUL FEINE, LEADER OF THE ORCHESTRA

LITTLE SWITZERLAND,

NEAR OUR LOVELY GRANT'S PARK, IS THE

FOR STUTTERING OR STAMMERING, OR ANY other difficulty in articulation.
Office hours—7 to 9, 12 to 2, 5 to 9, at Piedment

Office hours—7 to 9, 12 to 2, 5 to 9, at Piedm House, 49% South Pryor. I have the strongest letters of indorsement, ask you to call and see them. There is no cha for it. I give a few references, whem I have cun H. P. Rumford, cashier National Bank, Wilmit

Timmons & McCloud, Al Thompson, Van Osten & Clark, Geo. Adams,

Traveling in their magnificent parior on SUPERIOR BAND AND ORCHES

## TITLE MADE PERFECT

Suit Against "The Constitution Corner" Lost by Complainants

FULL HISTORY OF THE CASE An Account of the Suit Brought Against th Hobiers of the Land Whereon The Con-stitution Building New Stands.

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The case is interesting enough to recite the facts.

On the 9th of Pebruary, 1875, Oliver, who owned the lot on the corner of Alabama and Forsyth streets, borrowed from S. M. Imman S5,000, giving as security a warranty deed to property now occupied by "The Constitution building." On the 10th of January, 1876, one year after, the consent of C. E. Oliver, wife of J. S. Oliver, the grantor, was indorsed on the back of the deed, and both were duly recorded in the clerk's office of Fulton county. Previous to that, J. S. Oliver borrowed of Lawson Black \$1.800, giving his note with John Hockenhull, now dead, as security, To protect Hockenhull in giving his security, Oliver on the same day, or according to testimony, a year afterwards, executed a deed, dated January I. 1876, to Hockenhull, with his wife's indorsement, to the same property: but by express terms, made subject to the deed previously made to Inman. The consideration was \$1,800, and the note to Black was due one day after date. This deed was not recorded until November 11, 1879, or hearly four years after it was made. THE FACTS IN THE CASE.

On April 29, 1878, J. S. Oliver being unable to repay money borrowed of Inman, and desiring more money, executed to Inman, and desiring nore money, executed to Inman, and desiring nore money, executed to Inman another deed to same property for the consideration of \$8,500, and Inman took possession thereunder, having surrendered to Oliver his note for the \$5,000 borrowed in 1873, and paid him the additional sam to make \$8,500, and Oliver surrendered Inman's bond for titles. Under last deed, recorded in May. 1878, Imman and his assignees have held uninterrupted possession since the date thereof. S. M. Imman conveyed to H. T. Inman, and he to The Cox-striutton Publishing company, the present holders and owners. The case is interesting enough to recite the

Now here is where the trouble begins to cropout. In February, 1881, Lawson Black brought
suit on Oliver's \$1,800 note, and Hockenhull's
executors having paid it off, took judgment
gaints Oliver, dated October 12th, 1881, for
some \$1,600. The senior Hockenhull died in
March, 1880, and complainants in the case
efore the supreme court yesterday qualified
s executors May 3d, 1880.

THE VARIOUS DEEPS GIVEN. THE VARIOUS DEEDS GIVEN.

s as follows: All my right, title, and interest to and in

"All my right, title, and interest to and in a following described property (describing coperty fully) and concludes with the following warranty: 'So that I for myself, nor any grsons claiming under or through me, shall at my time hereafter by any way or means, have aim or demand any right, title, or interest in a storesaid city lot or parcel of land and its purificances or any part thereof.'"

'Inman took this deed, paying the addition-consideration therefor, without notice of a deed to Hockenhull, made in 1876. Hock-thull agreed with Oliver to withhold his sed from record, and to withhold all knowlige of its existence from Inman," declares the brief of James R. Gray, attorney for ded from record, and to withhold all knowles of its existence from Inman," declares brief of James R. Gray, attorney for dedants in error. The question raised on the man deed, is that it is a quit-claim deed, veying only such interest as Oliver then, which was nothing, he having previously ted with his interest to Hockenhull. The of the complainants, filed by Judge George Lester, sought to foreclose Hockenhull's day an equitable mortgage subject to deed, quitable mortgage to Inman, dated Februy, 1875, and to ignore the deed of April, also to sell the property, pay off the debt Hockenhull's estate.

THE ARGUMENT OF COUNSEL.

o Hockenhull's estate.

THE ARGUMENT OF COUNSEL.

In arguing the case before the supreme court, fir. James R. Gray, counsel for John S. Oliver, amuel M. Imman, Hugh T. Imman and Contribution Publishing company, in a particular able manner discussed the following propsitions: I. A quit claim deed is as effectual or the purpose of conveying title as a deed rith full, covenant of warranty, and in the ands of an innocent purchaser without notice for prior unrecorded warranty deed will take of an innecent purchaser without notice the third warranty deed will take lence. 2. But the deed to Inman, exemplication of the deed to Inman, and in the deed to Inman, and i persons; 2d. Hockenhull by express agreement with Oliver withheld all knowledge of his deed from Inman and kept it off the records about four years; 4th, whatever the character of the deed to Inman in 1878 we are forced to rely upon it for a valid title. The deed to Inman in 1875 was not superseded by the deed of 1878. Both are links in the chain of title; the deed in 1875 was not recovery as the title and deed in 1878 was not necessary as the title was already vested by the deed of 1875; lastly, In-man acted throughout the entire transaction

in good faith.

The Supreme court decides the Case.
The case was first argued before Judge Marshall J. Clarke in March without a jury, resulting in favor of the defendants. It went thence to the supreme court, and the decision was rendered yesterday by Judge Simmons, who held that the only right the debtor had in the land after making the first deed was to redeem it upon payment of borrowed money, but when he borrowed more and executed the second deed the title of Inman became perfect, and was not subject to the debt to Hockenhull. The cour: also held that:

"Where an owner of land conveyed it by warranty deed for the purpose of securing an indebtedness and took a bond for title from his creditor, the interest which the debtor had in the land was the right to redeem it; and where subsequently he made a second deed to his creditor for a valuable consideration, all his right, title and interest in and to the property, and warranting it against himself and any person claiming under him, this was a sufficient deed to vest the title in the granteer and to what was not void because it did not describe the amount of interest that the grantor had in the land."

WHAT WILL BECOME OF OTHER CLAIMS.

There are a series of claims against the property based just upon the point contained in the above decided case. It is likely that nothing more will be heard of them, as the supreme court has confirmed the title of Inman and the shadow of doubt or controversy.

Mr. Gray argued the case ably and was highly complimented by those who heard him. His partner, Captain W. D. Ellis, was associated in the case, and rendered valuable assistance.

The "old Constitution corner" is solid in

The "old Constitution corner" is solid in

#### A Late Prohibition Leader.

From the Washington Post. In the death of John B. Finch, chairman of the executive committee of the national prohibi-tion party, a capital organizer and politician has been lost to a party which certainly needed all it had. Mr. Finch had considerable political experi-ence before he became a prohibitionist, and that party will have great difficulty in filling his place-with so energetic and capable a man,

> The Violet. BY E. H. GRIFFITHS.

A maiden passed the meadow through
Where flowers of gold, and white, and blue,
In frames of green were set.
In the shadow of a hedge
On the roadway's very edge
Bloomed a violet,

Spoke the child so neat and prim: "Violet on the ditch's brim,
My heart bleeds for you.
Almost hid in weeds you lie,
Solled with dust of passers by
Is your frock of blue. Should the miller's brindled cow

But the little violet said:
"Maiden, trouble not thy bead
What my end may be.
If the cow to dearn me do,
Or a little goose like you,
All is one to me."

#### THE LAST DAY

Which Exhibitors Have for the Arrangement for Displays.

THE ENTRIES FOR STAKE RACES The Exposition Police-What is Being Don

the Grounds-Entertaining News of All Sorts. Only two days-today and tomorrow-will

clapse before the great gates of the expesition grounds will be thrown open to the public,

Any person having a privilege on the grounds will not be allowed to open his stand unless the balance upon his privilege is paid today. This is positive, and the last notice. that will be given.

Closing Up for Monday.

telegram in yesterday's Constitution

A telegram in yesterday's Constitution eays:

"All business in St. Louis was suspended, as it was "fair day."" "In Philadelphia during the late celebration, the stores were all closed during the entire day, as did every shop and factor;"

St. Louis and Philadelphia are the two great exposition cities of America. They owe their success to just such items as are quoted above. They draw bigger crowds than any other city, and their amerchants prosper more. On Menday the exposition asks for a half day. Not for a whole day, but for five hours, out of two weeks. Could any merchant refuse to give this much." The success of the two weeks' exposition depends on the first day. The success of the next five years' exposition depends on the success of this one. If every merchant will close on Monday and give the exposition a big start, its success is assured.

THE CLOSING MOYEMENT CONTINUES.

The closing MOVEMENT CONTINUES.

The officers of the Young Men's Library sociation determined to close on Monday at

12 o'clock.

Mr. Joseph M. Brown annonness that the freight and passenger offices of the Western and Atlantic road will close at 12 o'clock Monday.

Mr. E. H. Barnes telegraphs that the freight and passenger offices of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road will close Monday morning at 12 o'clock.

We presume the other roads will follow with

We presume the other roads will follow suit.

The wholesale dry goods merchants, grocers and dealers in boots and shoots will close.

The furniture men, retail grocers, hardware, jewelry, boots, shoes and crockery men will close, as will also the dentists, lawyers, doctors, public offices, banks, printing offices, shops and factories.

This will leave but few stores open in the city. The shoppers will understand this. The whole of Atlanta is going to Piedmont park on Monday evening. Will not all come in and have the whole city closed from 12 o'clock until dark, so that twenty-five thousand people may start the exposition with a grand boom?

A number of firms sent their names to The

phe may start the exposition with a grant boom?

A number of firms sent their names to The Constitution yesterday, and doubtless many more will do so today. Additional names received yesterday were:

THE REAL ESTATE MEN.

ATLANTA, October 7.—We, the undersigned real estate agents agree to close our offices at 12 m. October 10th, to make it "Atlanta Day," at the opening of Piedmont exposition:

Harry Krouse, Geo. Adair,
H. Wilson, Sam'l W. Goode,
H. Wilson, G. H. Eddleman,
A. S. Tailey,
W. M. Soott & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF FRETHLIZERS.

We, the manufacturers of Fertilizers.

We, the manufacturers and dealers in fertilizer agree to close our offices on Monday next, after to clock, to enable all to visit the exposition on the

o'clock, to enable all to visit the exposition on that day.

Geo. W. Scott Manufacturing Co.,
Adair Bros. & Co.,
Furnan Farm Improvement Co.,
Southern Phosphate Co.,
St. Julian Rayenel & Co.,
The Atlanka Guano Co.,
John M. Green.
Clifton Chemical and Phosphate Co.,
Sam'l Martin, Manager Williams & Clark Co.
THE RETAIL GROCERS.
Retail grocers in all parts of the city will close on Monday. In yesterday's Constitution there was a list of Peachtree retailers who will close. Mr. C. J. Kamper asks to have his name added to the list. Several lists are being circulated among the retailers in different control of the contr

nave and name added to the list. Several issa-are being circulated among the retailers in dif-ferent parts of the city and the feeling in favor of closing seems to be unanimous. Messrs. H. Crankshaw & Co. telephone that they will close manufacturing establishments will report today.

The board last night unanimously renewed its request to all stores to close at 12 o'clock on Monday for the benefit of the exposition and

Atlanta.
Send in names to THE CONSTITUTION and they will be published tomorrow.

Work at the Grounds Yesterday,

An immense amount of work was done at the grounds yesterday. Fifty carloads of freight was unloaded. Director Wylie had the apron for unloading the cattle in shape, and several carloads of hogs, cows and horses were unloaded. Director Chamberlin came in from the grounds at 10 o'clock last night, and reported that thirty electric lights were burning and two hundred and lifty hands were at work, and almost every exhibitor had a force of men engaged in arranging his exhibit, and that the show was almost ready.

There were more than two hundred men at work last night, and it was a busy scene indeed. More than twenty-five electric lights were burning brightly in the different buildings, and a full night's work was put in. Those who visited the buildings yesterday would hardly know them today, so great has been the change. Work at the Grounds Yesterday,

To Exhibitors of Poultry and Pet Stock. Local exhibitors are earnestly requested to have their fowls and pet stock sent to the ex-position grounds to-day. Address them to Mr. W. B. Henderson, who will receive them Mr. W. B. Henderson, who will receive them and see that they are properly classed and cared for. Entry blanks will be furnished by him. It is important to the success of the exposition that the local poultry breeders, pigeon fanciers and pet stock breeders should have their exhibits in shape and at the exposition before Sunday night. This request is carnestly addressed to every citizen. It will not do to let the poultry show be the only part of the exposition not ready on Monday mornof the exposition not ready on Monday morn-ing. Three car loads of poultry will arrive to-day from Pennsylvania and Illinois and local exhibitors should not fail to be on hand.

The Blue and Grey, Colonel E. P. Howell, chairman of the com-mittee of fifty, has appointed the following gentlemen as a special reception committee of union vetrans:

W. H. Wright, W. F. Wilson,
Julius L. Brown, J. B. Davis.
Officers of Mitchell Post, G. A. R., will
please confer with them or with committee of
arrangement, as named in Constitution of
Thursday, October 6th, regarding reunion at
Kennesaw.

A Stable From Augusta.

Mr. G. H. Kneeland, of Augusta, well known throughout the country in racing circles, reached the city yesterday, and is stopping at the Kimball. Mr. Kneeland's stable of racers has been on the grounds for a week past, and has attracted much attention. The stable consists of four horses, all fine racers with good records, except one, which is a two-year-old colt, of great promise. Mittie "B.," Belle Walsh and Hearne Wood, the other three, have been favorites in several hard-fought races. Mr. Kneeland's friends will have the satisfaction of seeing all four horses hit the grit during the exposition.

The Bicyclists. The bicyclists.

The bicyclists are enthusiastic over the prospect for fine races—many of the noted flyers of both north and south will be present. Christ and Higham, of Washington; Rowe, Crocker and Windle, of Lynn, Mass; Hill, of New Orleans, and Hart, of Gadsden, Ala', are among them. Fully one hundred entries will be recorded before the date set for their closing. The handsome prizes, both in cash and medals, have attracted unusual attention, and a glorieus time is now a surety.

The Superior Courts Closing. The sylperior court of Richmond county, "in secondarice with unanimous wish of the bar," has closed during the week of the president's visit to Allanta so that everybody can come up and pay their respects to the first demo-cratic president that ever visited Georgia. We believe now that every superior court in the state and every higher court, has adjourn-ed for exposition week. If not the court that holds open that week will have slim attend-ance,

Decorators were very busy yesterday, and the city is putting on a decidedly gay appearance. Some of the business houses will be very elaborately decorated. Today should witness a general movement in this direction so that the decorations may all be up for Atlanta day.

Exposition Chorus Rehearsal.

There will be a special rehearsal of the chorus for opening day, at Masonic hall, corner Broad and Marietta streets, this afternoon a quarter to 4 o'clock. It is desired that the members of the chorus be prompt in attendance. By order of committee.

THE STAKE BACES. Entries in the Stake Races for the Exposi-

The following is a full list of the entries for the stake races at the exposition:

ATLANTA LADIES' STAKE—TWO-YEAR-OLDS.

1. Elmira, b. f., by Imp. Hillett, dam Bettie Lewis, owned by W. L. Cassidy, St. Jouis.

2. Dally C. b. m., by Baywood, dam Israells, owned by James C. Alexander, Columbra, Ga.

3. Driit, b. f., by Spendthrift, dam Eliza Hyatt, owned by T. M. Whittaker.

4. Duelt D. b. f. by Virgil, dam Lena, owned by Ed Wiley, Nashville.

5. Ellen D. b. f., by Tenbroeck, dam Sunbram, owned by Ed Wiley. Nashville.

PLEDMONT STATES—THREE YEAR OLDS.

Ed Wiley, Nashville.

5. Ellen D, b. f. by Tenbrocck, dam Sunbram, owned by Ed Wile. Nashville.

FIEDMONI STATES—THREE YEAR OLDE.

1. Without name, b. g., by Scotland, dam, Annie Lewington, ownedby W. H. King, Marion, Ala.

2. Poungey, b. g., by Brigadier First, dam, Mamie K., owned by I. H. Hland & Co. Nashville.

3. King Stock Ch. c., by King Bon, dam, Lady Stockwell, owned by W. R. Braunon, Louisville.

4. Hiram Wood, ch. g., by Harry O'Pullon, dam, Ella Smith, owned by G. H. Kemland, Augusta.

5. Mattie Fisher, b. f., site by Imp. Brigadier, owned The Miller, Nashville.

6. Ira E. Bride, b. c., by IVersailles, dam, Mollie Mernie, owned by John Balley, Covington, Ky.

7. Thrifless ch. h., by Spendinrift, dam, Potash 2nd, owned by F. Nelson, Richmond, Va.

8. Dark Han, bl. f., by Virgil, dam, Annie Han, owned by Ed. Wiley, Nashville.

9. Bixby, b. g., by Ovoudega, dam, Beatrice, owned by Geo, M. Rye, Lcuisville, CHAMBER OF COMMERCE STAKES—TWO-YEAR-OLDS.

1. Charley, b. g., by Vovoudega, dam, Beatrice, owned by Charley Atimyre, Nishville.

2. Without Name, ch. g., by Planeroid, dam Ohelia B., owned by W. H. Kinz, Marion, Ala.

3. Statesburg, the W. by Willie Burke, dam Katie Lee, owned by Gwen Daly, Columbia, S. C.

4. Rough Bramoud, by Ming, dam, Lurline, by Cape Ray, owned by Long & Lewis, Mobile, Ala.

1. Charley b. g., by Vanderbilt, dam ninknown, owned by Charley Alimyre, Nashville.

2. Statesburg, by Willie Burke, dam Katie Lee, owned by Owen Daly, Columbia, S. C.

3. Ellina, by Jim Billit, dam, Bette Lewis, owned by W. L. Cassidy, St. Louis.

4. Yonick, b. f., by Baden Palen, dam, Fun, owned by F. Nelson, Richmond, Va.

5. Elyton br. g., by Valle Baurke, dam Katie Lee, owned by Owen Daly, Columbia, S. C.

7. Rought Jamond, b. c., by Baywood, dam, Lurline, by Cape Ray, owned by Long & Servis, Mobil Ala.

8. Ellen D., ch. f., by Tenbrocck, dam, Sunbeam, owned by Ed. Wiley, Nashville.

9. Decit D., h. f. by Virgin, dam, Lena, owned by Ed. Wiley, Nashville.

10. Bridgelight, b. c., by Brigadier, dam, Bohemi

Ed. Wifey, Nashville.

10. Bridgelight, b. c., by Brigadier, dam, Bohemian Girl, owned by Haydant & Barry, Louisville.

KIMBALL HOUSE STAKES—THEE-YEAR-OLDS.

1. Without Name, b. g., owned by W. H. King, Masten Alex. mian Giri, owned by Haydant & Barry, Jounky He.

KIMBALI HOUS STAKES—THREE YEAR-OLDS.

1. Without Name, b. g., owned by W. H. King, Marion, Ala.

2. Pounpey, b. g., by Imp. Birgadier 1st., dam Mamie K, owned by J. A. Bland & Co. Nashville.

8. Felho, br. L. Bland dam by Brown Dick, 6wned by A. J. Wesslauer, Chattaneoga, Tenn,

4. King Stock, ch. e., by King Ban, dam Lady Stockwell, owned by W. R. Brannon, Louisville's

6. Hiram Wood, ch. g., by H. O'Fallon, dam Ella Smith, owned by G. H. Kunland, Augusta.

6. Ira E. Bride, b. e., by Versailles, dam Mollie Merrill, owned by John Bailey, Covington, Ky.

7. Mattle Fisher, b. f., sire by Imp. Brigadier, owned by Thomas Miller, Nashville.

8. Thritless, ch. f., by Spendthrift, dam Potish 2d, owned by F. Nelson, Richmond, Va.

9. Darkhall, bl. f., by Virgil, dam Annie Hall, owned by Ed Wiley, Nashville.

10. Bixby, b. g., by Onandaga, dam Beatrice, owned by G. M. Rye, Louisville.

11. Enchantress, ch. f., by Eland, dam Heatherbell, owned by Ed Wiley, Louisville.

2. J. Stepplens CCP, ALL AGES.

3. Jaccauminot, br. g., by Jack Diamond, dam Tea Leaf, owned by Ed Wiley, Louisville.

2. Mittle B, b. m., by King Alphonse, dam Flash, owned by G. M. Rye, Douisville, Augusta,

3. Aeronaut, ch. g., by Ab-del-Kader, dam Nina, owned by F. Nelson, Richmond, Va.

4. Pat Sheedy, b. g., by Lisbon, dam Flewells, owned by C. H. Pettlingill, Sheeps Heal bay. N. Y.

5. Big Three, b. h., by Glen Elg, dam Ems, owned Ed. Wiley, Louisville.

6. Ira E. Bride, b. c., by Versailles, dam Mattle Merrill, owned by John Bailey, Covington, Ky.

7. J. H. Fenton, owned by John Balley, Covington, Ky.

Exposition Notes.

There is a good deat of complaint among nerchants in different parts of the city that their ecorations in front of their places of business arm down or otherwise tampered with at night, his vandalism should receive the prompt attention of the police.

E. M. Walsh & Co., of Colu Griffin, are having exhibit arranged of Moerlein's Encinnati beer, also soda and bottling apparatus. Look out for the beer pyramid. Johnnie McGovern s doing the arranging.

There was quite a crowd at the grounds yesterday to enjoy the barbecue. The skirmishing of the mil-itary companies was very protty and was greatly en-Professor J. D. Caldon, who has charge of the Atlanta tale and soapstone exhibit, will com-plete his work tought. The display is in machinery hall and is one of the most attractively arranged on the grounds and will be universally admired.

THE EXPOSITION POLICE FORCE. The Board of Police Commission Organize

the Force-Captain Crim is Chief. The Piedmont exposition police force was sworn in and organized at police headquarters last night by the board of police commissioners. Captain J. W. English, chairman presiding.

ers. Captain J. W. English, chairman presiding.

Forty-eight men were sworn in.

The board convened in the private office of the chief of police at eight o'clock. The applicants for position were all present and in the police court room awaited the result of the action of the board. Of the applicants forty-eight were selected by the board, and then the swearing in was begun. In squads of five the men were called in and requested to subscribe to the usual oath. After the men were sworn in, Chairman English addressed them briefly, urging them to discharge their duty faithfully and fearlessly. The board then instructed Chief of Police Connolly to detail Captain Crim to the command of the exposition force, with the rank of chief. The captain will, in obedience to instructions of the board, place Stationhouse keeper Wright in charge during the day, who at night will surrender the custody of the grounds to Officer James Parrish, who will direct the night watch. The removal of Captain Crim from the city force to the fair grounds will occasion a vacancy in the city. It is understood that Call Officer Thompson will act in Captain Crim's place, while Patrolman Joyner will be detailed to do the stationhouse in the place of Stationhouse Keeper Wright.

CONVENTION ECHOES.

Something About the Meeting of Fire Chiefs
Held in Atlanta.
Chief Joyner has received letters from various delegates that attended the fire chiefs' convention in this city a few weeks ago, and they refer to the meeting in pleasant words. Without a single exception, all who were here had an agreeable time:

refer to the meeting in pleasant words. Without a single exception, all who were here had an agreeable time:

The last issue of the Western Fireman says: In some respect the late convention at Atlanta was the best ever held since the organization of the association. The attendance was certainly quite astigatory, as compared with all previous records. The manufacturers attendance and display was the best without axception that has ever teen had. One notable thing about the rendition of the programme was the fact that every man down for an exercise, with one exception, was prepared with his paper, and some excellent papers there were, too. Them was perhaps more of practical value than has been developed in any other convention. Chief Joyner's scheme of making the convention stick to business the first two days, mixing up business and pleasure only on the last two days, was a very wise one, and one which deserves trying again. The thanks of the convention are also due to Chief Joyner and his excellent corps of assistants for their very successful efforts in entertaining their many guests. Those from the north, at least, will ever retain in their hearts a warm spot for the gallant chief and his beautiful city.

Dyspepsia seldom causes death, but permittits victim to live on in misery. Hood's Sarsparilla cures dyspepsia and all stomach disorders. It also cures sick headache and dizziness.

PUBLIC COMFORT-

Word for Everybody from the Com-

A Word for Everybody from the Consmittee.

The city is rapidly filling up with strangers. Notwithstanding this fact the committee on public comfort is prepared to take care of the immense crowds that are expected to visit the exposition. The members of the committee are satisfied that they have now on their register accommodations for 20,000 people, over and above those already engaged. The committee gives its assurance that the accommodations will be such as will be entirely satisfactory to any reasonable person, and cheaper than was ever known to prevail in any city upon such an occasion. The citizens of Atlanta, especially the ladies, have shown themselves equal to the occasion. The "latch string" is not only on the outside, but the houses are thrown wide open to entertain in a hospitable manner all who honor the exposition with their presence.

The committee is empowered to make engagements for furnished lodgings, either with or without board by private families, and thus are constituted the agents of the stranger who desires accommodations, as well as those who are to furnish them. Being thus situated, strangers will find it somewhat difficult to make any arrangements without the aid of the committee, and therefore it is almost useless for them to attempt it.

Those who desire to engage accemmodations in advance have only to comply with the rule adopted by the committee, which is but a reasonable protection to all parties interested, to write to the committee exactly what they want, time of arrival, length of stay, number in party, make or fornale, number of rooms required, and to send money to pay for the accommodations desired. The committee will, by return mail, send the receipt of the persons furnishing accommodations, giving the location of place and full contract of parties.

There are a few fine places where entertainment as the holes throughout the country," at \$2.50 per day for each person. A large number of other families have agreed to furnish entertainment as \$1.50 per day. These accommodations

rant prices.

These accommodations are hardly suitable IN AID OF IVY STREET HOSPITAL

The Ladies Interest Themselves in Behalf of this Worthy Institution.

A number of prominent ladies of Atlanta have organized themselves into a society for the purpose of raising money to help Ivy street hospital out of the financial embarrassment in which it is now involved. As a means of raising the required amount, they have determined to give a fair in one of the buildings of the Piedmont exposition. The directors have placed at their disposal a small apartment in the main building, and this will be fitted up in exquisite style and will be used as a bazar.

The following ladies will have charge of the bazar, and will be on the grounds: Mrs. Fannie Kimball, Mrs. J. McF. Gaston, Mrs. G. G. Roy, Miss Blanche Hardin, Mrs. J. E. Sims, Mrs. J. S. Prather, Mrs. W. D. Bizzell, Mrs. A. G. Hobbs, Mrs. M. E. Sheek, Mrs. Robert Dohme, Mrs. J. M. Morgan, Mrs. Thom-as S. Powell.

Robert Dohme, Mrs. J. M. Morgan, Mrs. Thomas S. Powell.

In speaking of this project, Dr. T.\$S. Powell, president of the Ivy street hospital, said to a reporter last night:

"The good ladies of the Hospital association are determined to establish the Ivy street hospital upon a permanent basis, and the good men of the city are determined to help them. The managers of the Piedmont fair have generously assigned them a place in the main building to hold a fair for the benefit of the hospital. Only a few ladies will be needed to conduct the fair, but it is hoped that all will take a warm interest in the good work, and they are all earnestly invited to help by giving something in cash, or by giving some article that will bring money, or by purchasing something that has been presented. Let every good citizen do something in this matter, and help the good ladies pay off the debt with which they have so long been troubled."

THE GATE CITY GUARD.

Au Excellent Drill—The New and Haudsom Uniforms.

The members of the Gate City Guard work their beautiful new uniforms last night for the first time. They had an hour's drill in their armory. A considerable party of visitors witnessed the drilling, which was in every way admirable.

seven fours in the ranks. There were seven fours in the ranks. Captain Clifford Anderson commanded the company in his usual dashing and soldierly manner. The spectators were delighted with the appearance of the company.

The new uniforms are the most beautiful ever seen in the south, and when the Guard marches out before the throng of visitors the company will excite the admiration of every beholder.

company will excite the admiration of every beholder.

Never was the mambers in better condition than at present. They drill with a grace and precision worthy of all praise.

At the close of the drill the members repaired to the hall and held a business meeting. The subject of decorations was discussed, and it was unanimously resolved that the armory should be garnished in a beautiful and elaborate manner. It was likewise determined that the building should be placed at the disposal of visiting soldiers during the two weeks of the exposition.

It is designed to make the armory the headquarters of all members of visiting military organizations. The members are full of enthusiasm about the exposition and will occupy a conspicious place in the picture.

The Tennessee Prohibitionists.

The Tennessee Prohibitionists.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., October 7.—[Special.]—
The leaders in this city are arranging for a big prohibition convention here Novemqer 9 and 10. Preparations will be made for 2,000 delegates. The object is to perfect an organization and discuss plans for the active prosecution of the cause in the future. Represent-

ratives from many other states are expected.

FITS: All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline'
Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after firt
day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and 82
trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr.
Kline, 931 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CAUGHT ON THE FLY. The members of W. C. T. U., who contem-plated conducting a restaurant during the exposi-tion have abandoned that project.

Mrs. P. W. Hoyle died at her residence on Mills street yesterday morning at 4:20 o'clock. Her remains will be interred in the family burial ground, near Athens, Tenn.

remains will be interred in the family burial ground, near Athens, Tenn.

Through mistake it was announced that the admission to the Hyams' specialty company, at Concordia hall, would be 56, 75 cents, and 81.00. The admission will be 30 cents, reserved seats 75 ents. On sale at Lawson's Monday.

The ladies of St. Philip's will run a restaurant and serve hot or cold lunches during the exposition, on Peschires street, o posite the National hotel. They will no doubt be well pstronized, as they should be, as the proceeds go toward paying the church dobt.

Last night the Fortnightly club gave an exceedingly pleasant entertainment in the basement of the Central Presbyterian church. Dr. Strickler, Judge Van Epps and many others were present. The evening was spent in an agreeable manner by all who were present.

Men's necting tonight, at 8 o'clock, at the R. B. Y. M. C. A., conducted by the Roy. J. M. Tumilin. Good singing; everybody is invited, Gospel meeting on Sunday evening at 8:30 for men only. Bible training class at 4:35, conducted by the general secretary. All are invited to attend these meetings.

The Confederate Valeran's association has

The Confederate Veieran's association has obtained the consent of the county commissioners to give a concert in the superior count chamber next Thursday night. This entertainment will be for the benefit of the indigent veterans. It will be given by the Atlanta Musical association with the assistance of some of the best solo singers and instrumentalist of Atlanta. The United States army band, which is to funish music for the exposition, will play sex, all selections, suited for the enque troom. At a meeting of the committee yesterday afternoon Judge Calhoun was made treasurer of the fund.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children with never-failing rafety and success. Twenty-five cents a bottle

DR. R. Y. HENLEY, dentist, 321 Whitehall. FINE watch repairing-J. P. Stevens & Bro.

HARRY LYNAN, ticket broker, 30 Wall street buys and sells railread tickets.

PARTIES wanting to berrew money or discount good ages wift do well to call on found at Black, 56 E Alabama street.

Plack, 56 E. Alabama street.

Go To Sam Walker, 21 Marietta street, for the finest p. in frames in the city. The thu sat Newest less for hats—Bussoy's 21 Marietta wed sat in 1884.

MISS LENA CACKSON, one of the belies of New Orieans, arrived in the city yesterday, and is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Willis E. Ragan.

LIEUTEMANT C. D. WILCOX, of the United States army, is visiting his brother, Mr. James Wilcox, on Pulliam street.

COLONEL SOCK PRIVES of the Athers Ban.

COLONEL SOCK PRUFF, of the Athens Banian, was in the city yesterday.

COLONEL ROBERT FALLIGANT, of Savannah, GENERAL PHILIP COOK, of Americus, and Hon. James H. Blount and wife, of Macon, will be guests of Mrs. Peel, at 549 Peachtree street during the expectation.

Mr. L. C. DUFF, well known to the soar and perfume trade in the south, as the representa-tive of the J. S. Kirk & Co. house of Chicago, has been located in Atlanta again, and will open an office Monday.

MR. JAMES H. REED and wife are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Allson Greene, Jackson street, during the Piedmont expension. Mr. Reed is the popular general agent of the O. Erkenbracher company, starch manufacturers of Cincinnati, Ohio, and is looking after that firm's exhibit at exposition.

general agent of the O. Erkenbrscher company, starch manufacturers of Cincinnati, Ohio, and is looking after that firm's exhibit at exposition.

At The Kinball: F A Glidden, Cleveland, Ohio; George Coon, Philadelphia, Pa; C B Sperty, Springfield, Mo; H Kerngood, Baltimore, Md; A D Slack, Boston, Mass; Ruios Burkford and wife, Cincinnati, Ohio; Harry W Sawall, business, manager Mrs D P Bowers; David Roberts, Charleston, S C; E Smith, Jr. Charleston, S C; Au nustine Smith, Charleston, S C; Mr and Mrs James M Wilcox, wife, child and nuse, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Living C Smith, New York; A H Parker, Anniston, Ala; C C Sullins, Knoxville, Teun; W S Perai Jr. Philadelphia, G R Eager, Boston, Mass; L D Baker, Omaha, Neb, R P Spalding, St Louis, Mo; C L Jones, Memphis, Team; O M Currington. New York; H Booth, Montgomery, Ala, J Montoe Ogden, Macon, Ga; C B Kentz and wife, Cincinnati, Ohio; D J Roper, Philadelphia; T K Baker, St Paul; A J Crovatt, San C Atkinson, Bunswick; J T Bonnell, Oxford; Lee Friedenrich, Balt mire; C I. Patton, Atlanta; Lemar Cobb, Athens; Miss M E Tilley, Ga; A Dal Molen, W E Cole, New York; George R Reynolds, wife, child and nurse, Jacksonville; Fisch Wilkes, Charlotte, N C; D H Fullenwider, Greenville, S C; Ellas H Jenkins, New York; J R Fatrick, Orlando, Fla; L A Harris, Albany Ga; S E Cox, Grifam, Ga; Sack Price, New York; J R Fatrick, Orlando, Fla; L A Harris, Albany Ga; S E Cox, Grifam, Ga; Sack Price, New York; J R Fatrick, Orlando, Fla; L A Harris, Albany Ga; S E Cox, Grifam, Ga; Sack Price, New York; J R Fatrick, Orlando, Fla; L A Harris, Albany Ga; S E Cox, Grifam, Ga; Ga; Fran Welch, Montgomery, Ala; E G Allen and sister Roston, Mass; Jno M Harris, Lexington, Ga; C T Subbes, Angusta, Georgia, B A Lummark, wife and son, Savannah, Ga; L Lester, city, M Jones, Atlanta Ga; M F Ready, Mann B Car Co; J D Groatlemy, Rome, Ga; George W, Simms, Denver, E J Blemiline, Baltimore, Md; John M Brooks, Knoxville, Tenn; Charles S Patterson, Ga; J A Dewar, Neb; J E G Hearm, Kansas City; Virgil Pow

The Negro Confesses.

Macon, Su., October 7.—[Special.]—Will Thomas, the negro who was arrested for breaking Johnson & Lane's show window yesterday, confessed all today. He told where he hid the gun and his shoes, near the compress, both of which were found.

To get relief from indigestion, billiousness, constipation or torpid liver without disturbing the stomach or purging the bowels, take a few doses of Carter's Little Liver Pills, they will please you.

Ballard Transfer Company Office Union Depot; telephone No. 205. Coupes, Gurneys or Omnibusses sent to your residence or to the hotels. Fare for passengers as low as by any other vehicle. Send telephone order or messenger boy, and we will attend to your wants promptly. We call special attention to our Coupes, which we have just received. They are the most beautiful and comfortable vehicle in use in this or any other city in the country. Baggage checked from hotels or private residences to any part of the United States. We solicit your patronage. The Ballard Transfer Company. tf-5p

POPE. THE HATTER. 25 dozen Latest Fall Style Silk

Hats.

RAILROADS. CHARLESTON LINE Freight Schedule -VIA-

Georgia and outh Carolina Railroads

New York 3:00 p. m.; arrivo at Charleston 5:00 a. m.

(22 hours); leave Charleston 3:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—

Atlanta 6 15 a. m. Time, 87 hrs. 15 min.

Atlanta 6 15 a. m. 39 35 5 6

Macon 6 40 a. m. 4 87 4 12 4

Gainesville 8 25 p. m. 4 101 4 25 4

Gainesville 8 25 p. m. 4 200 4 20 8

Rome 5 10 p. m. 4 88 4 10 8

Nashville 11 65 a. m. 4 116 4 55 6

Montgomery 8 10 p. m. 4 100 4 30 4

STEAMERS

Leave New York from Pier 29, East River, every Toesday and Friday at 3 p. m. Leaves Philadelphia every Thursday. Leaves Charleston for New York and East, Tues-days and Fridays-YOUR SPECIAL ATTENTION IS INVITED TO

"Seminole" and "Cherokee. than which there are none finer on the Atlanti

Careful handling of goods, prompt adjustment of claims, and astisfaction gnaranteed by this kna.

B. FICKENS, G. F. A.

E. B. DORSEY, G. F. & B. C. B. by, Charlesson, S. C.

Ga. H. E., Augusta, Ga. Agents of This Line Are:

W. H. Rheit, 317 Broadway, New York City.
D. D. C. Mink, 12 South Wharves, Phila. Pa.
A Dew. Sampson, 201 Washington St., Boston, Mass.
Thea G. Eger, Traffic Manager, 25 Broadway, New
York City.
W. A. Courtney, Jas. Adger & Co., Charleston, S. C.
J. M. Selkirk, Atlanta, Gs.
E. W. Wilkes, Contracting Freight Agent, Gs. R. B.
Allanta, Ga.
June 111 on ed pg. **OPIUM HABITCURED** 

IN FIFTEEN DAYS. All I sak is a trial, and a PRRMANENT CURB IS GUARANTEED, Address J. A. NELMS, M. D. Emyrna, Cobb County, Ga.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

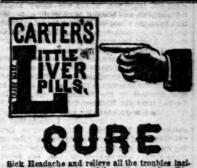
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Board of Directors of the Capitol City Land and Improvement Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent, payable November lata; its bank. The transfer book of the company will be closed October 16 and will be popular again November 3. The dividend will be payable to the helders of stock whose names amount on the books October 18.

JACOB HAAS, Secretary. the designation of the BOYAL BARING POWDER.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economics than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in com-pedition with the multitude of low test short weigh petition with the multitude of low less allow in case alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in case ROVAL BAKING POWDER CO., 105 Wall St., New York

At Wholesale by Wyly & Greene, Atlanta,



Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills care it while others do not. Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills makes does. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In visia at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sont by mail.

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, ETC.

Custom House Atlanta Gar Surveyors Office Supreyors Office Supreyors Office

mesers & Stevens & Bro Sentlemen I have just received notice of the arriv-al of a car load of Merchans dise in bond insported by dise in bond imported by and request that entry be made of the same at your earliest convernmence Respectfully Alex M Wallace Lurreyor

In connection with the above, we announce that we have opened this shipment of ART GOODS from France, Italy and Germany, selected personally by a member of our firm during the past summer.

As these goods come to us in bond directly to the Atlanta Custom House, we have saved the enormous expense of other dealers, who purchase in New York or through Agents. We deal directly and personally with the largest factories in Europe, and are the only house in this city in our line who possess these facilities. We therefore can guarantee our prices the lowest and at the same time offer articles for decorative purposes that have NO DUPLICATES in this market.

We invite public inspection of this display, which is unequalled in the south.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO., Jewelers, 47 WHITEHALL STREET.

Monday Night and Tuesday Matines | Excitement Night, A HEROINE IN RAGS Magnificent Costumes; Appropriate Scenery; Aug-neted Orchestra; the Most Realistic Scenes ever ut on a Blage. Frices; 25 cents, 50 cents, \$1.00 Reserved seats at dillors, under Opera House.



SICK

HEAD

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York City.

H. P. Rumford, Cashier Pasadona ton, Del. W. L. Baylis, Wilmington, Del. Harry Owen, York City, Pa. Harlan Newcomber, Harrisburg, Pa. D. H. Huber, Harrisburg, Pa. Joel L. Haynes, Lancastef, Pa. H. J. Harrick, M. D. Cleveland, O. G. R. Gaiter, M. D., Baltimore, Md, Edwin Cowjes, Cleveland, O. William Furgerson, Baltimore, Md,

# RAILROAD TIME TABLE. AILROAD TIME TABLE ring the arrival and departure of all trains from this city—Central Time. EAST TENN. VA. & GA. R. R. DEPART. ARRIVK, No. 12—for Rome, Knoxrille. — No. 12—for Rome, Knoxrille. — No. 12—for Rome, Knoxrille. — No. 13—for Rome, Knoxrille. — No. 13—for Rome, Knoxrille. — No. 13—for Rome, Knoxrille. — No. 14—for Rome, Knoxrille. — No. 14—for Rome, Knoxrille. — No. 15—for Savannah, Rrunswick and Jacksonrille. — No. 15—for Savannah, Rrunswick and Jacksonrille. — No. 15—for Savannah, No. 15—for Savannah, No. 15—for Savannah, No. 16—for Savan ESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD. TLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD. Montg'ry\* 6 10 a m To Montgomery\* 1 20 p m LaGrange\* 9 15 a m To LaGrange\* ... 4 65 p m Montg'ry\* 1 25 p m To Montgom'ry\* 10 00 p m GEORGIA RAILROAD. Augusta\* 6 30 a m To Augusta\* 8 00 a m Covington\* 7 55 a m To Decatur. 9 00 a m Decatur. 10 15 a m To Clarkston 12 1 p m Augusta\* 1 00 p m To Augusta\* 2 45 p m Clarkston 2 20 p m To Covington. 6 15 p m Augusta\* 5 45 p m To Augusta\* 9 00 p m Debatur. 5 45 m To Decatur. 4 00 p m PIEDMONT AIR-LINE. (Richmond and Danville Railroad,)

BROKERS AND BANKERS. THE GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK Of Atlanta, Ga. -UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY .-

Capital and Undivided Profits, \$8375.000. Issues Certificates of Deposit Payable on Demand witth Interest

Three per cent per annum if left four Four per cent per annum if left six months, cent per annum if left twelve

IHE TOLLESON COMMISSION CO., BROKERS IN STOCKS & BONDS,

HUMPHREYSCASTLEMAN BBOKER AND DEALER IN

**BONDS AND STOCKS** Will collect dividends and interest free of any charge for personal services.

DARWIN G. JONES. EDWARD S. PRATT JONES & PRATT,

Bankers, Brokers W. H. PATTERSON,

Bond and Stock Broker, 24 SOUTH PRYOR STREET. FOR SALE.

Capital City Land and Improvement Stock. Georgia Midland and Guil Railroad 1st Mortgage Bonds.
Americus, Preston and Lumpkin railroad 1st
mortgage Bonds.
State of Georgia Bonds.
City of Atlanta Bonds.
Central Railroad icebeutures. Other securities bought and sold.

#### CHEAP REAL ESTATE.

West & Goldsmith.

2400—Lot 60x100, Bush, near horse cars.

5400 to \$1,000—Lots, each, near Air-Line.

5500 to \$1,000—Lots, each, near Air-Line.

5600—Tow 2 r h. near Baker and Calhoun.

5600—Lot on Formwalt, 50x100, near Richardson.

5600—Der e eve. beautifet oaks, Marietta st.

5600—Per e eve. beautifet oaks, Marietta st.

5600—Per h, 54x130, Tumin st.

1,500—1 acres, near exposition cotton mills.

1,500—2 acres, near exposition cotton mills.

1,500—5 acres, near exposition cotton mills.

1,500—5 acres, near exposition cotton mills.

1,500—5 r h, Hunter, 1 vated and most convenient.

1,500—6 r h, Crumley, 60x160, near Washington.

1,500—6 r h, Crumley, 60x160, near Washington.

1,500—6 r h, hear Atlanta cotton mills.

1,500—6 r h, 65x200. Richardson, near horse cars.

2,000—Nice house and large lot, Edgewood.

2,000—8 r h, mear Atlanta cotton mills.

2,000—8 r h, near Belt and W. & A. R.

2,500—6 r h, near Belt and W. & A. R.

2,500—6 r h, Oran e s. o od tot, gas and water.

2,500—6 r h, on nice large lot, Decatur st.

2,500—6 r h, on nice large lot, Decatur st.

2,500—6 r h, on nice large lot, Decatur st.

2,500—6 r h, on nice large lot, Decatur st.

2,500—6 r h, on nice large lot, Pecature, near depot.

2,500—6 r h, on nice large lot, Pecature, near Hill statue. West & Goldsmith.

statue.

30 - Ar h. Decatur st., large lot.

30 - 7 r h. Crew, large lot, nice place.

30 - 210 iess on W. & A., oining new furniture \$5,000-210 iess on W. & A., oining new furniture works.

\$5,000-8 r h, Church, 70 feet front.

\$5,000-8 r h, Church, 70 feet front.

\$5,000-8 r h, Church, 70 feet front.

\$5,000-4 r h, niee lot, Mangum, corner Chapel.

\$5,000-4 r h, inee lot, Mangum, corner Chapel.

\$5,000-7 r h, Ira, large lot, near school.

\$5,500-7 r h, Crew st., g-0 i lot, near school.

\$5,500-7 r h, W. Peachtree, near Hoke Smith.

\$5,500-7 r h, W. Peachtree near Hoke Smith.

\$5,750-8 r h, Ivy, near Peachtree, facing east.

\$5,750-8 eautiful lot, W. Peachtree, 1002707.

\$6,000-7 r h, nice place, near depot, Decatur,

\$6,000-7 r h, Forest avenue, lot 65x125, to alley.

\$6,000-6 r h, Whitehall, new place, 50x250.

\$1,100-100 r h, Simpson, 100 feet front, near Hill statue. ,500—8 r h, Whitehall, back to Forsyth, near in. ,750—8 r h, Pryor, large lot, near in. ,600—Beautiful grove, Peachtree, 230 feet front. ,500—Brick store, Decatur st, next square union

depot. 3,000—8 r h, Pryor, 55x140, near center city. 10,000—10 r h, best place at Decatur, near depot. WEST & GOLDSMITH. FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS Two Beautiful Homes on

"PARK PLACE." A small cash payment and small monthly payments will secure you a home equal to any in the city. House built in best manner, with all modorn improvements. Location equal to any in the city. Neighborhood unsurpassed.

For particulars call on

DR. C. T. BROCKETT, Office 75% Peachtree street: Residence No. 1 Bal-imore Block.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Agricultural & Mechanical College. at Auburn, Alabama. Plane and specifications can be seen at the office f Bruce & Mor.an, architects, Atlanta, Ga., and so in the office of the president at Atlanta. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Bond will be equired to half antonn of contract rice. Address W. L. BROUN.

Auburn, Ala,

# Finance and Commerce. Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, October 7, 1887.

New York exchange buying at par and selling at Columbus 58... 98
ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.
Atlanta Nat'l.200
Merch'ts B'k...140
B'k State Ga...140
Gate City Nat...140
FAILEOAD BONDS.
Ga. 68, 2897.....107
Ga. 68, 1910 ....110

NEW YORK. Cctober 7,—The stock market today was weak almost all day long on free selling for both sides of a count, and prices tonight are materiboth sides of a count, and prices tonight are materially lower throughout the list. The telegraph deal has so long been regarded as inevitable in Wall street that its effect upon the market was slight, and, though Western Union people are sanguine, the stock will reach par. There was heavy realizing this morning, and late the bears made a fierce attack upon the whole list, the pressure being specially heavy upon the Western Union, Grangers and Coal stock. There was very little, if any, support given the list until a deeline had reached over I per cent, and, as a consequence, the short interest is said to be now upwards of 300,000 sharer. The same stocks were again most prominent in dealings. Reading alone furnished over one-third of the entire business, followed by the Western Union, St. Paul, Lackawanna and Richmond Terminal. The talk about the rate trouble in the west was used against

Lackawanna and Richmond Terminal. The talk about the rate trouble in the west was used against the Grangers, but advices today indicate that difficulties would be quickly settled, and no further trouble in that quarter need be feared. The opening was firm at advances of from one-eighth to three eighths over yesterday's close, but improvement was not held, and the list declined almost steadily throughout the forenoon, and, under the attacks of the bears' movement, gathered force in the afternoon, but was checked by 1 o'clock. There was a fractional recovery late in the day, but the close was heavy at but little better than the lowest figures of the day. Total sales 312,000 shares. was neary at our little bear has a sole of the day. To al sales 3 2,000 shares.

Exchange dull but steady to firm at 4801/484.85.

Money easy at 41/486, closing offered at 5. Subtreasury balances: Coin 132,313,000; currency, 812,815,000.

Governments dull but firm; 4s 1243/4; 41/48 1031/4. state bonds dull but steady.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, 'ATLANTA, October 7, 1897. Net receipts for the week ending today 250,728 bales, against 238,351 bales last week, and against 196,115 bales for the corresponding week last year; exports for the week 170,550 bales, against 87,759 bales for the corresponding week last year; stock 419,118 bales, against 401,660 bales for the same time last year.\* Below we give the opening and closing quotations

of cotton futures in New York today	
Opening.	Closing.
October 9.32@	
November 9.26@	9.26@ 9.27
December 9.27@	9.26@ 9.27
Janaury 9.31@	. 9.33@ 9.34
February 9.41@	9.42@
March 9.51@	. 9.50@ 9.51
April 9.59@	
May 9.65@ 9.0	7 9.66@ 9.67
June 9.75@	9.74@ 9.75
July 9.79@	. 9.80@ 9.82
Closed firm; sales 93,100 bales.	
Local-Cotton firm; middling 8 9-1	6c.
The following is our table of rements for to-day:	ceipts and ship-
RECEIPTS.	
By wagon	
Air-line Railroad	83
Georgia Railtoad	224
Central Railroad	94
Western and Atlantic Railroad	
West Point Railroad	139

Total ..... Receipts previously... 27,973 Grand total... 27,05 SHIPMENTS. Shipped today.... 1,058 18,910 1,380 5,706

Shipped previously...... Taken by local spinners... NEW YORK, October 7-The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending

today:
Ner receipts at all United States ports....
Same time last year....
Showing an increase...
Total receipts...
Same time last year...
Chemius an increase... spel.
shops,
same time last year.
Showing an increase.
Exports for the week.
Same time last year.
Showing an increase.
Ity.
Same time last year.
Showing an increase.
Showing an increase.
Showing an increase.
Slock at all United States ports.
Same time last year.
Showing an increase.
Slock at interior towns.
Same time last year.
Showing an increase.
Stock at Liverpool.
Same time last year.
Showing an increase.
American cotton afloat for Great Britain.
Same time last year.
Showing an increase.
American cotton afloat for Great Britain.
Same time last year.
Showing an increase.
VEW YORK, October 7-77
I net receipts of over

NEW YORK, October 7—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all United States ports since September 1, 1886:

ew York. Newport News Philadelphia ... West Point .... Brunswick. Port Royal.

904,764 NEW YORK, October 7.—[Special.]—From Hubbard, Price & Co., through John B. Ernest: Cotton continues to show great strength both at home and abroad. The demand for the staple at the south, however, has been reflected in better prices and a bi-ying demand for contracts in New York which, despite 2-partial loss of the advance in Liverpool, was sufficient to carry values, at the close, to the best price of the day. Some few foneign covering orders were received and executed but the bulk of the demand seems to come from southern exports as hedges for previous sales made to Europe. The sales of yesterday were not continued today and now regarded by the ring as a pressure brought on

the market to prevent a too rapid advance at a time when it is more to the advantage of all concerned to have the cotton move freely away from the United States. Fear of an adverse bureau report has been, we think, the main reason for the advance of the past two days, and should this fear be realized it may cause Euro; an spinners to consider whether cotton is now a profitable investment in vi w of the profits they are making with the out-put with their mills.

The following shows the movement of cotton at the interior towns for the week ending today:

4,778 1,020 20,341 3,716

Weekly—Net receipts 21,147; gross 21,147; sales 12,081; exports to Great Britain 14,778; coastwise 7,645.

BALTIMORE. October 7—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 9½; net receipts 472 bales; gross 1,995; sales —; stock 3,569; sales to spinners —
Weekly—Net receipts 614; gross 5,960; sales —; to spinners 1,010; exports to Great Britain 1,308; to continent 872; coastwise 850.

BOSTON, October 7—Cotton quiet; middling 9½; net receipts 120 bales; gross 2,268; sales none; stock none.

stock 27,667.
Weekly—Netreceipts 10,286; gross 10,286; sales none; exports to Great Britain 4,700; coastwise 2,446.
PHILADELPHIA, October 7—Cotton dull; middling 9½; net receipts 77 bales; gross 77; sales :əaou stock 8,200.
Weekly—Net receipts 164; gross 1,236; sales none; exports to Great Britain 2,654; to continent 1,000.
SAVANAH, October 7—Cotton, from 14,244.

SAVANNAH, October 7—Cotton firm; middling 8 11-16; net receipts 10,008 bales; gross 10,008; sales 3,300; stock 104,016.

Weekly—Net receipts 62,396; gross 62,539; sales 19,059; exports to Great Britain 11,453; to continent 23,413; coastwise 12,756.

NEW ORLEANS, October 7—Cotton firm; middling 8 13-16; net receipts 11,121 bales; gross 11,593; sales 4,500; stock 90,980.

Weekly—Net receipts 60,996; gross 64,928; sales 27,000; exports to Great Britain 22,400; to France 13,528; to continent 11,020; coastwise 10,240.

MOBILE, October 7—Cotton quiet; middling 8%; net receipts 935 bales; gross 937; sales 00; stock 11, 154.

Weekly—Net receipts 8,944; gross 10,240; sales 6,700; exports coastwise 5,266.

MEMPHIS, October 7—Cotton steady; middline MEMPHIS, October 7—Cotton steady; middling 8 11-16; net receipts 8,771 bales; shipments 2,729; sales 5,100; stock 49,281. Weekly—Netreceipts 29,217; shipments 14,714; sales 49,254. Net receipts 29,217; shipments 14,714; sales AUGUSTA, October 7—Cotton firm; middling 8%; net receipts 1,519 bales; shipments—; sales 1,554, Weekly—Net receipts 11,825; shipments 11,509; sales 11,588; stock 6,664.

11,583; stock 6,661.
CHARLESTON, October 7—Cotton very firm; midding 8%; net receipts 5,344 bales; gross 5,344; sales 1,000; stock 51,449.
Weekly—Net receipts 24,716; gross 24,716; sales 15,000; exports to Great Britain 5,100; to continent 8,546; coastwise 2,625. MONTGOMERY, October 7—Cotton steady; middling 8% net receipts of the week 8,105 bales; shipments 6,161; stock of 1886, 6,181; 1887, 8,439; sales 8,161

6,161.

MACON, October 7—Cotton steady; middling 8½;
net recelpts of the week 4,594 bales; sales 4,141; stock
of 1886, 4,483; 1887, 2,303; shlpments 4,446.
COLUMBUS, October 7—Cotton steady; middling
8 7-16; net recelpts of the week 9,922 bales; shipments 3,765; sales 2,909; to spinners—; stock 4,566.

NASHVILLE, October 7—Cotton steady; middling
8½; net recelpts of the week 1,473 bales; shipments
841; sales 1,460; to spinners 423; stock of 1886, 514;
1887, 774.

SELMA, October 7—Cotton steady; middling 1876. SELMA, October 7—Cotton steady; middling \$54; not receipts of the week 5,773 bales; snipments 5,111; stock 5,657.

ROME, October 7—Cotton steady; iniddling 8 9.16; net receipts for the week 2,678 bales; shipments 1,700; stock 2,222.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Produce.

Special to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, October 7—The trading on change today was almost wholly of a scalping character. There were many small buyers of wheat early on the break of Thursday, and after the prices went up 3/4 to 3/c, realizing began and prices fell back to the starting point. Later in the day prices firmed on a few good sized local orders, but the aggregate of the business was comparatively insignificant. The figures showed an advance of ½ to ½c for near by options on yesterday. May was uncl. Saged.

Corn was dull and uninteresting—closing prices were the same as those of yesterday for all futures. There was at one time an advance of about ½c, but it was soon lost. There was a searcity of spot room and but one small charter was reported.

Oats were quiet with no changes of any note.

Provisions were dull throughout. The day was devoid of any special feature and changes experienced in prices were limited.

The tollowing was the range in the leading futures in Chicago today:

WHAT—

Opening. Highest. Closing October.

622

704

705

705

706

CORN—

October.

424

425

425

426

CORN—

October.

426

Avenue.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, MTC.

and titlet; common to fair extra \$3.00\$4.00; good to choice \$4.102,84.90. Wheat, options variable and tregutar, closing steady; spot generally steady and moderately active; No. 2 red Outober \$1.263.52. November \$2.263.22. No. 2 red Outober \$1.263.52. November \$2.263.22. No. 2 October \$2.26. November \$2.263.22. November \$2.26

small bales \$1.10; clover 900; wheat straw balod 80c. Pens.—Stock —

BALITIMORE, October 7—Flour quiet but firm; Howard street and western superfine \$2.37.69.2.70; extra \$3.006.83.60; fmlly \$3.76.82.62; extra \$3.006.83.62; Rio brands \$4.16.69.450. Wheat, southern firm and quiet; western easier and dult; southern red 806.82; amber 2.68.5. No. 1 Maryland —; No. 2 western winter red spot 79.4.60.99. Corn. southern nominally firm but dult; white 50.660; yellow 5.655.

ST. LOUIS, October 7—Flour steady; family \$2.40.682.50; choice \$3.106.83.25; fancy \$3.856.94.15; extra fancy \$3.856.94.85; patents \$3.606.84.00. Wheat, No. 2 red init cash .006.97.14; October 70.5, Corn. No. 2 mixed cash 406.40 4; October 40. November 59. Oats, No. 2 mixed cash 406.40 4; October 24. ChicAGO, October 7—Cash quotations were as follows; Flour quiet; winter wheat \$3.06.84.30; pring wheat \$3.406.425; spring patent \$3.506.84.80; pring wheat \$3.406.425; spring patent \$3.506.84.80; No. 2 spring wheat \$3.406.45.00; No. 2 do. 65; No. 2 red 72%, No. 2 corn 42% bid. No. 2 oats 26.

CINCINNATI, October 7—Flour quiet; family \$3.20.68. 16; fancy \$3.766.83.75. Wheat lower; No. 2 red 734. Corn quiet; No. 2 mixed 45. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 28.

LOUISVILLE, October 7—Grain quiet. Wheat,

new No. 2 red spot 74. Corn. No. 2 mixed 44%; do. white 61. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 27%.

Groceries.

ATIANTA, October 7—Coffee—Firm; in good demand. We quote: Choice 23%c; prime 22%c; good 21%c; fair 20%c; low grade 19c. Sugar—Cut loaf 8%c; powdered 8c; standard granulated 7%c; standard a 6%c; extra 0 6%c; yellow extra 6%c. Styrups—New Orleans 58c; choice 50c; prime 36c; 35c; common 20%25c. Teas—Black 36c; 60c; green 35%60c. Nutnegs 75c; Cloves 35c. Allspice 12%c. Cinnamon 12c. Sago 50c. African ginger 12c. Mace 60c. Pepper 20c. Crackers—Milk 7c; Boston butter 8c; pearl oyster 7%c; X soda 5c; XXX do. 5%c. Candy—Asorted stick 9c. Mackerel — No. 3 bbls \$15.00; 3% bbls \$8.75; kits 50c. Soap \$2.00%55.00 % 100 cakes. Candles — Full weight 11c. Matches — Round wood % gross \$1.15; % 200 \$2.50; % 50; % 400 \$4.50. Soda—in kegs 4%c; in boxes 5%c. Cheese—Cream 18c; factory 14c.

NEWORLEANS, Octobet 7—Coffee, demand light; Rio cargoes common to prime 18% (221%; Sugars 50c. a 10 firm 21cusisans open kettle fully fair to good fair 30%c; off white 6%c6c. 10; choice yellow clarified 6; prime do. 6; seconds 5%c5%. Molasses fi. m; open kettle choice 46; new prime 12c strictly prime 1%c9; good prime 37%g8; common 25%g20f fair 30%3; fair to good demand; Louisians ordinary to prime 1%c9; strictly prime 10%c9; common to good demand; Louisians ordinary to prime 4%c65%. NEW YORK, October 7—Coffee, fair Rio eteady at 4%c65%.

85%.
NEW YORK, October 7—Coffee, fair Rio steady at 19%; options a shade lower and less a tive; No. 7 Rio October 17.15@17.30; November 17.30@17.35; May May 17.20@17.30; Sugar firm; fair to good refining 4%; refined a firm; C 5@53%; extra C 53%; white extra C 53%65 7-16; yellow 43%; off A 53%65 9-16; mould A 6 1-16; standard A 63%66 11-16; confectioners A 6; cut loaf and crushed 63%65%; howevered 65%65%; granulated 6: cubes 65%66%. Molasses quiet; 50-test 19%; extra heavy black strap 113%. Rice steady; domestic 43%653%.
CINCINNATI, October 7—Sugar steady; hards refined 7@73%; New Orleans 43%653%.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, October 7—Provisions steady. Pork. new mess \$14.50. Lard 6.40. Dry sait meats, box d lots shoulders \$237\cong clear 7.50\cong 7.67\cong ribs 7.67\cong 7

cured 12½. Lard, choice leaf 8¾.

CHICAGO, October 7.—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork \$14.50. Lard 6.5% Short ribs loose 7.50. Dry salted shoulders boxed 5.20@5.25; short clear sides boxed 7.75@7.30.

ATLANTA, Octobet 7.—The following are ruling cash prices today: Clear rib sides 8¾c; fat backs 8¾c. Sugar-cured hams 12½@14½c. Lard — Pure leaf, tierces 8¼c; refined 7½c.

CINCINNATI, October 7.—Pork dull at \$14.25. Lard □rm at 6.40@6.45. Bulk meats easy; short ribs 7½. Bacon steady; short ribs 8½; short clear 9¼.

Fruits and Confectioneries. Fruits and Confectionerles.

ATLANTA, October 7— Apples — \$3.50@\$4.00 pbbl. Lemons—\$4.00@\$4.25. Oranges—\$4.50@\$5.00. Occoanuts—7c. Pineapples —None. Bananas—Selected \$1.75@\$2.00; grapes 7%@12\(\frac{1}{2}\)c; grapes 1\(\frac{1}{2}\)ellow 1\(\frac{1}{2}\)circ; grapes 1\(\frac{1}{2}\)ellow 1\(\frac{1}{2}\)ell

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, October 7—Turpentine steady at 29½; rosin firm; strained 75; good strained 80; tar firm at \$1.20; crude turpentine firm; hard \$1.00; yellow dip gl.65; virgin \$1.65.

SAVANNAH, October 7—Turpentine steady at 30½; sales — barrels; rosin steady at 90@97½; sales — barrels. sales — barrels, fosin steady at \$0047/25, sales barrels.

CHARLESTON, October 7 — Turpentine quiet at 20%; rosin dull; good strained 85.

NEW YORK, October 7—Rosin dull at \$1.05@\$1.12½; turpentine steady at 33½33¾.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, October 7—Market steady. Horseahoes \$4.25@\$4.50; mule shoes \$5.25@\$5.50; horsealls 12@20e. Ironbound hames \$3.50. Trace-chains
32@70c. Ames' shovels \$9.00. Spades \$10.00. Wellbuckets \$5.50@\$4.50. Cotton rope 15@16c. Sweed iron
5c; rolled or merchant bar 2% or rate. Cast-steel 10@
12c. Nails, iron, \$2.50; steel \$2.00. Glidden barbed
wirc, galvanized, \$7.50.50. Powder, rifle \$5.00;
blasting \$2.15. Bar lead 7c. Shot \$1.60.

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A BEAUTIFUL set of Solitaire DIAMOND Ear Rings, with every ton of Lump Coal purchased from methis season. We will give you a ticket entitling you to a chance of securing a lovely set of DIAMOND EARRINGS. When you give your order a duplificate of it and a number of same will be dropped into a box at our office, and on the first of next April, at 10 o'clocks. m. a little boy will unsex, and open the box and take therefrom one of the fuplicates, the number of which shall take the Diamonds and the lucky holder can receive the Earrings immediately. This is no lottery or humbur scheme, but a method we have adopted to advertise our magnificent Jellico Parior Coal. We will have the Diamonds on exhibition in a few days.

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RAILROAD SCHEDULE

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA. On and after this date Passenger Trains will run daily, as follows, except those marked ; which are yet Atlanta.

Atlanta, Georgia, Sertember 18, 1887.

Atlanta, Georgia, Sertember 18, 1887. 8:20 am 8:45 pm 4:05 pm 10:08 am 7:55 pm 4:55 pm 10:25 am 10:08 am 8:45 pm 6:30 pm 10:25 pm 10:45 pm 10:45 am 8:45 pm 6:30 pm 10:45 pm 10: Atlanta
Leave Savannah
Leave Millen
Leave Millen
Leave Montgomery via Eufaula
Leave Eufaula
Leave Albany
Leave Columbus
Leave Barnesville
Leave Griffin
Leave Griffin
Leave Hapeville
Arrive at Atlanta
Sleenlug Cars on all picht trai 2:00 pm 3:25 am 9:10 am 5:40 pm 2:27 pm 5:08 am 10:50 am 7:22 pm 4:30 am 7:20 am 4:05 pm 5:41 am 11:31 am 8:00 pm 5:10 am 7:43 am 1:10 pm 5:40 pm 7:15 am 1:15 pm 9:40 pm 7:45 am 9:50 am 1:10 pm

Sleeping Cars on all night trains between Atlanta and Savannah, Savannah and Macon, Savannah and Augusta, Macon and Columbus, Atlanta and Albany.

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ALBERT HOWELL, Union T.eke: Agent, C. mon Depot Atlanta, Ga.

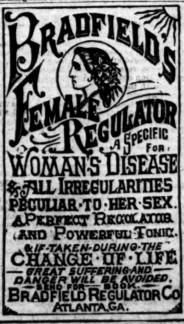
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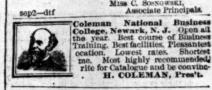
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THE 87th SESSION of the Departments at Athens will begin WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5TH, 1887 TUITION FREE, except in Law department. sept13-d&wk4w LAMAR COBB, Sect'y Board of Trustees.

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TWENTY-FOURTH YEAR BEGINS OCTOBER 4.

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Name this paper.



nnot Ee Settled by the People-The Debate in the House. The house of representatives had before The house of representatives had before yesterday morning the bill of the city count of Atlanta proposing to amend the city chart by providing that, in case Fulton county evoted wet, the sale of liquor in the city should be restricted to certain limits, and fixing tilliense at \$1,500, provided the ameddment we adopted by a vote of the city at its next regillar manifolds election.

THE SQUARE ISSUE

Must Be Made in the Coming

Local Option Fight.

estion of Restriction and Licen-

PROHIBITIONISTS

The debate was an interesting one, Pulton's representatives participating, Messrs. Howell and Well for the bill and Mr. Bray against it. A number of prohibition' leaders were in the gailery, and Dr. Hawthorne was an interested flatener, sitting with Dr. Felton dur-

when the special order was reached Mr. Howell introduced an amenement to the billy which, he said, was in compliance with the acc of the city council, which, at its last meeting, recommended that the bill pass with the amendment, submitting it to the people with the narrow limits instead of the half mile

"I am aware," he continued "that I will have to contend with two things which will seriously interfere with this passage of this bill. First, a very thin house, and second, with the prejudice that never-stops to consider justice, when questions involving that prejudice are being acted on?"

Mr. Howell urged the passage of this bill in the name of the city council of Atlanta, and of the conservative citizens of both sides, who are anxious that this continuous bickering and turmoil should be put at an end. He called attention to the fact that the next local option election was but a little over a month off, that

election was but a little over a month off, that at the last election, the city itself had gone wet by a majority of three hundred. With the sentiment so evenly divided, is was hard to enforce the law as it should be. While 18

the sentiment so evenly divided, is was hard to enforce the law as it should be. While like was an anti-prohibitionist, he believed the law ought to be enforced, and has always favored its strongest and most stringent enforcement. But no man could deny that the law was continually evaded, and that whisky drinking had not been at all diminished. "On account of a great many acts which have been committed during the past two years, the good people of this town have come to the conclusion that they will put a stop to this state of things, and settle this question on a reasonable and just basis at the next election.

"There is scarcely a question," Mr. Howell contined, "as to how Fulton county will go at that election, and it was looking to this end that this bill was introduced providing, in case the county did go wet, a remedy to avoid the unrestricted sale of liquor. All good people inits in this idea, that if the town goes wet the sale of liquor must be put under certain restrictions. If the county goes dry in the next election, the bill in no wise applies, but if goes wet, the bill simply provides that the sale of liquor shall be made under certain restrictions mentioned in the bill, and shall be under direct and close police surveillance. I am an anti-prohibitionist because I believe it is right, but I am not willing that the city shall go back to the unbounded and unrestricted sale of whisky. The conservative element of both sides join in asking you to give them the opportunity to restrict the sale in case the ceunty goes wet. All good men unite in this, but there is a certain class of extrements who will never agree to anything looking to a reasonable and just settlement. Why, in the committee on corporations, when this question was under discussion the committee on corporations, when this question was under discussion prominent minister of the gospel, who has always conspicuously advocated the cause of prohibition, stated that rather than have this certriction bill he would prefer to see the city than the probability of the control of

prohibition, stated that rather than have this restriction bill he would prefer to see the city deluged in whisky by an unrestricted sale! My God, gentlemen! See the spirit that we have to contend against and see the spirit that the good conservative people of this town asks you to meet and cheek. You will be told by my colleague who follows me (Mr. Bray) that neither the prohibitionists nor the anti-prohibitionists want this bill. In reply to this I have only to state that I have yet to find the anti-prohibitionist in this city who is unwilling that the bill should pass with the amendment submitting it to the people."

Here Mr. Howell read a petition signed by a number of business men of Atlanta urging that the bill pass, and promising that in the event it did pass to use all their influence and efforts looking towards the adoption of the amendment by the city. Among the signers to the petition were Gramling & Spalding, R. J. Lowry, T. M. Clarke & Co., D. M. Bain, Alex King, S. B. Hoyt, John Silvey, John Fitten, Julius Brown, Wylyl& Greene, Darwin Jones, Clarence Knowies, Richard Peters, O. C. Fuller, Burton Smith and many others.

"The city council is supposed to remessent."

Darwin Jones, Clarence Knowles, Richard Peters, O. C. Fuller, Burton Smith and many others.

"The city council is supposed to represent the city, and they request that you pass this bill with the amendments. I tell you that the anti-prohibitionists do want the bill passed, for they want to put themselves on record as being in favor of doing what is right, and standing in no way to check the progress or prosperity of the city. They are willing to lay aside their personal preferences in the matter and unite in the harmonious settlement of this question, as every good citizen of Atlanta ought to be. Something was said in the corporation committee about the stand of an organization in this city known as the M. A. B's. It was positively stated by my colleague that they did not want this bill, and he was urgent in proving and showing the committee that this organization represented the wish of the anti-prohibitionists of the city. In reference to this I have only to say that this organization met two nights ago and by a unanimous vote, without a dissenting voice, passed a resolution urging the passage of the bill, with the amendment submitting it to the people. They are heartily in favor of and this action of theirs should redound to their everlasting credit.

"I have lived in Atlanta almost all my life.

credit.

"I have lived in Atlanta almost all my life, and expect to spend the remainder of my days here. Far be it from me to urgeanything that would inure to the injury of Atlanta, but in my heart I believe that this is the proper solution of an ever vexing question, and the basis on which all good citizens can unite in restoring harmony in our city affairs. Give the people the right to say whether they shall restrain the sale of liquor to certain limits or not. Nothing could be fairer than this. I regret that certain gentlemen from the city representing the other side should flatly place their issue on the ground that they are afraid to ge before the people on this question. Fam not afraid to trust the people on it, and I beg you to give them the right to say what they will do on this matter."

At this juncture the time of the speaker expired. Mr. Gardner moved to extend the time, which provailed.
Mr. Howell said that he was aware that there was a great deal-of business-before the house, and while he thanked it, he would not further consume its time at present.

Mr. BRAY OFFORES THE BILL.

MR. BRAY OFFORES THE BILL.

Mr. Bray—'I regret to differ from my colleague. While there is a wide difference between us on this question, there is no personal difference between us.

"Under the general local option law the question was submitted to the voters of Fulton county. The fight was a warm and galiant one and resulted in a majority of 225 for prohibition. That the law has been evaded is no concorn of this body. Bad men will violate the law anywhere. The people of Fulton county settled the question at the polls, and all parties should have grounded their arms. It was not done. Crimination and recrimination were indulged in, injuring the material interests and good locking of the city.

"The people of Fulton county want to stand by the act. The prohibitionists are apposed to the pending bill. Seven-tenths of the antiprohibitionists are opposed to it. I do not speak unadvisedly, but from personal contact with the people. W. R. Hill, of the firm of Cox. Hilf & Thompson, told me: 'You are right.'

"What is high license? It is nothing but high taxation. It violates the spirit of the

What is high license? It is nothing but high taxation. It violates the spirit of the constitution. High license means high dives the celler, but no low dives. It means the to the monied few the right to sell high to sell with the monied few the right to sell with the monied few the monied few the right to sell with the right the rig

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INTYHALL Boys, near of the state of the stat

THE SQUARE ISSUE

Must Be Made in the Coming Local Option Fight.

PROHIBITIONISTS

And the Question of Restriction and License Cannot Re Settled by the People-The Debate in the House.

The house of representatives had before it yesterday morning the bill of the city council of Atlanta proposing to amend the city charter by providing that, in case Tulton county ever voted wet, the sale of liquor in the city should be restricted to certain limits, and fixing the license at \$1,500, provided the ameddment was adopted by a vote of the city at its next regular municipal election. municipal election.

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against it, A number of prohibition leaders
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"There is scarcely a question," Mr. Howell contined, "as to how Fulton county will go at that election, and it was looking to this end that this bill was introduced providing, in case the county did go wet, a remedy to avoid the unrestricted sale of liquor. All good people infite in his idea, that if the town goes wet the sale of liquor must be put under certain restrictions. If the county goes dy in the next election, the bill in no wise applies, but if it goes wet, the bill in new ties applies, but if it goes wet, the bill in the wise applies, but if sies, but I am not willing that the city shall go back to the unbou

case the ceunty goes wet. All good men unite in this, but there is a certain class of extremists who will never agree to anything looking to a reasonable and just settlement. Why, in the committee on corporations, when this question was under discussion a prominent minister of the gospel, who has always conspicuously advocated the cause of prohibition, stated that rather than have this restriction bill he would prefer to see the city deluged in whisky by an unrestricted sale! My God, gentlemen! See the spirit that we have to contend against, and see the spirit that the good conservative people of this town asks you to meet and check. You will be told by my colleague who follows me (Mr. Bray) that neither the prohibitionists nor the anti-prohibitionists want this bill. In reply to this I have only to state that I have yet to find the anti-prohibitionist in this city who is unwilling that the bill should pass with the amendment submitting it to the people."

Here Mr. Howell read a petition signed by a number of business men of Atlanta urging that the bill pass, and promising that in the event it did pass to use all their influence and efforts looking towards the adoption of the amendment by the city. Among the signers to the petition were Gramling & Spalding, R. J. Lowry, T. M. Clarke & Co., D. M. Bain, Alex King, S. B. Hoyt, John Silvey, John Fitten, Julius Brown, Wylyl& Greene, Darwin Jones, Clarence Knowles, Richard Peters, O. C. Fuller, Burton Smith and many others.

"The city council is supposed to represent

Parwin Jones, Clarence Knowles, Richard Peters, O. C. Fuller, Burton Smith and many others.

"The city council is supposed to represent the city, and they request that you pass this bill with the amendments. I tell you that the anti-prohibitionists do want the bill passed, for they want to put themselves on record as being in favor of deing what is right, and standing in no way to check the progress or prosperity of the city. They are willing to lay aside their personal preferences in the matter and unite in the harmonious settlement of this question, as every good citizen of Atlanta ought to be. Something was said in the corporation committee about the stand of an organization in this city known as the M. A. B's. It was positively stated by my colleague that they did not want this bill, and he was urgent in proving and showing the committee that this organization represented the wish of the anti-prohibitionists of the city. In reference to this I have only to say that this organization met two nights ago and by a unanimous vote, without a dissenting voice, passed a resolution urging the passage of the bill, with the amendment submitting it to the people. They are heartily in favor — and this action of theirs should redound to their everlasting credit.

"I have lived in Atlanta almost all my life,

theirs should redound to their everlasting credit.

"I have lived in Atlanta almost all my life, and expect to spend the remainder of my days here. Far be it from me to urge anything that would inure to the injury of Atlanta, but in my heart I believe that this is the proper solution of an eyer vexing question, and the basis on which all good citizens can unite in restoring harmony in our city affairs. Give the people the right to say whether they shall restrain the sale of liquor to certain limits or not. Nothing could be fairer than this. I regret that certain gentlemen from the city representing the other side should flatly place their issue on the ground that they are afraid to go before the people on this question. I am not afraid to trust the people on it, and I beg you to give them the right to say what they will do on this matter."

At this juncture the time of the speaker ex-ired. Mr. Gardner moved to extend the time,

pired. Mr. Gardner moved to extend the time, which prevailed.
Mr. Howell said that he was aware that there was a great deal of business before the house, and while he thanked it, he would not further me its time at present.

MR. BRAY OPPOSES THE BILL.

MR. BRAY OPPOSES THE BILL.

Mr. Bray—"I regret to differ from my colleague. While there is a wide difference between us on this question, there is no personal difference between us.

"Under the general local option law the question was submitted to the voters of Fulton county. The fight was a warm and gallant one and resulted in a majority of 225 for prohibition. That the law has been evaded is no concern of this body. Bad men will violate the law anywhere. The people of Fulton county settled the question at the polls, and all parties should have grounded their arms. It was not done. Crimination and recrimination were indulged in, injuring the material interests and good teeling of the city.

"The people of Fulton county want to stand by the act. The prohibitionists are apposed to the pending bill. Seven-tenths of the anti-prohibitionists are opposed to it. I do not speak unadvisedly, but from personal contact with the people. W. B. Hill, of the firm of Cox, Hill & Thompson, told me: 'You are right.'

"What is high license? It is nothing but

right."
"What is high license? It is nothing but high taxation. It violates the spirit of the constitution. High license means high dives for the cer'er, but no low dives. It means to give to the monied few the right to sell whisky."

Mr. Howell—"Will you explain why you

object to submitting it to a vote of the people?"
Mr. Bray--"I am not opposed to the people voting. But I am opposed to asking a man to make a fool of himself, to stultly himself. The bill is unjust and unequal in its operation. It is legislating for a few and is only a subterfuge. The friends of the bill are not willing to trust the nearly for the result to put It. (high II.) The friends of the bill are not willing to trust the people, for they want to put it (high license) in the organic law. I am not afraid to trast the people, for they will never go back to the unrestricted sale of whisky. The bill is class legislation. I am a democrat and opposed to monopoly of all kinds, especially a menopoly of dives. An election will be held on the 26th of November. I do not want to see Atlanta torn up by two elections, and, the strife continued. I have no doubt about it, for I know and believe that a majority of the people do not want this bill. The prohibitionists are a unit in opposition to the bill. Those antiprofilibitionists, who do not expect to reap a benefit from this monopoly, are not in favor of this bill.

benefit from this monopoly, are not in favor of this bill.

"In the prohibition election, South Bend dis-trict polled 800 votes, whereas her voting strength is 300. This shows that 300 Atlanta votes voted there, and that the prohibitionists had a majority in the city. The vote in the city council was 7 to 6. Mr. Hemphill, a pro-hibitionist, was not there, but dodged the vote."

Mr. Howell—"Mr. Hemphill stated that he

Mr. Howell—"Mr. Hemphill stated that he was not opposed to the amendment submitting tine hill to the people, and when the bill was first before the council he voted for the narrow limits."

Mr. Bray—"Then let him go to council and vote that way. Mr. Dorsey, another prohibitionist, was absent.

"In the canvas for representative I announced my position to be non-interference with the law. The people had passed on it. I am willing to stand by their action. It has been voted out, let it stay out. Let us abide by it in good faith. I have here the petition signed by some five hundred or six hundred of the less citizens of the city, who protest against the passage of this bill."

The petition by the names of P. &. G. T. Dodd, Dr. Hawthorne, Edgar H. Orr, Henry Hillyer, W. T. Goldsmith, and many others.

Mr. Bray, continuing, said that every minister in the city has signed a protest against this bill. They are representative men of their churches.

"The city council don't want it. It is all

bill. They are representative men of their churches.

"The city council don't want it. It is all claptrap. In behalf of the citizens of Atlanta, in behalf of her brave, generous hearted men and bright and chaste women, I call upon you to put your foot down on this measure, undemocratic and unjust.

"The monopoly of whisky is the worst of all." [Applause.]

"The monopoly of whisky is the worst of all."

[Applause.]

MR. WEIL HAS A WORD.

Mr. Weil—"As a representative of Fulton county, I represent the city of Atlanta and pay attention to their requests. This bill has been termed class legislation. It makes no difference who it burts, there is no doubt that the people of Atlanta have the right to vote on it overy two years. The argument was used in the last campaign that certain streets in Atlanta had been deluged with liquor, and it added to their votes. If it is wrong to sell whisky, why object to this bill? It is said that there are milk and cider prohibitionists who will vote for high license, but if the restriction is not made will vote for prohibition.

"A proper license is the idea of the whole country. If you can fix the license at \$500 you can fix it at \$1,500. In a city of the size of Atlanta \$1,500 is no money for a license. The city of Atlanta ought to have whisky for sale. (good whisky,) in her central part, where parties can get it without being forced to go outside where they can only get 'decayed intestine' whisky."

"The law of God and of man is not against pure whisky."

"The law of God and of man is not against pure whisky."

"Atlanta has been injured by the sending of money to Griffin and other places for liquors for those who voted against the sale, (some of them.) purchase it. I sent to a town and got brandy at \$2.50 per gallon that I had to send "Prohibition may do in small towns but not

"Prohibition may do in small towns but not in Atlanta."

"I never drank a glass of corn whisky in my life, and I don't drink beer. The city council worked on the bill for a year. The bill places, the barrooms in the business center, where they ought to be."

At the conclusion of Mr. Weil's remarks, Mr. Lamar called the previous question, which was sustaned.

Mr. Featherstone, chairman pro tem of the committee on corporations, having the right to conclude the debate, stated that he was opposed to the bill, but as the committee's report was favorable, he yielded fifteen minutes of the committee's time to Mr. Howell and five minutes to Mr. Bray.

Mr. Bray—"The bill violates the principles of true democracy, and of popular sovereignty. It is a disturbing element injected into the local option law. The people do not want it. Prohibition has redounded to the moral and material interests of Atlanta. I appeal to prohibitionists to vote down this bill. Take my word for it, Atlanta will never be deluged with whisky. The bill in its operation is practically class legislation. It denies to the poor man what it gives to the rich. There is no danger of invasion from whisky. The people won't vote for high license." [Applause.]

Mr. Howell concluded the debate on the

Mr. Howell concluded the debate on the

Mr. Howell concluded the debate on the question.

He stated that he regretted that his colleague in opposing this bill had enunciated the doctrine that it was undemocratic to submit any question to the people. It was the first time that he had ever heard such a statement on any question involving the right of the people to settle that question thousalves. The bill specially provided that nothing could come of the law until it was first submitted to the people and passed upon by them at their next regular municipal election. It provided for no extra election, but was simply to be voted on for ratification or rejection at the regular municipal election in December.

Before proceeding with the discussion I desire to make a brief statement in reference to a remark made by myself in my first brief talk. I then stated that a prominent minister in this city had said in the committee on corporations that rather than vote for a restriction bill like this, he would prefer to see the city deluged in whisky. I am free to say that that expression was figurative, but it was made directly by inference, for while the gentleman referred to did not use that expression directly, he did so in so many words by stating to the committee that rather than vote for such a bill as this he would prefer to see whisky back in Atlanta like it was before prohibition was adopted. I make this statement in justice to him, because I do not want to quote him wrong. It is merely a play on words, for while he said the latter, he could have only meant the former.

"The bill first restricting the limits was introduced into the council by the prohibitionists, and Messrs. Hemphill, Bell and Rice, all pro-

a play on words, for while he said the latter, he could have only meant the former.

"The bill first restricting the limits was introduced into the council by the prohibitionists, and Messrs. Hemphill, Bell and Rice, all prohibitionists, voted for it, and it was adopted by a prohibition coincil. I urge that the bill be passed with the amendments. This city council is composed of good, honest men, and they have recommended the passage of the bill with these amendments. They are acquainted with the affairs of the city, and they know what they are doing in asking you to pass this bill. The central portion of the city is closely built up and requires diligent police surveil, lance. We simply ask you to give us the right, in case Atlanta goes wet again, to check the unrestricted sale, and confine it to the business part of the city, where it will be under proper police protection. This bill provides that it shall be sold on first floors, with no screens, no games of chance allowed, and the sale of liquer to minors or drunken men forfeits the license. The bill is founded on morality, and on the prohibitionists of the city of Atlanta simply shw that their protense at morality is a fraud, and the trath is not in it. [Applause.]

"I am tired of seeing this city rent from limit to limit by this agritation. I am tired of seeing the houses of good citizens shadowed by detectives who grab innocent men as they march from doorways, and hurrying them to the stationhouse, force them to submit to the indignity of a public search. That is what it has come to in the city of Atlanta. It is time for this hypocrisy to stop! [Applause.] A young man was arrested on the streets, carried to the stationhouse, and publicly searched. A prohibition recorder dismissed the case. Such infamy our people are tired of. Put a stop to this breeding of hypocrites. [Applause.] A prohibition recorder dismissed the case. Such infamy and debased with personal blackguardism. The people will rise against it, and we ask you to help us settle this question o

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COURT AND CAPITOL. What Was Done in the Departments Yesterday.

THE GOVERNOR CONSIDERING EVIDENCE

Governor Gordon was occupied nearly all day yesterday with the convict evidence, reading it carefully in order to arrive at the truth. He found time, however, to attend to a number of other matters, a full account of which will appear below.

which will appear below.

The Governor and His Cabinet.
Governor Gonpon spent most of the day yesterday at the executive mansion, reading over and closely examining the large mass of testimony submitted before him in the convict investigation. Owing to frequent interruptions, it is almost impossible for the governor to give that attention to the matter at his office, and it was because of the great desire to conclude the case, that he remained at home the greater part of the day. He arrived at his office about noon yesterday, and remained there a couple of hours, during which time, he gave audience to a number of people and took action in a number of matters. Later in the afternoon, he again reached his office, and devoted the visit to the signing of bills.

The following bills were approved yesterday afternoon by the governor, the number including nearly all of those sent him by the general assembly, not already signed. The majority are bills purely of a local character, and are of interest only to the people of those sections affected by the provisions of the act. The bills signed were as follows:

An act to amend an act requiring the reads of Rabun, Towns, Uniou, Fannin, Gimer and Pickens to be made fourteen side digging; an act to repeal an act establishing a board of commissioners for Faulding county: a resolution for the payment of mileage for the session of 1887; an act to amend the charler of Warrenton; an act to anthorize and empower the trustees of the Second Presbyterian church, Columbus, to self end on the property taken in troops the fire fusions an act to anthorize and empower the trustees of the Cogregation of Israel of Columbus, to self carian land field by them for church purposes; an act to allow the sale of property taken in troops where neither plaintiff nor defendant replexies in sume way as is provided for in cases of levy under attachment; an act to amend act to anthorize the trustees of the Cogregation of Israel of Columbus, to self certain land field by them for church purposes; an act

COMPTROLLER-GENERAL WRIGHT went before the senate finance committee yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of explaining some of the provisions of the general tax act. Several bills amendatory of the tax act have been introduced, and the comptroller-general's opinion and experience was invoked in the consideration of the questions. The New York Life Insurance company paid to the consideration of the questions. The New York Life Insurance company paid to the comptroller-general, yesterday, \$25, the entire wmount being special tax for agents, save \$6, which was due the office for fees. The comptroller also received the taxes of the Eatonton branch railroad, amounting in all to \$633.73.

The Following officers were commissined yesterday in the executive office: S. P. K. Lance, justice of the peace, for the 1415th district, G. M., Lampkin county; Wm. K. Killian, N. P. and ex-officio J. P., for the 1222d district, G. M., Dade county; Wm. M. Ash, N. P. and ex-officio, J. P. for the 26th district, Banks county; and W. A. Watson, N. P., and ex-officio J. P., for the 28th district, G. M., Banks county. In the adjutant-general's office an election for captain of the Spalding Grays was ordered for November 3d.

The Assurant Hardeman's office was quiet yesterday. There was but little money received from any quarter, and very few warrants paid. The most important warrants were \$100 for W. B. Jones, salary as inspector of fertilizers, and \$10.80 to Colonel John R. Towers, on account of the penitentiary.

In the LAST Beport of Commissioner Henderson, of the agricultural department, considerable space is devoted to the culture and im-

In the Last report of Commissioner Henderson, of the agricultural department, considerable space is devoted to the culture and importance of "peanuts." It seems that during the past few years the department has distributed quite a large amount of seed, and the returns indicate that the variety known as the "Spanish peanut" has done better than any other. The strong points of this variety are its extreme earliness, and the convenient habits of growth of the plant; the pods are also free from "pops," and it is very prolific. A number of testimonials or certificates are printed from various sections in support of the above ceductions. An interesting fact is stated in the report, namely, that the "peanut" or "goober" is a member of the clover family—furnishing both seed and hay.

The County Courthouse.

THE SUPERIOR COURT met yesterday morning and adjourned until the 24th of this month IN THE CRIMINAL BRANCH of the superior court only one case was tried. Henry McCrea, colored, was convicted of burglary, and sentenced to serve ten years in the penitentiary. The court immediately adjourned until October the 24th

ber the 24th.

A surr for divorce was filed vesterday morning in the superior court. Peter Mc-Michael is the petitioner and Harriet McMichael is the respondent. They were married on the 24th of February, 1887, and lived together until the 1st of December, 1886, when she abandoned him, he ayers. Messrs. Cox and Cox are the petitioner's attorneys.

A DAMAGE SUIT was filed yesterday in the city-court by Louis Soloman against the Atlanta Street Railroad company for \$1,000. In May, 1897, he was thrown from the platform and was badly in ured, as he asserts, on account of the careleseness of the company's servant. Messrs. Johnson & Johnson are managing the plaintiff's suit.

The Custom House.

In the United States checult coller, Judge Newman presiding, the cases against persons charged with violating the internal revenue laws were resuned, and a number of them were disposed of.

William B. Jones, of Forsyth county, was tried for illicit distilling and working in an illicit distilling and working in an illicit distillery. He was acquitted.

Seborn J. Lizemore, of Hall county, was convicted of removing raw material, and was sentenced to serve four months in the Fulton county jail and to pay a fine of \$100.

Charles W. Miller, of Haralson county, pleaded guilty to distilling and was sentenced to serve seven months in the Fulton county jail and to pay a fine of \$100.

George W. Miller, of the same county, was tried and convicted of the same offense, and the judge reserved sentence, pending the hearing of a motion for a new trial.

J. H. Smith, of Jackson county, was tried for illicit distilling, working and retailing. He was convicted of the latter offense, and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$100 and to serve four months in the Fulton county jail.

Marcus T. Allen, of White county, was indicted for illicit distilling, working and retailing, and his case was nol pressed by the district attorney.

The case of Hollingsworth and Cowglar vs. the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, suit for damages, was marked settled.

The case of the American Freehold Land and Mortgaga company, of London, England, vs. N. W. P. Bacon and Mary A. Bacon, was settled and stricken off the docket.

The case of Schloss & Co. vs. P. H. Snook was marked settled.

Is the United States has county, pleaded John P. Hale, of Habersham county, pleaded John P. Hale, of Hab

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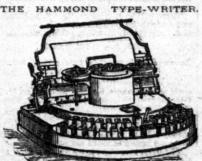
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NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the directors of the Castie Rock Coal Company, of Georgia, it was resolved that the stock of said company be increased from four hundred and eighty shares of the par value of one hundred dollars per share to two thousand shares of the par value of one hundred dollars per share, should the same be approved by the stockholders of said company; as provided in the act approved Pebruary 22, 1877, relating to said company. October 4, 1887.

30 dys JULIUS L. BROWN, President

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guilty to the charge of working in an illicit distillery, and sentence was suspended.
Thomas Garrett, of Fannin county, was tried for working, removing and concealing, and was convicted of working. He was sentenced to serve two months in the Fulton county jail.
Thomas E. Garret, of Fannin county, pleaded guilty to working in an illicit distillery, and was sentenced to serve two months in the Fulton county jail:
Cook Chastina, of Raban county, pleaded guilty to the charge of working in an illicit distillery, and was sentenced to serve two months in the Fulton county jail.
David Coward, of Union county, pleaded guilty to the charge of working in an illicit distillery, and was sentenced to serve two months in the Fulton county jail.
William Coward, of the same county, was convicted of the same offense, and received the same sentence.
Joe Padgett, of Pickens county, was tried

convicted of the same sentence.

Joe Padgett, of Pickens county, was tried on the sharge of illicit distilling and working, and was acquitted.

J. W. Landermilk, of Habersham county, was tried for illicit distilling and working, and was acquitted.

No one knows better than those who have used Carter's Little Liver Pills what relief they have given when taken for dyspepsia, dizziness, pain in the side, constipation, disor-ed stomach, &c. Try them. Plenty for all at Emery's market.

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r sale in Gainesville, Ga., a splendid merchan foring mill, on a main street; roller process of latest pattern, building 70x30 feet; 5 shortes capacity 100 bushels per day) two runs; complete in all departments, tholuding alco-5 come cottage, with new brick store 20x60 feat; on lot of one acre. Price 37,000 cash. If not sold immediately will lease for a long time at 4000 per aunum.

street; 2 cash, tabance I and 2 years, 8 per cent.
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35000 payable \$1000 cash, balanca 1, 2, 3 and 4 years with 8 per cent interest. For five new 4, ect tages, aftrasw couped by good white tenants paying each \$5 is per mouth, in a good quighbortood, one block from car line.

monthly.

Seno for four new 4-r. houses, central, one from car line, all occupied, and now payin monthly, in test renting district in the city section cash for a 4-r. Mills street house, now see for \$7 per month. \$2000 for a new 5-r. cottage, never occupied, half block from W. Peachtree, gas, payed walk.

rictia, Ga., 87 brick residence, finit, mead running water, etc. 60 payable \$500 cash and \$500 a year with cent interest for a new 7 r neatly finished, built residence, 1 block from water-built residence, 1 block from water-built modern conveniences, lot from two say, have and flood, owner a non-resident and must it is now for rent also.

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Daily Weather Bulletin.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A. L. U. S. CUSTON HOUSE, October 7-9 p. m. Observations taken et 9 p. m., central time.

Observations taken et 9 p. m., central time.

STATIONS.	meter	mometer	Point	Direction	Velocity	fail	ther
Pensacola Montgomery New Orleans Galveston Palestine Brownsville Rio Grande Corpus Christi	30.08 29.96 29.78 29.82 29.64	76 70 74 80 74 80 		SE SE SE SE	Light 12 6 8 18 18 14 18		
6 a. m	30.21	55 3	52	SE E	TIONS 9 9	.00	Clear. Fair.
faximum therm finimum thermo Total rainfall	omet omet	er	lt	Bu	lletin.		53
dian time.	100		_	1	0.65	1 100	

ATLANTA DISTRICT,	Min. temp Max. Temp	Rainfall
Atlanta. Ga.	75 53	
Anderson, S. C	78 45	
Cartersville, Ga	76 49	
Columbus, Ga	78 52	
Chattanooga, Tenn	76 47	
Gainesville, Ga	75 46	
Greenville, S. C	78 41	
Griffin, Ga	77 53	
Macon, Ga	80 52	
Newnan, Ga	88 48	.00

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T. Trace of rainfall. FOR COUNCILMAN.

At the solicitation of many of my friends I an ounce myself a candidate for councilman from

THOMPSON-Died, at East Point, Ga., October 7th M. A. E. Thompson and the late Dr. J.D. Thomp MEETINGS.

### GRAND LODGE F. & A. M.,

OFFICE OF GRAND SECRETARY, MACON, Ga., October 1, 1887. Grand Lodge of F. & A. M. for the State of Georgia will assemble in annual communication on Tuesday, the 25th inst., at 10 o'clock a. m., in the Grand Lodge Temple in the city of Macon. Officers nd delegates will take due notice and govern them-A. M. WOLIHIN,

#### THE WEATHER

Is getting cool, and now is the time to look for your Winter Clothing. We have a very nice and well selected stock of all the latest styles, consisting of single and doublebreasted Prince Alberts, 4 button utaway, Straight and Round-cut Sacks. Our clothing, as usual, is made of the very best material, and s the best of workmanship. We have some exclusive patterns in Cutaways, Frocks and Prince Arthurs, to which we call especial attention. A call is respectfully solicited by A. & S. Rosenfeld, 24 Whitehall street, corner Alabama.

Flags! Flags! At John M. Miller's, 31 Marietta street. Nicest and

# POPE, THE HATTER.

Can fit and suit you when you have failed to be fitted and pleased everywhere else.

Big rush for Fresh Fish. Emery's market. President and Mrs. Cleveland.

A large engravine 22x28, very fine, at 25 cts each John M. Miller, 31 M arietta Street.

**HEADQUARTERS** 

Lanterns,

# Decorations.

30 Peachtree St., Atlanta. Have full stock, at very moderate price. Would be quest that all parties desiring to decorate call and unchashe before the

Pledmont Exposition Readquarters.

# MONEY AND A WATCH

Are What a South Georgian Claims to Have Lost.

THE SIDE OF LIFE WHERE SIN EXISTS-Boy Thieves Brought Back From Macon-Dr. Gardner Still in Jail-A Stolen Pony, Etc., Etc.

Youmans, a middle-aged white man, whose Christian name is unknown, but whose home is near Savannah, was successfully worked night before last for forty dollars in hard cash. Youmans reported his loss at police head-quarters yesterday morning.

Night before last, so he claims, he left his head whose whose heads head since Tues-

quarters yesterday morning.

Night before last, so he claims, he left his boardinghouse—where he has been since Tuesday, the date of his arrival in Atlanta, about 11 o'clock—for a walk. Earlier in the night he had gone to bed, but was unable to sleep, and growing extremely restless, had arisen and gone out for a walk. In his stroll he struck Luckie street, and while moving quietly along was suddenly assaulted by two men, one of whom commanded him to be silent and motionless while the other went through him. In one vest pocket he had a fine silver watch, and in another pocket a roll of bills amounting to about forty dollars. Of both watch and bills he was relieved, and then his assailants fled, one going down the street and the other up. In support of his story, Youman's displayed a torn pocket and disordered clothing. The man's story enlisted the attention of Captain Couch, who gave it a careful investigation, but the investigation did not pan out. From all he could gather the captain is of the opinion that Youmans stumped his toe in some wine room, and then staggered off to a vacant lot near the East Tennessee depot, where he sat down to nurse it. There the man went to sleep, and while he was asleep some one explored his pockets and relieved him of his money and watch.

They Were Bound Over.

They Were Bound Over.

W. E. Mitchell, the white man, and Bob Todd, the negro, who were arrested a few nights ago by Mounted Officer Haynes at a drug store on Frazier street, were yesterday bound over by Judge Anderson of police court for larceny from the house. On the night upon which the men were arrested, it will be remembered, a negro woman living on Hunter street, near the new capitol, informed the officer that two men had entered her house and stolen some money and clothing. The officer found two men answering description given by the woman in the drug store and arrested them. At that time there was no evidence against them and in order to detain them, they were booked for disorderly conduct. On the trial in police court a case of larceny from the house was made out and Mitchell was required to give a two hundred dollar bond, while Todd was asked for a one hundred dollar bond. In addition to the charge of larceny from the house established against Mitchell, he was shown to have been quite disorderly, and was fined ten dollars and cost.

Didn't Know That it Was Loaded. J. H. Wallace was arraigned in police court yesterday morning and asked to enter a plea to a charge of drunk on the streets. The evidence overcome his plea of not guilty, and then Wallace was asked to make a statement. He informed Judge Anderson that he had just reached the city when he was seized with a great thirst for something cool. He went into a wineroom and asked for a non-alcoholic, non-intoxicating iceberg in liquid shape. He was intoxicating iceberg, in liquid shape. He was given something which felt cool to his, throat as it went down, but it was too warm for his brain and threw him. He paid three dollars

Her Relatives Want Her.

Mr. A. E. Stokes, clerk of the superior court of Fayette county, came to the city yesterday, and during the day called at police headquarters and requested the police department to look out for a lady who left her home in Fayette county. The lady is about 45 year and and is demented. She has been kept confined by her friends, but a few daye since made her escape, coming in the exection of Atlanta. She was traveling on foot, and when last seen was making her way here by way of the Atlanta and Hawkinsville railroad. She wore a small snawl and a dark colored dress when she left home. She is described as being of medium size, and has light hair and blue eyes Mr. A. E. Stokes, clerk of the superior court

They Have Been Brought Back.

They Have Been Brought Back.

Special Officer Simpson came back from Macon yesterday morning, bringing with him Willie Telfair and Hamp Stewart, the two negro boys who were arrested in that city a few days ago on a telegram from Chief of Police Connolly. The boys are said to be guilty of stealing the pocketbook from Mrs. Buckner in Rich's dry goods store a few days ago. Colonel Wiley, chief of police in Macon, now has in enstedy a boy in whose possession was found an open-face gold watch and a

Cantain Ed Cox's Small Pony.

Captain Ed Cox, that liveryman just across Pryor street from police headquarters, went to police headquarters yesterday morning and posted a description of a sorrel pony which was stolen from him. Captain Cox describes the pony's age by saying: "He is the same one Noah had in the ark."

Where Are the Breeches?

A negro woman called at police headquarters yesterday morning and asked for the arrest of Lewis Flemister, a negro, saying that he had stolen a pair ol breeches. Call Officer Thompson went out on Peters street and, after quite a chase, captured the boy. He was booked for larceny and locked up.

He Sold Liquor in Paulding.

A few days ago a description was received at police headquarters from Paulding county. It was of Henry Rosson, a white man, who is charged with selling liquor near Dallas. Yesterday Stationhouse Keeper Wright arrested Resson and locked him up. He will be held until an officer can come for him.

The Cow Gone Away.

C. T. Wilson, whose home is at No. 57 Tat-nall street, called at police headquarters yes-terday morning and left the description of a cow which left his home Thursday night. Mr. Wilson thinks the cow was stolen.

Where is His Horse?

M. M. Turner, a DeKalb county citizen, described a horse yesterday on the books at pelice headquarters. The horse was taken from Mr. Turner's place Thursday night, and he thinks it was stolen.

He is Still in Jail. Dr. Gardner has not succeeded in making bond and is still confined in the Fulton county jail, as also is Mary Hunt, the negro girl. The doctor has been expecting to make bond for two days past, but was disappointed again yes-

Doing Like Other Folks.

Chief of Police Connolly tapped the contingent fund yesterday and went out on a shopping trip. He purchased something less than a million flags, and will decorate police head-quarters in national colors.

They Were Locked Up. George Canley, a negro charged with lar-ceny, and Harrison Thomas, a suspect, were given cells in the city prison yesterday.

The Best External Bemedy. HALRY'S, MARION Co., ALA., Dec. 22, 1885. Allcock's Porous Plasters are a most in-valuable household remedy. They do all that is claimed for them. I sell many hundreds every year, and every day I hear of their curing coughs and colds, diseases of the spine, liver, and ague cake; in fact, there is no disease that can be reached by an external application that they do not cure.

News From Mississippi.

C:ARKSDALE, Miss, Abril 2: 1886.—This is to certify that I have been using Hawkes's crystalized speciacles, and am convinced that they are the most satisfactory glasses I have ever tried. My eyes have been greatly benefitted by their use.

E. A. Davilson, of Clarksville Banner.

We concur in the above.

J. W. Honnoll.

F. P., Clarksdele circuit,
N. W. LEE,
County Superintendent Public Education.

A. K. Bawkes, Outleian, 19 Decatur.

MILLER ON THE SITUATION. New Plan by Which the State Road Can

Yesterday a party of gentlemen were in the comptroller-general's office discussing the measures before the legislature. The State road was the principal topic of discussion, and the following plan of Dr. H. V. M. Miller was listened to with attention, and provoked favorable comment:

road was the principatopic of discussion, and the following plan of Dr. H. V. M. Miller was listened to with attention, and provoked favorable comment:

"The solution of the whole problem," said Dr. Miller, "in my opinion is not to lease or sell the road. The people are divided on the subject, and neither one of these plans will give complete and general satisfaction.

"What would you do with it, dector?"

"Why, I would turn it over to the railroad commission and let that body operate it. It would then be operated for the benefit of the people, and the commission could very well attend to the road by the general assembly delegating the power and authority to do so. Operated in this way, the road would be taken out of politics, where it has been a disturbing element for years, and is likely to continue so under its present existence. So operated, its accurate value could be soon ascertained, and the original purpose for which the road was built, namely, to cheapen the freight coming into Georgia from the west, for the benefit of the people of the state, would be still adhered to and pursued."

"In addition to all this," continued Dr. Miller, "the road ought to be double-tracked between Atlanta and Marietta, such running arrangements made with the Marietta and North Georgia road, as will give it the benefit and use of one of the tracks, upon payment of a certain rental; and in this way a new outlet will be opened up through northeast Georgia to Knoxville in Tennessee, developing a fine section of country, and giving to the people of the state all the advantages and benefits of a connection in that direction."

"This is the best thing to be done with the State road," said Dr. Miller, and the suggestion that he made seemed to make a decidedly favorable impression upon the coterie of gentlemen of which he was the centre.

THOSE WONDERFUL HORSES

Still Draw Good Houses at DeGive's Opera House.

You have no doubt read "Gulliver's Travels," and his tales of the strange land where horses reigned and men were inferior beings, and where the horses governed their country with a skill and a wisdom which is not always

with a skill and a wisdom which is not always found on this earth.

All this, doubtless, seemed very queer and wonderful to you, but if you had been at the opera house this week, and if you had seen Bristol's scholars, you would believe easier in the possibility of a horse republic. You would have seen these animals display intelligence, and discernment, not always found in men, and you would have exclaimed, "wonderful, indeed!"

indeed!"
Yes, it is wonderful and well-deserving of the study of the thinker. That military drill, in line by one, by two, by four, this pivoting on one end, these evolutions concentric and executric, all made with a perfect order, without errors, without a word to direct the leaders, all that is enough to convince one that intelligence, judgment, power of reasoning are not the attributes of man alone. Not a single person who can afford it ought to miss that great exhibition when interest and fun are so agreeably mixed together.

that great exhibition when interest and fun are so agreeably mixed together.

There was a good audience at yesterday's matinee and the ladies and children, who were ou in large numbers, were captivated by the beautiful animals. At the conclusion of the matinee the performers held a reception on the stage and all were given an opportunity to inspect the beautiful animals.

There will be another matinee this afternoon and tonight the engagement will come to an

and tonight the engagement will come to an end. Everybody should see this exhibition.

THE BICYCLE RACES.

Arrangements for this Interesting Feature About Completed.

About Completed.

The club committee have about completed their arrangements for the races. Mr. D. B. Osborne will be referee, Mr. Chas. H. Freyer judge, Mr. C. H. Smith, of Chicago, clerk of the course. Mr. Jim Freeman and Colonel W. S. Moore will hold the watches and time the speedy riders. With this list of officers the races are bound to move smoothly.

The boys, too, will have a chance, as a race has been arranged for them, and two handsome medals will be given those fortunate enough to come in first.

score cards, with the names of riders and

Soore cards, with the names of riders and their numbers properly arranged, will be sold on the ground. The races can thus be better followed and the interest enhanced when the identity of each rider is known.

The visiting wheelmen will be received at the club room and every attention paid them. A grand excursion is now being arranged, the particulars of which will be given later.

The combination, proportion, and process in

preparing Hood's Sarsaparilla are peculiar to this medicine, and unknown to others.

The above favorite and beautiful young The above favorite and beautiful young star will open next week on Monday night in her new London play, "Excitement." The New York World thus appreciated her acting in that city:

Among the many productions the metropolitan has seen the present season for originality of plot, novelty, fine acting, and beautiful scenery, that of "The Herothe in flags" is possibly just one step ahead. Florence J. Bindley, although the smallest, and, we may say, the youngest star actress now on the American stage. Is brimful of talent. Possessed by nature with beauty, grace, and a voice full of sweetness, besides being a thorough mistress of the dramatic state, she has mastered every stage accomplishment that is known to the present decade. In fact, she is a whole show by herself.—World.

A Pair of Bright Eyes.

A Pair of Dright Lyes.

If you would retain the brilliancy and luster of the eye until extreme old age, do not wear worthless and fil fitting glasses, but call upon A. K. Hawkes, optician, and precure a pair of his brilliant lenses, which will enable you to see as in youth, His glasses have a world wide reputation.

Decorations.

Get your Flags from John M. Miller, 31 Marietta
All a zes and prices.

A full line of Underwear in White, Red and Colored at popular prices at A. & S. Rosenfeld's, 24 Whitehall street, corner Alabama.

President and Mrs. Cleveland.

# POPE, THE HATTER,

The only Exclusive Hat Store in

Gulf Fish, wholesale, at Emery's market.

Bargains in Wall Paper.

Having bought the entire stock of wall paper at No. 52 South Broad street at sheriff sale, I can give 65 per cent off of original cost, Come! Come! A. B. Green, agent, 52 South Broad street. McNeal's old stand.

## POPE, THE HATTER,

My Hats are made by the Best Manufacturers in the United States. Expressly for MY OWN TRADE. and are Superior in quality, and more elegant in Style, to many which are sold in this and other markets for First Class Hats, "So

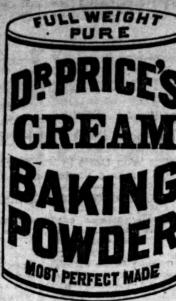
Chinese Lanterns
For illuminations. All sizes and shaps and prices
at John M. Miller's, 31 Marketa street.

Beware of Counterfeits. none genuine unless stamped on the frem; and an not supplied to peddlers at any price. A. Hawkes, optician, 19 Decatur street, Atlanta.

#### POPE, THE HATTER, A larger and finer Stock of Hats

than is be found in in any three Houses in Atlanta.

PRICE'S BARING POWDER,



Alum. Sold only in Caus.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
ST. LOUIS.

ATLANTA, October 6.

Order of circuits, with the number of cases r ATLANTA CIRCUIT.

NEW YORK. CHICAGO. 5 or 8p fol and n r m last p wk

TATLANTA CIRCUIT.

O. 1. Argument concluded.
O. 27. Kenney vs. Colher, ex'r et al. Complaint, from Fulton. Argued. John C. Reed; W. T. Moyers, for plaintiffs in error. Hoke & Burton Smith, for defendants.
O. 28. Bowe et al. vs. Dotterer, trustee, et al. Complaint, from City Court of Atlanta. Argued. Well & Brandt, for plaintiffs in error. Harrison & Peeples; F. H. Miller, for defendants.
O. 29. Crookett vs. State. Arson, from Fulton. Argued. R. J. Jordan, for plaintiff in error. C. D. Hill, sol. gen'l, for the state.
O. 30. Phillips vs. Dewald. Case, from City Court of Atlanta. W. R. Hodgson; Broyles & Johnston, for plaintiff in error. Weil & Brandt, for defendant. Pending argument of Mr. Brandt, the court adjourned to ten o'clock this morning.

Do not despair of curing your sick headache when you can so easily obtain Carter's Little Liver Pills. They will effect a prompt and permanent cure. Their action is mild and

Place your orders at Emery's Fish market.

## POPE THE HATTER.

Finest Stock of Hats ever brought to this market.

A new manufacturing industry has been recently started at 104-Peachtree street, by S. J. Morrow, of Orlando, Fin. The goods are an odocless disinfectant, which, judging from the indorsements, especially of Mr. S. H. Phelan, who has tested it in the closets on the Piedmont grounds, must be a very superior article, inasmuch as there are no waterworks or sewerage on the grounds. The questions of purifying the closets is a very important one, and should receive careful attention. Visitors from abroad should not be compelled to inhale foul bodors when a remedy of such apparent merits is to be had. It is to be hoped that Mr. Morrow will meet with the success his goods seem to warrant, and we welcome him as a permanent resident of our city.

## POPE, THE HATTER.

100 dozen Latest Fall Style Stiff Hats in Black, Brown, Gold Brown, Nut Brown, Hazel Brown and all the New Colors.

Best to be had at Emery's market.

To the Singers of Atlanta and Neighboring Cities. Cities.

A cordial invitation is extended to the singers of Atlanta and neighboring towns, especially members of choirs, to take partas a chorus in singing the "Dedication Hymn," written for the Fiedmont exposition by Charles W. Hubner. It is intended to make this the great musical feature of the first day's programme. Mr. Sam Bradley, of this city, will be musical director. It is expected that a chorus of over one hundred trained voices will participate. All who wish to offer their services to make this occasion a brilliant success are requested to send in their names to Mr. Bradley at once, in order that the chorus may be organized and rehearsals be held without further delay. Members of the chorus will be entitled to free admission and transportation on the opening day to the exposition, and will be furnished with appropriate badges.

### POPE, THE HATTER. Immense Stock of Boys' Hats in

Derby Felt and Cloth Hats.

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.

We have an unusually large line of children's clothing in medium and fine at very low figures. An examination is respectfully solicited by A. & S. Rosenfeld.

#### G. W. ADAIR, Real Estate.

I am having a good demand for property now, and ook for a lively fall trade. I have a choice list of property, a good conveyance and am always ready to go with customers and take every pains to suit them in homes or investments. them in homes or investments.
It is unnecessary to publish a long list of property in my hand. I mention only a few;
I have an elegant large residence on Houston street, near Peachtree street.
A splendid corner on Whitehall, near in, at \$6.000.

Two nice little cottages near Air-Line shops, on Randolph street. A good renting property. A nice five room house on Rawson street, near

A nice five room house on Rawson street, near
Crew street.
Two houses close in, on Church street.
A splendid residence on Luckie street.
A coay cottage on Wheat street, near Young Men's
Caristian association building. At a sacrifice.
A nice yacant lot on Simpson street, near railroad,
A vacant lot corner Boulevard and Irwin street,
I have quite a large list of places on the Georgia
Pacific milroad, in Edgewood, Kirkwood and De-I have a large list of property on and near Peach

I have any kind of property you want, and if you will come I will go out with you and show you

WOLFE'S AUCTION HOUSE WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A CONSI-ment of 4,200 pleces of pawabroker and cac a large stock of notions.

Now is the time to buy bargains at

NOW is the time to buy bargains at

WOLFE'S AUCTION HOUSE,

98 Whitehall Street.

Auction sales promptly attended to Money advanced on consignments,

Sth page—lyr.

CLOTHING AND UBNTS' PURNISHING. WE HAVE STUDIED THE WANTS OF THE CLOTHING BUYERS

OUR STORE CROWDED WITH FALL AND WINTER NOVELTIES

MEN'S, BOY'S, AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.

Immemse Stock! Correct Styles! Low Prices!

We are showing a Choice Selection of Goods in Our Tailoring Department. Your inspection invited.

HIRSCH BROS.,

Clothiers, Tailors and Furnishers. 42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET.



MAXWELL'S GIN SAW GUMMER GENERAL MILL FURNISHERS Iron Working Machinery, Machinists' Tools, Engineers' Supplies, Belting,

Hose and Packing, Wrought Iron Pipe Fittings and Brass Goods, 62 SOUTH BROAD STREET, ATLANTA.

RAILWAY SUPPLIES. Whether you wish to buy, sell or trade, it will pay you to write us for full particulars.

WALKLEY & CO.,

≪Brokers in Second-Hand Railway Equipment, >> No. 10 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Have Always for Sale for Cash, or on Easy Terms on Car Trust, or Will Exchange for Good Securities, a BOX, FLAT, GONDOLA, STOCK AND REFRIGERATOR CARS we sa las p Also, PASSENGER AND COMBINATION CARS AND LOCOMOTIVES

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS

MANUFACTORY, BALTIMORE, 14 S. Howard street,

WASHINGTON, D.C. Cor. 7th and E. Steets.

17 & 19 Whitehall St.

THE LEADING CLOTH, ERS, TAILORS,

> HATTERS, FURNISHERS.

We are the Unly Manufacturers OF CLOTHING IN THE STATE.

We are sole agents for the

Celebrated Taylor Hat.

17 and 19 WHITEHALL STREET.

EISEMAN BROS.,

VOL. XIX.

JOHN KEELY'S

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS DEPARTMNET

Is Having a Boom.

Blankets for 50 cents Each! Blankets for \$15.00 a Pair!

Blankets for Boarding Houses! Blankets for Hotels! Blankets for Private Houses!

Blankets of Every Description! 10-4 Blankets, all grades! 11-4 Blankets, all grades! 12-4 Blankets, all grades!

Blankets for rich people! Blankets for poor people! Blankets for everybody! It is no exaggeration to say that

6,000 Pairs of Blankets In this house today. There are two

FULL OF THEM! Bleached Table Linens in 23 differ-

Linen Table Cloth goods, from 25 cents to \$2.50 a yard!

Turkey Red Table Linens, 20 dif-

ent qualities?

ferent qualities! The largest stock of Table Linens, Towels, Doylies, Napkins, Crashes, Diapers, etc., in Atlanta.

Sheelings, Pillow Cases. Etc. 1

They are 9-4, 10-4, 11-4 and 12-4!
They are in both Eleached and Brown!
The best value in the south!
The best assortment in Atlanta!
A fine line of Pillow Casings, embracing everything desired.
It is not surprising that with such It is not surprising that with such

a stock as the above, this class of

## goods is "Having a Boom," BED COMFORTS

Bed Comforts, literally by the thousand! Comforts for single beds!

Comforts for double beds! Low priced Comforts and fine Comforts! Calico comforts and Percale Comforts!

Cretonne Comforts and Sateen Comforts! Comforts at any price! Comforts at every price!

JOHN KEELY'S.

58